ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT



FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Prepared by: The Finance Department

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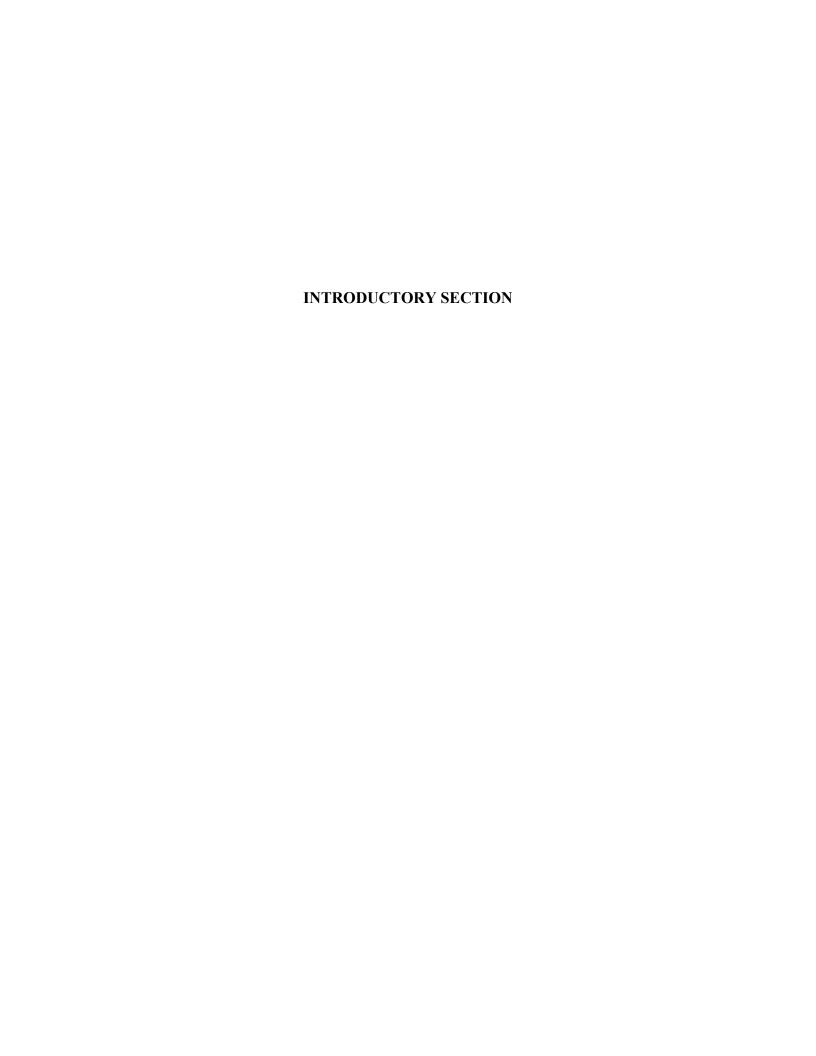
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Elected and Appointed Officers and Officials

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024

Mayor

Scott Wehrli

Council

Patrick Kelly Ian Holzhauer
Allison Longenbaugh Paul Leong
Jennifer Bruzan Taylor Josh McBroom
Nate Wilson Dr. Benjamin White

City Manager

Douglas A. Krieger

Deputy City Manager

Pam Gallahue PhD

Community Services DirectorFinance DirectorMelanie MarcordesRaymond Munch

Chief of Police Fire Chief

Jason Arres Mark J. Puknaitis

<u>Director of Public Works</u> <u>Director of T.E.D. Business Group</u>

Richard E. Dublinski William J. Novack

<u>Director of Public Utilities – Director of Public Utilities – </u>

Electric Water

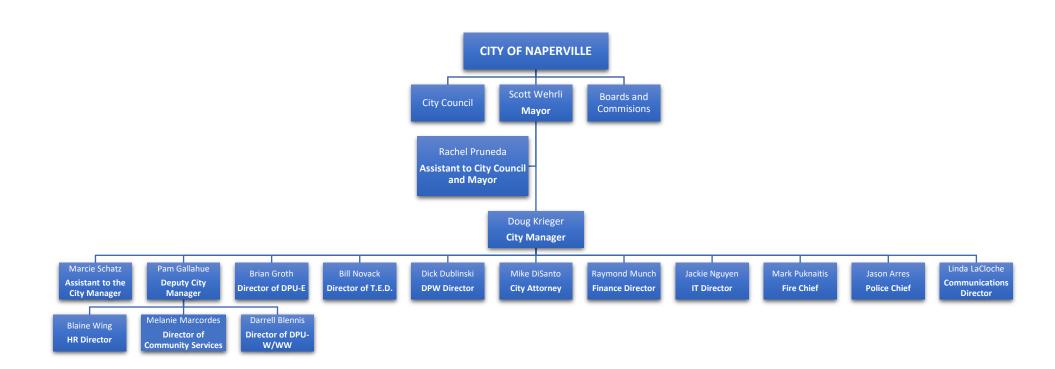
Brian Groth Darrell Blenniss

Director of Human Resources City Attorney

Blaine Wing Michael DiSanto

<u>Director of IT</u> <u>Communication Director</u>

Jackie Nguyen Linda LaCloche





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Naperville Illinois

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2023

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

Letter of Transmittal



June 27, 2025

Honorable Mayor Scott Wehrli, City Council, and Residents of the City of Naperville:

We are pleased to submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the City of Naperville for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2024. State law and local ordinances require that we publish a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Naperville. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, the management of the City of Naperville has established a comprehensive framework of internal controls that are designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Naperville's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Naperville's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City of Naperville's basic financial statements have been audited by Sikich CPA LLC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, with the goal of providing reasonable assurance that the basic financial statements of the City of Naperville for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall basic financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based on the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Naperville's basic financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report. The independent audit of the basic financial statements of the City of Naperville was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements but also on the audited

Letter of Transmittal

government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements involving the administration of federal grants. These reports are available in the City of Naperville's separately issued Single Audit Report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Naperville's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

The City of Naperville, incorporated in 1857, is located in the northeastern part of Illinois. The City of Naperville currently occupies a land area of approximately 40 square miles and serves a population of 150,245. The City of Naperville is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries. It is also empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which has occurred periodically when deemed appropriate by the City Council.

The City has operated under the Council-Manager form of government since 1969. Policymaking and legislative authority are vested in the City Council, which consists of a mayor and eight council members. The City Council sets policy for the City, passes ordinances, adopts resolutions and the annual budget, and approves all expenditures. The mayor and the council members are elected at large on a non-partisan basis.

The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Council, overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City, and appointing the directors of the City's departments.

The City includes all the funds of the primary government (i.e., the City of Naperville as legally defined), as well as its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the City is financially accountable. The City provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection; refuse and recycling services; planning and development review; and construction and maintenance of highways, streets, and other infrastructure, as well as water, wastewater, and electric utilities.

The utility funds, providing electricity, water, and wastewater services, are reported as enterprise funds of the City. In addition, the Solid Waste Fund and Commuter Parking Fund are treated as enterprise funds, due to the business-like nature of their operations. Discretely presented component units are reported as a separate column in the basic financial statements to emphasize that these funds are legally separate from the primary government and to differentiate their financial position, changes in financial position, and cash flows from those of the primary government. The Naperville Public Library is reported as a discretely presented component unit.

Letter of Transmittal

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Naperville's financial planning and control. All departments of the City of Naperville are required to submit requests for expenditure to the City Manager, who then uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. The City Manager then presents this proposed budget to the City Council for review, public hearing, and adoption before the City's fiscal year-end. The budget year begins on January 1 and ends on December 31 of the same year. The annual budget is prepared by fund and department (e.g., police, fire, public works, etc.). Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each governmental fund for which an annual budget has been adopted.

In accordance with the City's policies, the City will pass a structurally balanced operating budget each year, defined as a budget where total expected revenues are equal to total planned spending. If necessary, the fund balance may be appropriated by Council authority, and the appropriation shall be limited to the amount by which the fund balance is estimated to exceed the 20% reserve requirement in the General Fund and the 30-day reserve requirement in the Utility Funds at the beginning of the budget year. At any time in any budget year, the governing body may make supplemental appropriations to meet a pressing need for public expenditure. Such appropriation shall be adopted by the favorable votes of at least a majority of the City Council. The total amount of all such appropriations made in any budget year shall not exceed the sum of unanticipated actual revenue in excess of the budget estimates, plus transfers from other appropriations and the fund balance.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is best understood when considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of Naperville operates.

For 30 years, the City has maintained a AAA bond rating and managed its finances to support a consistently low property tax rate while providing high-quality services to the community. Following several decades of rapid growth beginning in the 1980s, the City transitioned to a maintenance community in the 2010s. As the expansion of revenue streams fueled by development waned, the City experienced depleted cash reserves and increased reliance on borrowing for infrastructure maintenance projects.

In 2016, the City Council developed and passed a financial strategy that put the City on a road to long-term financial stability, understanding that any future growth would involve limited infill versus expansion and that assets developed in Naperville's growth phase would require more extensive maintenance in the coming decades as those assets aged.

As part of this renewed financial management and planning, the City Council established the following three financial principles as a guideline for the long-term financial stability of the community.

Letter of Transmittal

Principle #1

• The City will pass a structurally balanced operating budget annually

Principle #2

 The City commits to continuous improvement in the delivery of necessary and costeffective services

Principle #3

• The City will actively seek to increase its reserves to twenty-five percent (25%) and reduce its debt by twenty-five percent (25%) in the next eight years.

Since their adoption, these principles have guided the City's financial planning and budgeting, and financial decisions have consistently been tested against these principles. The City achieved the goals established in Principle #3 in 2022 and has continued to increase cash balances and reduce debt annually. The impact of the City's active financial management can be seen in the reaffirmation of the City's AAA credit rating by Moody's and Standard & Poor's in May 2025. Both rating agencies cite the City's strong fiscal management as one of the driving factors in its AAA rating.

The City has utilized its strong fiscal management strategies to navigate the persistent challenges at the local, national and global level, including inflation and labor costs. The City has realized strong revenues, which have allowed for continued investment in public services and infrastructure. Through strong budgetary controls and strategic financial management, the City realized a General Fund surplus of nearly \$4.5M as of December 31, 2024.

The City continuously monitors the financial climate at the state and federal levels and takes a conservative approach to financial planning. At the federal level, the City monitors those factors that directly impact Naperville, including changes in monetary policy and legislation that could have impacts on City revenues and expenditures. Although the State of Illinois is more financially stable than in previous years, it continues to be an external risk to the City's financial stability. The state's overall financial status and political actions impact Naperville in several ways, including reductions to intergovernmental revenue, potential for higher borrowing costs, unfunded mandates, and economic development challenges.

Despite this uncertainty created at other levels of government, the City continues to enjoy a strong local economy. Naperville continues to see consistent retail and restaurant sales that generate significant sales tax revenue. Developers continue to look at Naperville as a destination for business, including the new Block 59 dining and entertainment district. These trends, when combined with the City's strong balance sheet, show Naperville has established a stable financial status. That said, the City will continue financial planning so that it may be prepared to react to volatility while investing in the community's future.

Letter of Transmittal

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Naperville for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2023. This was the 31st consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR according to guidelines established by GFOA. This report satisfies both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for one year. We believe that our current ACFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, the City has been awarded the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document dated January 1, 2025. The City has received this prestigious award for 32 consecutive years. To qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, a government's budget document must be judged to be proficient in several categories, including policy documentation, financial planning, and organization.

The preparation of these reports would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire City of Naperville Finance Department. We would like to express our appreciation to all department members who contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit should also be given to City leadership, including the City Council, department heads, and their staff, for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of Naperville's finances throughout this reporting period.

Respectfully submitted,

Douglas A. Krieger

City Manager

Raymond Munch Director of Finance





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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor Members of the City Council City of Naperville 400 South Eagle Street Naperville, Illinois 60540

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Naperville, Illinois (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Firefighters' Pension Fund of the City which represents 20%, 23%, and 7% of the assets, fund balances/net position, and revenue/additions, respectively, of the aggregate remaining fund information of the City. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Firefighters' Pension Fund of the City is based on the report of the other auditors.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Naperville, Illinois, as of December 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under these standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

The Firefighters' Pension Fund (fiduciary component unit), the Police Pension Fund (fiduciary component unit), and the Naperville Public Library (discretely presented component unit) were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We and the other auditors do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated June 27, 2025, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sikich CPA LLC

Naperville, Illinois June 27, 2025



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Mayor and City Council City of Naperville, Illinois

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Naperville, Illinois (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 27, 2025. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Firefighters' Pension Fund, as described in our report on City of Naperville, Illinois' financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors. The financial statements of the Naperville Police Pension Fund and the Naperville Public Library were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, and accordingly, this report does not include reporting on internal control over financial reporting or instances of reportable noncompliance associated with the Naperville Police Pension Fund or the Naperville Public Library.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness. We identified a deficiency in internal control, described in the separately issued schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2024-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the separately issued schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of the Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sikich CPA LLC

Naperville, Illinois June 27, 2025

GENERAL PURPOSE EXTERNAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The City of Naperville's ("the City") Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to achieve the following:

- assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues;
- provide an overview of the City's financial activity;
- identify changes in the City's financial position (its ability to address subsequent year's challenges);
- identify material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget); and
- identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Since the MD&A is designed to focus on the current fiscal year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the City's basic financial statements beginning on page 7.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$943.3 million (net position) as of December 31, 2024.
- The City's total net position for the fiscal year increased by \$870,000, or 0.1%. The governmental net position decreased by \$7.2 million, or 1.6%, and the business-type net position increased by \$8 million, or 1.7%.
- The City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$151.4 million. The General Fund accounted for \$85.47 million, or 56.5%, of the total. The General Fund ending balance increased by \$5.7 million, or 7.1%, from the previous reporting period.
- The City issued \$19.1 million in General Obligation bonds while paying down \$12.6 million in existing debt, resulting in total outstanding bonded debt of \$89.7 million.
- Net position in the City's pension trust funds increased by \$47.4 million, or 9.7.%, due to investment gains and an appreciation in the market value of investments.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the basic financial statements. The City of Naperville's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (see pages 7-10) are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The focus of the Statement of Net Position (the Unrestricted Net Position) is designed to be similar to bottom-line results for the City and its governmental and business-type activities. This statement combines and consolidates the governmental fund's current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The Statement of Activities is focused on both the gross and net cost of various activities (including governmental and business-type), which are supported by the government's general taxes and other resources. This is intended to summarize and simplify the user's analysis of the cost of various governmental services and/or subsidies to various business-type activities and/or the component unit.

Governmental activities reflect the City's basic services, including public safety, transportation, general government administration, physical environment, culture, and recreation. Taxes on property, shared state sales, local utility, and shared state income taxes finance most of these services. The business-type activities reflect private sector-type operations (Electric, Water and Wastewater, Solid Waste, and Commuter Parking), where service fees typically cover all or most of the cost of operation, including depreciation.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government) but also a legally separate unit, Naperville Public Library, for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains 24 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Capital Projects Fund, and Debt Service Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 21 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation as nonmajor funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The City adopts an annual budget for its General Fund and most other governmental funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been disclosed to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 11-14 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its Electric Utility, Water and Wastewater Utility, solid waste, and commuter parking operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its self-insurance activities. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental functions, they have been allocated to the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Electric Utility, Water and Wastewater Utility, solid waste, and commuter parking operations. The Electric Utility Funds and the Water and Wastewater Utility Funds both are major funds of the City.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-19 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 20-21 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 22-76 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the budgetary comparison to actual experience for the General Fund, as well as the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other post-employment benefits (OPEB) to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 77-90 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Statement of Net Position

The City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$943.3 million as of December 31, 2024. By far the largest portion of the City's net position, at \$875.8 million, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, infrastructure, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional \$37.7 million of the City's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of the unrestricted net position at \$29.8 million may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The following table presents a condensed summary of Net Position as of December 31, 2024, and December 31, 2023:

	Net Position (in Millions)						
	Governmental			Business-type			
		Activi	ties	Activities		Total	
		2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
					0.5.0		
Current and Other Assets	\$	228.0	238.6	95.8	85.8	323.8	324.4
Capital Assets		508.6	495.3	476.7	453.1	985.3	948.4
Total Assets		736.6	733.9	572.5	538.9	1,309.1	1,272.8
Deferred Outflows		45.1	58.3	7.8	11.7	52.9	70.0
Total Assets/Deferred Outflows		781.6	792.2	580.4	550.6	1,362.0	1,342.9
Long-Term Liabilities		249.1	254.1	56.3	39.2	305.3	293.3
Other Liabilities		25.1	23.8	31.0	26.3	56.1	50.1
Total Liabilities		274.2	278.0	87.3	65.5	361.5	343.5
Deferred Inflows		56.8	56.4	0.4	0.5	57.2	57.0
Total Liabilities/Deferred Inflows		331.0	334.4	87.8	66.1	418.7	400.4
Net Position							
Net Investment in Capital Assets		446.6	424.7	429.2	422.7	875.8	847.4
Restricted		37.7	35.9	-	-	37.7	35.9
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(33.6)	(2.7)	63.4	61.8	29.8	59.1
Total Net Position		450.7	457.8	492.6	484.6	943.3	942.4

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Normal Impacts

Five basic (normal) transactions will affect the comparability of the Statement of Net Position summary presentation.

Net-Results of Activities – This will impact (increase/decrease) current assets and unrestricted net position.

Borrowing for Capital – This will increase current assets and long-term debt.

Spending Borrowed Proceeds on New Capital – This will reduce current assets and increase capital assets. There is a second impact, an increase in investment in capital assets and an increase in related net debt which will not change net investment in capital assets.

Principal Payment on Debt – This will reduce current assets and reduce long-term debt, and reduce unrestricted net position and increase net investment in capital assets.

Reduction of Capital Assets through Depreciation – This will reduce capital assets and net investment in capital assets.

Current Year Impacts

During the current fiscal year, the total unrestricted net position changed to \$29.8 million compared to \$59.1 million the prior year. As of December 31, 2024, the City reported positive balances in two of the three categories of net position for governmental activities. For business-type activities, the City reported positive balances in all categories of net position.

The deficit in unrestricted net position for governmental activities is the result of the net pension liabilities and related activity for the City's Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund, Police Pension Fund, and Firefighters' Pension Fund. It also relates to the increase in the compensated absences liability and the decrease in the net position of the internal services funds, which impacts governmental activities.

The business-type unrestricted net position increased by \$1.6 million to \$63.4 million, due in part to an increase in operating income in the Water & Wastewater Utility Fund and non-major enterprise funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The following table presents a condensed summary of Changes in Net Position for the years ended December 31, 2024, and December 31, 2023:

	Change in Net Position (in Millions)						
		Govern	nmental	Busines	ss-Type		_
		Activities		Activities		Total	
		2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Revenues							
Program Revenues							
Charges for Services	\$	29.5	27.4	229.1	222.9	258.7	250.3
Operating Grants/Contributions		3.6	4.1	0.0	-	3.6	4.1
Capital Grants/Contributions		7.6	6.9	5.1	5.0	12.8	12.0
General Revenues							
Property Taxes		43.4	41.7	-	-	43.4	41.7
Other Taxes		131.4	128.0	-	-	131.4	128.0
Other Revenues		10.2	23.9	4.8	5.2	15.0	29.1
Total Revenues		225.8	232.1	239.0	233.1	464.8	465.2
Expenses							
General Government		45.9	22.3	_	_	45.9	22.3
Physical Environment		13.6	12.6	_	_	13.6	12.6
Public Safety		124.9	102.5	_	_	124.9	102.5
Culture and Recreation		10.6	9.4	_	_	10.6	9.4
Transportation		35.7	41.3	_	_	35.7	41.3
Interest on Long-Term Debt		1.9	2.1	-	_	1.9	2.1
Electric		_	_	152.2	141.7	152.2	141.7
Water and Wastewater		_	_	69.5	67.3	69.5	67.3
Burlington Commuter Parking		_	_	1.9	1.3	1.9	1.3
Solid Waste		_	_	7.8	7.6	7.8	7.6
Total Expenses	_	232.5	190.2	231.4	217.9	463.9	408.1
Change in Net Position		(7.2)	41.8	8.0	15.3	0.9	57.1
Net Position - Beginning		457.8	416.0	484.6	469.3	942.4	885.2
Net Position - Ending		450.7	457.8	492.6	484.6	943.2	942.4

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Normal Impacts

Revenues

Economic Condition – This can reflect a declining, stable, or growing economic environment and has a substantial impact on property, sales, income, and utility tax revenues as well as public spending habits for building permits, elective user fees, and volumes of consumption.

Increase/Decrease in the City-Approved Rates – While certain tax rates are set by statute, the City has significant authority to impose and periodically increase/decrease rates (electric, water/wastewater, impact fees, building fees, ambulance fees, etc.).

Changing Patterns in Intergovernmental and Grant Revenue (both recurring and non-recurring) – Certain recurring revenue (state shared revenues, etc.) may experience significant changes periodically while non-recurring (or one-time) grants are less predictable and often distorting in their impact on a year-to-year comparison.

Market Impact on Investment Income – The City's investment portfolio is managed utilizing investments of various maturities. Changes in market conditions will cause investment income to fluctuate due to the related appreciation or depreciation of these assets.

Expenses

Changes in Authorized Personnel – Changes in service demand may cause the City to increase/decrease authorized staffing.

Salary Increase (annual adjustments and merit) – The ability to attract and retain human resources requires the City to strive to approach a competitive salary range position in the marketplace.

Inflation – While inflation has a reasonably modest impact on expenses most years, the City is a major consumer of certain commodities such as supplies, fuels, and parts. Some functions may experience unusual commodity-specific increases (e.g., fuel prices).

Current Year Impacts

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities decreased the City's net position by \$7.2 million.

Revenue

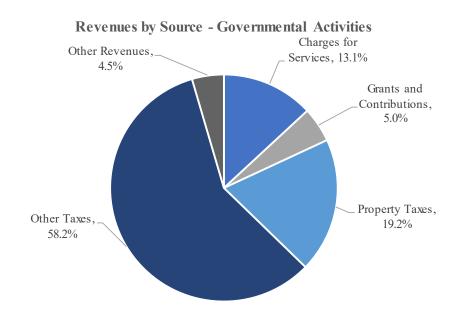
Total revenues from governmental activities decreased by \$6.3 million from the prior year. The Other Revenues category decreased by \$13.7 million, which is due predominantly to the American Rescue Plan Act grant recorded in the prior year. All other categories of governmental revenue increased approximately \$5.0 million in comparison to the prior year.

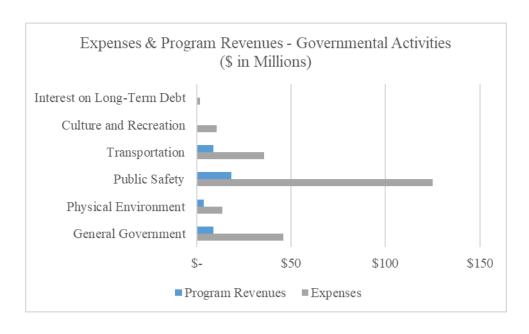
Management's Discussion and Analysis

Expenses

Total expenses related to governmental activities increased by \$42.3 million to \$232.5 million. The increase predominantly comes from higher expenses in the general government and public safety functions. Those increases were offset by transportation expenses that decreased by \$6.5 million due to a decrease in capital outlay on related projects.

Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities





Management's Discussion and Analysis

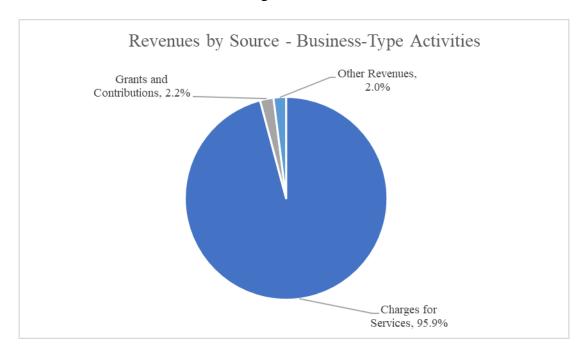
Business-type activities. The net position for business-type activities increased by \$8.0 million.

Revenue

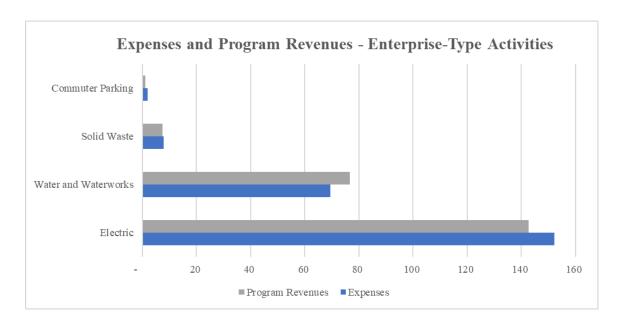
Overall revenues from business-type activities increased by \$5.9 million from the prior year. The primary driver of that increase is a gain on investments and increases in water/wastewater charges. Program-related revenues increased by \$3.5 million.

Expenses

Total expenses from business-type activities increased by \$13.5 million, or 6.2%. Expenses in the Electric Utility Fund increased by \$10.5 million due primarily to higher expenses for purchased electricity. Water Utility expenses increased by \$2.2 million due to higher operating costs, which were offset by a slight decline in purchased water expenses. Expenses for commuter parking increased by \$0.6 million due to ongoing management of personnel and operating costs. Solid waste expenses increased by \$0.2 million due to contractual increases in waste hauling costs.



Management's Discussion and Analysis



Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds, which include the General Fund and 23 other funds, is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$151.4 million, a decrease of \$6.3 million in comparison with the prior fiscal year. Of the total fund balance amount, \$84.4 million constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is an increase of \$5.6 million over the prior year. The remainder of the fund balance is for a variety of restricted, committed, and assigned purposes and is not available for new spending.

Major Governmental Funds

The General Fund serves as the primary government fund responsible for supporting key public services, such as public safety, public works, and general government services. At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund had a total fund balance of \$85.5 million, an increase of 8.1%. Of that, \$84.6 million constitutes unassigned fund balance. The considerable increase in the fund balance is the result of higher-than-expected revenues, which exceeded expenses in the fund. Revenue outperformance is seen in state sales and use taxes and income tax, which continued to see better-than-expected growth due to strength in the local and state economies. Investment and interest income were also significant drivers of the increasing fund balance as the interest rate and general market environment were more stable than in prior years. In addition, development in Naperville continues to evolve and expand as represented by increases in commercial and residential permit fees.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The Capital Projects Fund supports general government capital projects, such as transportation infrastructure, public facilities, and vehicle and equipment replacement. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Capital Projects Fund had a total fund balance of \$20.7 million, a decrease of 41.9%. That fund balance is assigned to future capital projects. The fund balance decrease is attributable to a \$19.5 million increase in capital expenditures, which included the planned use of fund balance to offset new debt issuance.

The Debt Service Fund is funded by a property tax restricted to the payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds in accordance with the bond ordinance authorizing the issuance of the bonds. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Debt Service Fund had a total fund balance of \$5.5 million. That fund balance has grown as a result of higher-than-expected transfers from the Food & Beverage Tax Fund

The following schedule presents the governmental funds summary of revenues for the years ended December 31, 2024, and December 31, 2023:

			Percent of		Amount of Increase	Percent of Increase
	1:	2/31/2024	Total	12/31/2023	(Decrease)	(Decrease)
			(Amounts 1	Expressed in Th	nousands)	
Revenues						
Taxes	\$	74,371	32.99%	73,818	553	0.75%
Licenses and Permits		3,116	1.38%	2,326	790	33.95%
Fines and Forfeits		1,285	0.57%	1,324	(39)	-2.94%
Net Investment Income		6,200	2.75%	6,979	(779)	11.16%
Intergovernmental		111,525	49.47%	118,074	(6,548)	-5.55%
Charges for Services		25,146	11.15%	23,990	1,155	4.82%
Fees		2,522	1.12%	2,655	(133)	-5.02%
Contributions and Miscellaneous		1,295	0.57%	2,966	(1,671)	-56.33%
Total Revenues		225,460	100.00%	232,132	(6,672)	-2.87%

Governmental revenues decreased by \$6.7 million, or 2.9%, in 2024. Intergovernmental revenues represent the largest revenue source among the governmental funds, which decreased by \$6.5 million, or 5.6%, resulting from a decrease in grant revenue, which was offset by an increase in state-shared taxes, such as sales and income taxes. Continued strength in the local economy resulted in strong gains in this category, with sales and use tax increasing by 3.6% and income tax increasing by 6.3%, after a slight decline in 2023. Taxes accounted for \$74.4 million in revenue, a decrease of \$0.5 million, or 0.75%. This category includes such items as utility tax, property tax (including those levied for pension purposes), hotel/motel tax, real estate transfer tax, and food and beverage tax.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

				Amount of	Percent of
		Percent of		Increase	Incre as e
_	12/31/2024	Total	12/31/2023	(Decrease)	(Decrease)
		(Amounts	Expressed in Tl	housands)	
Expenditures					
Current					
General Government	\$ 21,714	9.25%	20,506	1,208	5.89%
Transportation/Physical Environment	36,035	15.35%	35,015	1,020	2.91%
Public Safety	105,467	44.94%	96,533	8,934	9.26%
Culture and Recreation	9,912	4.22%	8,447	1,465	17.34%
Debt Service					
Principal	10,488	4.47%	11,951	(1,462)	-12.24%
Interest, Fees and Issuance Costs	2,107	0.90%	2,263	(156)	-6.90%
Capital Outlay	48,962	20.86%	39,000	9,962	25.54%
Total Expenditures	234,686	100.00%	213,715	20,971	9.81%

Expenditures in governmental funds increased by \$21.0 million, or 9.8%, from the prior fiscal year. Public safety expenditures account for the largest portion of governmental expenditures at \$105.5 million, an increase of \$8.9 million. Salaries for personnel and related expenditures account for most of that amount.

Capital outlay increased by \$10.0 million, or 25.5%, in the current year. Major capital projects during the reporting period included continued roadway, bridge, and public facility maintenance as well as investments in technology infrastructure throughout the City.

Significant General Fund budgetary variances

As of December 31, 2024, General Fund expenditures totaled \$154.7 million, which was \$3.2 million less than the final budget of \$154.7 million. Total expenditures for General Government were under budget by \$3.1 million. Similarly, Transportation expenditures were significantly under budget by \$2.6 million. Savings in contractual services totaled \$1.2 million. Supplies in public works operations and fleet services accounted for another \$1.1 million in savings. Public Safety expenditures exceeded the final budget by \$2.7 million. The primary drivers of this variance are higher than anticipated costs for police and fire personnel, as well as the GASB 96 addition of the Police Department's Computer-Aided Dispatch (CAD) contract, which results in an increase to contractual services.

Proprietary Funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements but in more detail.

Electric Utility – The Electric Utility recorded a net loss of \$7.9 million before capital fees for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, compared to a net loss of \$0.4 million for the prior year. The loss is attributable to an increase in operating expenses and depreciation costs exceeding operating revenues. Charges for services increased by \$3.6 million due to scheduled rate increases. The utility saw unrealized investment income of \$0.7 million. The Electric Utility saw a net decrease in cash and cash equivalents of \$10.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Megawatt-hour consumption for 2024 totaled 1.27 million, which was a 1.6% increase from 2023. The City's purchased power expense for the 12 months ended December 31, 2024, was \$103.0 million, which is 74.4% of operating expenses for the year. Purchased power costs fluctuate based on heating degree days, cooling degree days, the rate for purchased electricity, and demand charges; however, they consistently account for the most significant expense to run the Electric Utility.

Water/Wastewater Utility – The Water/Wastewater Utility recorded a net income of \$11.3 million before capital fees for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, compared to a net income of \$10.8 million for the prior year. The gain is attributable to an increase in operating revenues which were offset by lower purchased water costs. The utility also realized investment income of \$1.5 million. The Water/Wastewater Utility saw a net increase in cash and cash equivalents of \$16.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2024, due largely to the issuance of debt to reimburse prior year capital expenses.

Wholesale water rates, which are passed through by the City to customers, are based on rates applied by the DuPage Water Commission. In 2024, the purchased water rate (per 1,000 gallons) increased by 3.5% from \$5.39 to \$5.58 (effective May 1, 2024).

Purchased water expenses for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, totaled \$27.8 million and were 48.6% of total operating expenses. Purchased water expenses fluctuate based on customer demand and the wholesale water rate set by the DuPage Water Commission. In 2024, the utility purchased 5.0 billion gallons of water, a decrease of 7% from the prior year. Much of that decrease was attributable to a reduction in non-revenue water losses. Some of that decrease was attributable to a reduction in non-revenue water losses.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2024, amounts to \$985.3 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, furniture and fixtures, infrastructure, IMEA participation rights, and other intangible assets. The City's investment in capital assets increased by \$36.9 million from the prior year due to current-year additions exceeding the depreciation expense for the year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation (in Millions)

_	Govern	mental	Business-type			
	Activ	rities	Activi	ties	To	otal
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Land and land improvements \$	182.2	182.5	18.2	18.2	200.4	200.7
Buliding and building improvements	80.7	79.7	1.5	1.8	82.2	81.5
Machinery and equipment	16.8	15.2	7.1	4.8	23.9	20.1
Infrastructure	187.1	193.2	378.3	368.5	565.4	561.7
Construction in progress	32.7	16.3	48.8	38.4	81.5	54.7
IMEA participation right	-	_	21.7	20.0	21.7	20.0
Intangible assets - equipment	2.6	2.8	-		2.6	2.8
Intangible assets - software	6.6	5.6	1.0	1.4	7.6	6.9
Total	508.6	495.3	476.7	453.1	985.3	948.4

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 4 to the financial statements.

Debt Administration

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, the City had a total of \$89.7 million of outstanding debt. These issues were all general obligation bonds. The City issued \$19.1 million in General Obligation bonds while paying down \$12.6 million in existing debt, resulting in total outstanding bonded debt of \$89.7 million. The City maintains a AAA rating on general obligation bond issues from both Standard and Poor's Rating Group and Moody's Investors Service.

Data as of December 31, 2024, is as follows:

		Ratio of		
		Bonded Del	bt	Bonded
		to Assesse	d	Debt Per
	 Amount	Valuation		Capita
General Obligation Bonded Debt	\$ 89,690,000	1.04%	\$	597

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Long-Term Debt Outstanding (in Thousands)

	 Govern	mental	Business	-type	,	
	Activ	vities	Activities		Tota	ı1
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 51,318	59,240	38,372	23,254	89,690	82,494

Additional information on the City's long-term obligations can be found in Note 6 to the financial statements.

Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefits

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, the City had a total pension liability for its three pension funds of \$165.3 million compared to \$163.6 million the prior year. The increase in net pension liability is largely related to an increase in the expected versus actual experience for IMRF and the Police Pension Fund for the year.

Data as of December 31, 2024, is as follows:

	Net	Net Pension Liability (in Millions)						
		2024	2023					
IMRF*	\$	22.1	\$	19.5				
Police Pension	\$	70.0	\$	67.0				
Firefighters Pension	\$	73.1	\$	77.1				
Total	\$	165.3	\$	163.6				

^{*}The IMRF amounts include liabilities for both the City and the Naperville Public Library

For additional information, please refer to Note 9 in the notes to the financial statements.

The City implemented Statement No. 75 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions) effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. The total actuarial accrued liability was \$17.1 million on December 31, 2024, compared to \$17.2 million for the prior year. The change is largely attributable to assumption changes in the discount rate and updated healthcare cost trend rates.

For additional information, please refer to Note 10 in the notes to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

• For 2025, the City budget totals \$641.15 million across all funds, with the General Fund accounting for \$166.43 million of the total budget.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

- Salaries and wages account for \$129.75 million in the annual budget across all funds, an increase of \$8.81 million over 2024. This included a 3.5% merit pool increase for non-union employees. Union wages increased according to contractual agreements. Public safety contracts were finalized in early 2025 with increases significantly higher than anticipated, which will be a consideration for future budgets.
- Pensions continue to be an expense that is a significant variable in the City's annual budget. The City's actuarially required contributions for police and fire pension funds increased by \$1.54 million for the 2025 budget year. The City's estimated IMRF contributions increased by \$255,907 after the City experienced an increase in its contribution rate to 7.06% for 2025.
- The Human Resources Department continues to actively manage the City's health benefit plans with the assistance of a third-party benefits consultant. The City has enjoyed positive claims experiences in recent years, however, claims exceeded projections in 2025, resulting in a 6.9% premium increase for 2025.
- Investments in capital infrastructure continue to be an area of focus and significant financial resources are being allocated. In 2025, capital outlay accounts for almost 26% of the total City budget at \$168.8 million. Areas of significant investment include water, wastewater, and electric utility infrastructure, roads and bridges, public facilities, and technology enhancements.
- As the City continues its investment in capital infrastructure, it is necessary to finance certain improvements through the issuance of debt. In June 2025, the city issued general obligation bonds totaling \$45 million. Those bonds will reimburse capital project costs from 2024 and early 2025 across general government, electric and water utility funds.
- The City Council is committed to maintaining a low property tax rate, which is the primary funding source for pensions, the Naperville Public Library, and Naper Settlement. The levy year 2024 property tax rate for the City is 0.5991, which continues to be one of the lowest rates compared to neighboring communities and the City's lowest rate over the past 50 years.
- Retail sales tax revenue is expected to maintain the strength seen in 2024 and is estimated at \$54.36 million for 2025. Significant factors used in generating the estimate include continued strength in the local economy, steady consumer demand, and legislative changes that will result in higher destination-based taxes from e-commerce sales. Home rule sales tax is estimated at \$21.31 million for 2025.
- Real estate transfer taxes have stabilized after declining from post-Covid highs in 2023. The revenue estimate for 2025 is \$4.62 million.
- The Electric Utility is being challenged by the reality that energy conservation and sustainability initiatives are resulting in lower revenue. The Electric Utility explored this closely through its rate study completed in 2024, which recommended an average rate increase of 6.1%. The Water Utility completed a rate study in 2024, which recommended a 12% increase in water rates and 10% increase in sewer rates to fund large capital projects in the coming years.

All these factors were considered in preparing the City's budget and financial plans for 2025.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Naperville's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, 400 South Eagle St., Naperville, Illinois, 60540.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

	Þ	ent	Component Unit		
	Governmental	rimary Governme Business-Type		Naperville Naperville	
	Activities	Activities	Total	Library	
	- Teervices	Titelivities	1000	2101 ur y	
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 145,451,431	\$ 49,055,591	\$ 194,507,022	\$ 2,998,152	
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectable)	66,833,661	30,265,890	97,099,551	17,187,401	
Internal balances	69,048	(69,048)	-	- · ·	
Due from other governments	15,596,768	-	15,596,768	146,322	
Inventories	· -	16,587,852	16,587,852	· -	
Capital assets (net of accumulated					
depreciation and amortization)					
Capital assets not depreciated nor amortized	213,617,779	66,996,431	280,614,210	-	
Capital assets depreciated and amortized, net	295,005,158	388,004,693	683,009,851	9,639,462	
IMEA participation right, net	-	21,671,210	21,671,210	-	
Total assets	736,573,845	572,512,619	1,309,086,464	29,971,337	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred items - IMRF	8,980,941	6,661,918	15,642,859	2,247,505	
Deferred items - Police Pension	18,314,844	-	18,314,844	-	
Deferred items - Firefighters' Pension	14,208,920	_	14,208,920	_	
Deferred items - OPEB	2,249,112	216,180	2,465,292	62,004	
Asset retirement obligation	-	406,307	406,307	-	
Unamortized refunding loss	1,298,651	561,094	1,859,745	-	
Total deferred outflows of resources	45,052,468	7,845,499	52,897,967	2,309,509	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	781,626,313	580,358,118	1,361,984,431	32,280,846	
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and other					
current liabilities	19,225,100	29,489,691	48,714,791	689,134	
Accrued interest payable	383,000	183,872	566,872	8,787	
Due to other governments	289,591	-	289,591	-	
Due to fiduciary funds	16,758	-	16,758	-	
Unearned revenue	5,195,975	1,362,606	6,558,581	-	
Long-term liabilities					
Due within one year	13,626,970	6,257,584	19,884,554	315,043	
Due in more than one year	235,426,834	50,013,919	285,440,753	4,428,125	
Total liabilities	274,164,228	87,307,672	361,471,900	5,441,089	
		, ,	, ,	, ,	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	47 (5)	25.255	02.011	11.007	
Deferred items - IMRF	47,656	35,355	83,011	11,927	
Deferred items - Firefighters' Pension	3,796,256	-	3,796,256	100.05	
Deferred items - OPEB	3,931,142	377,856	4,308,998	108,374	
Deferred lease income	4,961,255	33,161	4,994,416	- -	
Deferred property taxes revenues	44,056,684		44,056,684	17,177,493	
Total deferred inflows of resources	56,792,993	446,372	57,239,365	17,297,794	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	330,957,221	87,754,044	418,711,265	22,738,883	
		7: - 7: ·	,. ,	, · , 	

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Continued)

	Pr	Primary Government					
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Naperville Library			
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 446,600,327	\$ 429,154,620	\$ 875,754,947	\$	9,143,026		
Restricted for							
Debt service	12,413,829	-	12,413,829		-		
Economic development	543,229	-	543,229		-		
Highways, streets, and parking facilities	14,762,953	-	14,762,953		-		
Public safety	7,669,065	-	7,669,065		-		
Capital projects	51,496	-	51,496		-		
Culture and recreation	2,214,517	-	2,214,517		-		
Physical environment	25,324	-	25,324		-		
Unrestricted (deficit)	(33,611,648)	63,449,454	29,837,806		398,937		
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 450,669,092	\$ 492,604,074	\$ 943,273,166	\$	9,541,963		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

		Program Revenues					
			Charges for	G	Operating Frants and	-	Capital Grants and
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses		Services	Co	ntributions	Co	ontributions
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT							
Governmental Activities							
General government	\$ 45,850,998	\$	9,040,154	\$	-	\$	-
Physical environment	13,600,834		3,015,901		696,081		-
Public safety	124,883,300		16,758,464		1,736,403		-
Culture and recreation	10,596,353		567,532		-		-
Transportation	35,650,612		163,747		1,186,524		7,620,468
Interest on long-term debt	1,946,334		-		-		
Total governmental activities	232,528,431		29,545,798		3,619,008		7,620,468
Business-Type Activities							
Electric	152,192,066		142,196,722		3,834		4,011,375
Water and wastewater	69,497,757		78,105,389		-		1,127,845
Burlington commuter parking	1,887,960		1,168,825		-		_
Solid waste	7,809,973		7,641,576		-		
Total business-type activities	231,387,756		229,112,512		3,834		5,139,220
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 463,916,187	\$	258,658,310	\$	3,622,842	\$	12,759,688
COMPONENT UNIT							
Naperville Public Library	\$ 18,764,641	\$	306,976	\$	1,378,281	\$	

		t Position		
	Pr	imary Governme	ent	Unit
	Governmental	Business-Type		Naperville
	Activities	Activities	Total	Public Library
	\$ (36,810,844)	\$ -	\$ (36,810,844)	\$ -
	(9,888,852)	-	(9,888,852)	-
	(106,388,433)	_	(106,388,433)	_
	(10,028,821)	_	(10,028,821)	_
	(26,679,873)	_	(26,679,873)	_
	(1,946,334)	-	(1,946,334)	-
	(191,743,157)	-	(191,743,157)	-
	-	(5,980,135)	(5,980,135)	-
	-	9,735,477	9,735,477	-
	-	(719,135)	(719,135)	-
		(168,397)	(168,397)	-
		2,867,810	2,867,810	-
	(191,743,157)	2,867,810	(188,875,347)	-
	_	-	-	(17,079,384)
				(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
General Revenues	12.251.101		12.25.1.10.1	15 151 570
Property taxes	43,374,494	-	43,374,494	16,464,673
Utility taxes	14,241,113	=	14,241,113	=
Other taxes				
Real estate transfer taxes	4,813,549	-	4,813,549	-
Food and beverage taxes	7,321,317	-	7,321,317	-
Hotel/motel taxes	1,789,086	-	1,789,086	-
Gas taxes	2,405,050	-	2,405,050	-
Other taxes	426,571	-	426,571	-
Franchise fees	2,521,931	-	2,521,931	-
Intergovernmental - unrestricted				
Sales taxes	74,980,610	-	74,980,610	-
Income taxes	25,394,941	-	25,394,941	-
Replacement taxes	596,483	-	596,483	-
Net investment income	6,200,249	2,227,220	8,427,469	82,245
Miscellaneous	907,969	2,543,864	3,451,833	32,776
Transfers	(400,000)	400,000	-	
Total	184,573,363	5,171,084	189,744,447	16,579,694
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(7,169,794)	8,038,894	869,100	(499,690)
NET POSITION, JANUARY 1	457,838,886	484,565,180	942,404,066	10,041,653
NET POSITION, DECEMBER 31	\$ 450,669,092	\$ 492,604,074	\$ 943,273,166	\$ 9,541,963

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		General Fund	Se	Debt ervice Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor	Total
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$	75,547,605	\$	5,420,971	\$ 22,933,038	\$ 38,402,764	\$ 142,304,37
Receivables							
Property taxes		30,363,090		7,439,865	-	6,253,729	44,056,68
Accrued interest		484,913		35,628	212,531	136,071	869,143
Accounts receivable less		0.140.101				2 202 524	1 5 222 04
allowance for doubtful accounts Loans and installments		8,149,181 218		-	5,770,329	2,303,534	16,223,04- 21
Leases		2.798.729		-	-	2,266,727	5,065,45
Due from other funds		69,048		_	_	2,200,727	69,04
Advances to other funds		420,582		_	_	_	420,58
Due from other governments		14,020,733		-	51,079	1,524,956	15,596,76
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1	31,854,099	\$	12,896,464	\$ 28,966,977	\$ 50,887,781	\$ 224,605,32
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES							
,							
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$	3.885.052	¢		\$ 4,370,816	\$ 1,906,638	\$ 10,162,50
Accrued wages and benefits	φ	2,465,841	φ	_	\$ 4,370,610	120,590	2,586,43
Due to other governmental agencies		285,675		_	_	3,916	289,59
Due to fiduciary funds		16,758		_	_	-	16,75
Advances from other funds		-		-	_	420,582	420,58
Deposits		5,096,372		-	175,750	-	5,272,12
Unearned grant revenues and others		1,535,542		-	3,456,677	186,478	5,178,69
Total liabilities		13,285,240		-	8,003,243	2,638,204	23,926,68
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue - leases		2,732,543		-	-	2,228,712	4,961,25
Unavailable revenue - grants		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	299,026	-	299,02
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		30,363,090		7,439,865	-	6,253,729	44,056,68
Total deferred inflows of resources		33,095,633		7,439,865	299,026	8,482,441	49,316,96
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		46,380,873		7,439,865	8,302,269	11,120,645	73,243,65
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable							
Loans		218		-	-	-	21
Advances		420,582		-	-	-	420,58
Restricted for						12 112 020	12 112 02
Debt service		-		-	-	12,413,829	12,413,82
Economic development		-		-	-	543,229	543,22
Highways, streets, and parking facilities		107 567		-	-	14,762,953 7,181,498	14,762,95
Public safety Capital projects		487,567		-	-	51,496	7,669,06 51,49
Culture and recreation		_		_	_	2,214,517	2,214,51
Physical environment		_		_	_	25,324	25,32
Committed to						20,02.	20,02
Highways, streets, and parking facilities		-		-	-	2,994,446	2,994,44
Assigned to				5 456 500		_	5 156 50
Debt service Capital projects		-		5,456,599	20 664 709	-	5,456,59
Unassigned (deficit)		84,564,859		-	20,664,708	(420,156)	20,664,70 84,144,70
Total fund balances		85,473,226	_	5,456,599	20,664,708	39,767,136	151,361,669

RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$ 151,361,669
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		508,622,937
Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions not reported in the funds		
Deferred items - IMRF	\$ 8,933,285	
Deferred items - Police Pension	18,314,844	
Deferred items - Firefighters' Pension	10,412,664	
Deferred items - OPEB	 (1,682,030)	25.050.50
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities - both current and long-term are reported in the statement of net position		35,978,763
Accrued interest payable		(383,000)
Deferred loss on refunding		1,298,651
Net pension liability		1,270,031
IMRF	(11,099,934)	
Police Pension	(70,020,255)	
Firefighters' Pension	(73,140,066)	
Compensated absences	(12,639,295)	
OPEB liability	(15,200,538)	
Leases payable	(2,488,090)	
SBITAs payable	(5,963,895)	
General obligation debt	(54,786,341)	
Total long-term liabilities		(245,338,414)
Revenues are recognized for governmental activities when earned		
regardless of availability		299,026
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of self-insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the		
statement of net position		(1,170,540)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	_	\$ 450,669,092

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	General Fund	Sei	Debt rvice Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor	Total
REVENUES	Ф 20 407 466	¢.	0.241.505	Ф	¢ 6545 442	Ф 42.274.404
Property taxes	\$ 28,487,466	\$	8,341,585	\$ -	\$ 6,545,443	
Utility tax	14,241,113		-	-	-	14,241,113
Other taxes	7,029,206		-	-	9,726,367	16,755,573
Intergovernmental	81,446,192		-	19,900,195	10,178,799	
Charges for services	18,050,948		-	-	7,094,566	, ,
Licenses and permits	3,048,782		-	-	66,749	
Fines and forfeits	1,187,755		-	-	96,998	1,284,753
Franchise fees	2,521,931		-	-	-	2,521,931
Contributions	-		-	386,316	982	387,298
Investment income	3,071,056		276,730	1,245,715	1,606,748	6,200,249
Miscellaneous	667,631		-	169,673	70,665	907,969
Total revenues	159,752,080		8,618,315	21,701,899	35,387,317	225,459,611
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General government	21,710,282		-	-	3,869	21,714,151
Physical environment	9,724,024		-	-	309,765	10,033,789
Public safety	99,066,667		_	-	6,400,427	
Culture and recreation	80,497		_	_	9,831,517	
Transportation	22,305,138		_	_	3,696,044	26,001,182
Capital outlay	-		_	36,479,624	12,482,505	48,962,129
Debt service				20,177,02	12, .02,000	.0,> 02,12>
Principal	2,274,008		7,677,550	266,954	269,812	10,488,324
Interest and fiscal charges	140,689		1,890,092	58,365	17,909	2,107,055
Total expenditures	155,301,305		9,567,642	36,804,943	33,011,848	234,685,738
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	4,450,775		(949,327)	(15,103,044)	2,375,469	(9,226,127)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in			1,721,773	238,142	2,733,403	4,693,318
Transfers (out)	(2,091,886)		1,721,773		(2,959,915	
` <i>'</i>			-	(41,517)	(2,939,913	147,856
Lease issuance SBITA issuance	147,856		-	-	-	
	3,175,668		-	-	-	3,175,668
Sale of capital assets	13,982		-	-	-	13,982
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,245,620		1,721,773	196,625	(226,512	2,937,506
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	5,696,395		772,446	(14,906,419)	2,148,957	(6,288,621)
FUND BALANCES, JANUARY 1	79,776,831		4,684,153	35,571,127	37,618,179	157,650,290
FUND BALANCES, DECEMBER 31	\$ 85,473,226	\$	5,456,599	\$ 20,664,708	\$ 39,767,136	\$ 151,361,669

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	9	6,288,621)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation or amortization expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period		
Capital outlays	\$ 34,355,126	
Depreciation and amortization	(20,545,484)	
		13,809,642
The loss on disposal of capital assets is reported only in the statement of activities		(459,850)
Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions not reported in the funds		
Change in deferred items - IMRF	(3,328,249)	
Change in deferred items - Police Pension	(1,116,525)	
Change in deferred items - Firefighters' Pension	(6,918,554)	
Change in deferred items - OPEB	(476,893)	
8		(11,840,221)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bond, leases, SBITAs) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction; however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of		(11,0 10,221)
these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items		
SBITA issuance	(3,175,668)	
Lease issuance	(147,856)	
Principal repayments - G.O. Bonds, leases payable, SBITAs payable	10,488,324	
Change in unamortized premium	461,275	
Change in loss on refunding	(198,391)	
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability		7,427,684
IMRF	(1,753,759)	
Police Pension	(3,024,495)	
Firefighters' Pension	3,910,780	
Decrease in accrued interest payable	(102,163)	
Increase in compensated absences	(4,816,437)	
Increase in other postemployment benefit obligation	168,278	
		(5,617,796)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds		299,026
resources are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds		233,020
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of		
information technology, fleet services, vehicle replacement, and		
self-insurance to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities		
of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities	_	(4,499,658)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		(7,169,794)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Rusii	ness-Type Activit	ies - Enternrise	Funds	Governmental Activities - Internal Service
	Electric	Water and	Nonmajor	unus	Self-
	Utility				Insurance
	Fund	Utility Fund	Enterprise Funds	Total	Fund
	Tunu	C tinty I unu	Tunus	10111	Tunu
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 8,479,131	\$ 38,633,282	\$ 1,943,178	\$ 49,055,591	\$ 3,147,053
Receivables					
Accrued interest	112,344	242,707	14,676	369,727	67,990
Accounts receivable less allowance					
for doubtful accounts	18,861,997	10,057,426	602,933	29,522,356	551,126
Leases	-	33,517	-	33,517	-
Inventory	15,686,176	901,676	-	16,587,852	
Total current assets	43,139,648	49,868,608	2,560,787	95,569,043	3,766,169
NONCURRENT ASSETS					
Capital assets (net of accumulated					
depreciation and amortization)					
Capital assets not depreciated or amortized	14,017,636	41,183,939	11,794,856	66,996,431	-
Capital assets depreciated or amortized, net	186,671,672	200,607,245	725,776	388,004,693	-
Intangible assets (net of accumulated					
amortization)					
IMEA participation right	21,671,210	-	-	21,671,210	
Total capital assets	222,360,518	241,791,184	12,520,632	476,672,334	
Installments receivable	340,290	-	-	340,290	
Total noncurrent assets	222,700,808	241,791,184	12,520,632	477,012,624	
Total assets	265,840,456	291,659,792	15,081,419	572,581,667	3,766,169
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred items - IMRF	3,791,429	2,870,489	_	6,661,918	_
Deferred items - OPEB	109,291	106,889	-	216,180	_
Unamortized refunding loss	318,132	242,962	-	561,094	_
Asset retirement obligation		406,307	-	406,307	
Total deferred outflows of resources	4,218,852	3,626,647		7,845,499	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	270,059,308	295,286,439	15,081,419	580,427,166	3,766,169

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Continued) PROPRIETARY FUNDS

					Governmental Activities - Internal
	Busin	ness-Type Activit	ies - Enterprise l	Funds	Service
	Electric	Water and Nonmajor		unus	Self-
	Utility	Wastewater	Enterprise		Insurance
	Fund	Utility Fund	Funds	Total	Fund
		•			
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 12,150,827	\$ 8,352,350	\$ 691,806	\$ 21,194,983	\$ 1,186,340
Accrued wages and benefits payable	621,370	415,791	14,146	1,051,307	17,701
Accrued interest payable	53,764	130,108	-	183,872	-
Deposits	7,092,535	150,101	765	7,243,401	-
Claims and judgments	-	-	-	-	735,171
Unearned revenue	1,006,602	356,004	_	1,362,606	17,278
Due to other funds	-	-	69,048	69,048	-
Compensated absences - current portion	348,231	236,070	-	584,301	-
General obligation bonds payable -					
current portion	1,656,750	3,385,000	_	5,041,750	-
SBITA payable - current portion	433,802	112,462	-	546,264	-
OPEB liability - current portion	43,108	42,161	-	85,269	-
, 1				•	
Total current liabilities	23,406,989	13,180,047	775,765	37,362,801	1,956,490
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES					
Claims and judgments					2,980,219
Compensated absences	1,628,521	1,064,708	-	2,693,229	2,900,219
General obligation bonds payable	3,653,435	33,200,173	-	36,853,608	-
SBITA payable	266,873	132,619	-	399,492	-
Net pension liability - IMRF	4,685,994	3,547,759	-	8,233,753	-
OPEB liability	695,524	680,257	-	1,375,781	-
	093,324	458,056	-	458,056	-
Asset retirement obligation		438,030	<u> </u>	438,030	
Total noncurrent liabilities	10,930,347	39,083,572	-	50,013,919	2,980,219
Total liabilities	34,337,336	52,263,619	775,765	87,376,720	4,936,709
DEFENDED INFLOWS OF DESCHARGES					
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		22.161		22.161	
Deferred revenue - leases	-	33,161	-	33,161	-
Deferred items - IMRF	20,120	15,235	-	35,355	-
Deferred items - OPEB	191,024	186,832	-	377,856	
Total deferred inflows of resources	211,144	235,228	-	446,372	
Total liabilities and deferred					
inflows of resources	34,548,480	52 409 947	775,765	97 922 002	4,936,709
lillows of resources	34,340,480	52,498,847	113,103	87,823,092	4,730,709
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	215,200,997	201,432,991	12,520,632	429,154,620	_
Unrestricted (deficit)	20,309,831	41,354,601	1,785,022	63,449,454	(1,170,540)
omesureted (dericit)	20,307,031	71,337,001	1,705,022	05,447,454	(1,170,540)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	\$ 235,510,828	\$ 242,787,592	\$ 14,305,654	\$ 492,604,074	\$ (1,170,540)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

					Governmental Activities - Internal
			ies - Enterprise l	Funds	Service
	Electric	Water and	Nonmajor		Self-
	Utility	Wastewater	Enterprise	T	Insurance
	Fund	Utility Fund	Funds	Total	Fund
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$ 142,196,722	\$ 78,105,389	\$ 8,810,401	\$ 229,112,512	\$ 28,825,034
Miscellaneous	1,371,771	1,172,093	-	2,543,864	-
Total operating revenues	143,568,493	79,277,482	8,810,401	231,656,376	28,825,034
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Purchased power	103,463,049	-	-	103,463,049	-
Purchased water	-	27,774,561	-	27,774,561	-
Operations	11,647,816	19,279,992	9,580,164	40,507,972	-
Distribution	4,642,969	2,853,638	-	7,496,607	-
Other operating expenses	19,247,788	7,220,776	-	26,468,564	33,723,207
Total operating expenses	139,001,622	57,128,967	9,580,164	205,710,753	33,723,207
OPER ATTING INCOME (LOGG) REFORE					
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION	4.566.071	22 149 515	(7(0,7(2)	25 045 622	(4.000.172)
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION	4,566,871	22,148,515	(769,763)	25,945,623	(4,898,173)
Depreciation and amortization	(13,070,412)	(11,429,997)	(117,769)	(24,618,178)	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(8,503,541)	10,718,518	(887,532)	1,327,445	(4,898,173)
NON OBED ATING DEVENIES (EXPENSES)					
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	660.540	1 472 520	06.140	2 227 220	200 515
Net investment income	668,540	1,472,538	86,142	2,227,220	398,515
Interest expense	(120,032) 3,834	(938,793)	-	(1,058,825) 3,834	-
Intergovernmental	3,034	<u>-</u>	-	3,034	<u> </u>
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	552,342	533,745	86,142	1,172,229	398,515
NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS					
AND CAPITAL FEES	(7,951,199)	11,252,263	(801,390)	2,499,674	(4,499,658)
AND CALITAL TEES	(7,931,199)	11,232,203	(801,390)	2,499,074	(4,499,036)
TRANSFERS IN	-	-	400,000	400,000	-
CAPITAL FEES	4,011,375	1,127,845		5,139,220	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(3,939,824)	12,380,108	(401,390)	8,038,894	(4,499,658)
NET POSITION, JANUARY 1	239,450,652	230,407,484	14,707,044	484,565,180	3,329,118
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), DECEMBER 31	\$ 235,510,828	\$ 242,787,592	\$ 14,305,654	\$ 492,604,074	\$ (1,170,540)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

					Governmental Activities - Internal
	Busine	ess-Type Activiti	es - Enterprise F	unds	Service
	Electric	Water and	Nonmajor		Self-
	Utility	Wastewater	Enterprise		Insurance
	Fund	Utility Fund	Funds	Total	Fund
CACH EVONIC EDOM OPED ATING A CONTINUE					
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	e 140 470 740	e 70.502.410	Ф 0.000.560	¢ 220 005 726	¢
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 142,479,748	\$ 78,593,410	\$ 8,822,568	\$ 229,895,726	
Receipts from interfund services provided	(1.542.520)	(1.045.220)	-	- (2.400.040)	28,583,171
Payments to other funds	(1,542,720)	(1,945,320)	- (0.054.440)	(3,488,040)	- (25 550 550)
Payments to suppliers	(114,403,170)	(37,896,220)	(9,054,449)	(161,353,839)	(35,570,750)
Payments to employees	(20,726,737)	(14,014,941)	(493,559)	(35,235,237)	(535,729)
Net cash from operating activities	5,807,121	24,736,929	(725,440)	29,818,610	(7,523,308)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL					
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			400,000	400.000	
Transfers in (out)	-	-	400,000	400,000	-
Due to/from other funds	- 52 607	-	(266,068)	(266,068)	-
Intergovernmental receipts	52,607	-	-	52,607	
Net cash from noncapital					
financing activities	52,607	-	133,932	186,539	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Purchases of capital and intangible assets	(18,542,514)	(28,069,529)	-	(46,612,043)	-
Issuance of bonds	-	19,145,000	-	19,145,000	
Issuance of premium on bonds	-	1,117,211	-	1,117,211	
Payments of bond principal	(1,987,450)	(2,040,000)	-	(4,027,450)	-
Payments of SBITA principal	(425,189)	(120,880)	-	(546,069)	-
Interest payments	(274,409)	(1,052,974)	-	(1,327,383)	-
Capital fees	4,011,375	1,127,845	-	5,139,220	-
Net cash from capital and related					
financing activities	(17,218,187)	(9,893,327)	-	(27,111,514)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Investment sales or maturities	33,563,873	72,510,965	4,384,453	110,459,291	20,312,680
Investment purchases	(32,812,803)	(70,888,362)	(4,286,341)	(107,987,506)	(19,858,136)
Investment income/(expense)	(72,766)	(235,701)	(15,354)	(323,821)	(83,114)
investment income (expense)	(72,700)	(233,701)	(13,334)	(323,821)	(63,114)
Net cash from investing activities	678,304	1,386,902	82,758	2,147,964	371,430
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN					
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(10,680,155)	16,230,504	(508,750)	5,041,599	(7,151,878)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JANUARY 1	19,159,286	22,402,778	2,451,928	44,013,992	10,298,931
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, DECEMBER 31	\$ 8,479,131	\$ 38,633,282	\$ 1,943,178	\$ 49,055,591	\$ 3,147,053

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) PROPRIETARY FUNDS

		Busin	ess-	Type Activiti	es -	Enterprise Fund	ds	A	overnmental Activities - Internal Service
		Electric		Water and		Nonmajor			Self-
		Utility		Vastewater	F	Enterprise]	Insurance
		Fund	ι	Itility Fund		Funds	Total		Fund
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES									
Operating income (loss)	\$	(8,503,541)	\$	10,718,518	\$	(887,532) \$	1,327,445	\$	(4,898,173)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	Ψ	(0,000,011)	Ψ	10,710,010	Ψ	(007,002)	1,027,110	Ψ	(1,000,170)
to net cash from operating activities									
Depreciation and amortization expense		13,070,412		11,429,997		117,769	24,618,178		-
Change in assets, liabilities, and deferred items						,	, ,		
Accounts receivable		(1,217,982)		(684,181)		12,167	(1,889,996)		(253,440)
Other receivables		129,237					129,237		
Inventory		(3,299,361)		352,445			(2,946,916)		
Accounts payable		1,627,243		447,386		29,042	2,103,671		564,492
Deposits payable		86,552		6,233		-	92,785		-
Claims payable		-		-		-	-		(2,954,051)
Accrued wages and benefits payable		248,598		121,964		3,114	373,676		6,287
Unearned revenues		339,827		323,730			663,557		11,577
Lease revenue items		-		109		-	109		-
Pension items - IMRF/OPEB		2,556,576		1,603,202		-	4,159,778		-
Compensated absences		769,560		417,526		-	1,187,086		-
Total adjustments		14,310,662		14,018,411		162,092	28,491,165		(2,625,135)
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	5,807,121	\$	24,736,929	\$	(725,440) \$	29,818,610	\$	(7,523,308)
NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES									
Capital assets acquired through accounts payable	\$	1,466,793	\$	3,582,686	\$	- \$	5,049,479	\$	-
Capital assets acquired through SBITAs		196,015		-		-	196,015		-
Unrealized investment gains/losses		582,045		1,257,443		76,033	1,915,521		352,251
TOTAL NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED									
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	\$	2,244,853	\$	4,840,129	\$	76,033 \$	7,161,015	\$	352,251

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS

A COLETE	
ASSETS	Φ 2.001.101
Cash and short-term investments	\$ 2,001,191
Investments held in Illinois	
Firefighters' Pension Investment Fund	267,255,156
Investments held in Illinois	, ,
Police Officers' Pension Investment Fund	266,030,547
Total investments	533,285,703
Due from municipality	16,758
Prepaid items	18,629
Total assets	535,322,281
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	6,886
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS	\$ 535,315,395

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS

ADDITIONS		
Contributions	ф	20.057.650
Employer	\$	20,057,658
Employee		4,393,299
Other		1,163,296
Total contributions		25,614,253
Investment income		
Net appreciation in fair		
value of investments		43,178,190
Interest and dividends		6,529,516
Total investment income		49,707,706
Less investment expense		469,656
Net investment income		49,238,050
Other income		279
Total additions		74,852,582
DEDUCTIONS		
Pension benefits		27,304,351
Refunds of contributions		33,695
Administrative expense		158,384
Total deductions		27,496,430
NET INCREASE		47,356,152
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS		
January 1		487,959,243
December 31	\$	535,315,395

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2024

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Naperville, Illinois (the City) was incorporated in 1857. The City is a home-rule community operating under a council-manager form of government. The City Council is comprised of the Mayor and eight council members. The City provides services to the community which includes: police, fire, electric utility, water and wastewater utility, community development, street maintenance, refuse and recycling, transportation planning, and general services. The following significant accounting policies apply to the City and its component unit, the Naperville Public Library.

a. Reporting Entity

The City follows accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, as well as its component units, which are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as:

- 1. Appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either (a) the ability to impose will by the primary government or (b) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the primary government; or
- 2. Fiscal dependency on the primary government and there is a potential to provide specific financial benefits or to impose specific financial burdens.

The accompanying financial statements present the City of Naperville, Illinois (the primary government) and its component units. The financial data of the component unit is included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational or financial relationship with the City.

Blended Component Unit

A blended component unit is a legally separate entity from the City, but is so intertwined with the City that it is, in substance, the same as the City. The City has no blended component units.

a. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Unit

A discretely presented component unit is an entity that is legally separate from the City, but for which the City is financially accountable, or whose relationship with the City is such that exclusion would cause the City's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The City's discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

Naperville Public Library (the Library) - The Library is governed by a nine-member Board of Trustees appointed by the City's Mayor. The Library is financially accountable to the City as the City's approval is needed for the levy of property taxes for the Library operations and to issue bonded debt on behalf of the Library. Separately audited financial statements of the Library are not available.

Fiduciary Component Units

Police Pension Employees Retirement System

The City's police employees participate in the Police Pension Employees Retirement System (PPERS). PPERS functions for the benefit of these employees and is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members are appointed by the City's Mayor, one elected by pension beneficiaries, and two elected police employees constitute the pension board. The City is obligated to fund all PPERS costs not funded by PPERS participants based upon actuarial valuations, which creates a financial burden on the City. The State of Illinois is authorized to establish benefit levels and the City is authorized to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels, which results in the PPERS being fiscally dependent upon the City. PPERS is reported as a pension trust fund. PPERS issues a stand-alone financial report.

Firefighters' Pension Employees Retirement System

The City's sworn firefighters participate in the Firefighters' Pension Employees Retirement System (FPERS). FPERS functions for the benefit of these employees and is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members are appointed by the City's Mayor, one elected pension beneficiary, and two elected fire employees constitute the pension board. The City is obligated to fund all FPERS costs not funded by FPERS participants based upon actuarial valuations,

a. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Fiduciary Component Units (Continued)

Firefighters' Pension Employees Retirement System (Continued)

which creates a financial burden on the City. The State of Illinois is authorized to establish benefit levels and the City is authorized to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels, which results in the FPERS being fiscally dependent on the City. FPERS is reported as a pension trust fund. FPERS issues a stand-alone financial report.

b. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities report the overall financial activity of the City and its component units, excluding fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities of the City. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated on these statements. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties. Additionally, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) fines, fees, and charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirement of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category-governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary are presented. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

b. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities. Operating expenses include all expenses directly related to providing enterprise fund services. Incidental expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This fund is the general operating fund of the City. The general fund should be used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Debt Service Fund - This fund is funded by a property tax restricted to the payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds in accordance with the bond ordinance authorizing the issuance of the bonds. The City has elected to present this fund as major.

Capital Projects Fund - This fund is used to account for major capital improvement projects on an as needed basis. Yearly transfers from the other funds are done for funding of capital improvement projects.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Electric Utility Fund - This fund accounts for the City's electric transmission and distribution operations.

Water and Wastewater Utility Fund - This fund accounts for the City's water and sewerage operations. The City operates the sewerage treatment plant, sewerage pumping stations, collection systems, and the water distribution system.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Fund - This fund account for self-insurance services that are provided to other departments of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Pension Trust Funds - These funds account for the accumulation of retirement and disability benefits for police and firefighters' pension plans.

c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues and additions are recorded when earned and expenses and deductions are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in exchange, include property tax revenue, grants, and other contributions. On an accrual basis, revenues from property taxes are recognized in the period for which the levy is intended to finance, which is the year after the taxes are levied. For example, the 2023 levy is recognized as revenue for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024. Revenue from grants and other contributions are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues, except for property taxes, to be available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Revenues for property taxes are considered to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year for the year intended to finance. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. Compensated absences are recorded only when retirement or separation has occurred. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt, acquisitions under leases and subscription-based information technology arrangements are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales tax, utilities taxes, motor fuel taxes, hotel/motel tax, food and beverage tax, E-911 surcharge, franchise taxes, ambulance fee, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The City reports unavailable/deferred and unearned revenue on its financial statements. Unavailable/deferred and unearned revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available or earned criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when the resources are received by the City before it has a legal claim to them or prior to the provision of services as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the City has a legal claim to the resources, the liability or deferred inflow is removed from the financial statements and revenue is recognized.

d. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

e. Investments

State statutes and the City's investment policy authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies, and instrumentalities; state and local obligations rated within the two highest classifications established by Moody's, Standard & Poor's and Fitch; commercial paper rated AAA 1, 2, or 3; repurchase agreements; non-negotiable certificates of deposits; money market accounts; investment grade corporate bonds defined as any bond rated BBB or better by Standard and Poor's; and pooled investment funds.

The City's investment policy also requires collateral for all deposits unless FDIC coverage is available. The collateral must have a market value of not less than 100% of all deposits. Wheaton Bank & Trust Company holds the collateral in the name of the City of Naperville.

Investments are generally reported at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. For investments, the City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs valued using quoted matrix pricing models; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

f. Unbilled Receivables

Estimated sales for electric, water, and wastewater usage prior to December 31, 2024, which are unbilled at year end, are recognized as current year revenue and are included in accounts receivables.

g. Interfund Transactions

The City has the following types of interfund transactions:

Loans - amounts provided with a requirement for repayment. If repayment is expected within one year, interfund loans are reported as interfund receivables (i.e., due from other funds) in lender funds and interfund payables (i.e., due to other funds) in borrower funds. If repayment is expected in more than one year, the amounts are reported as advances.

Services Provided and Used - sales and purchases of goods and services between funds for a price approximating their external exchange value. Interfund services provided and used are reported as revenues in seller funds and expenditures or expenses in purchaser funds. Unpaid amounts are reported as interfund receivables and payables in the fund balance sheets or fund statements of net position.

Reimbursements - repayments from the funds responsible for particular expenditures or expenses to the funds that initially paid for them. Reimbursements are reported as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as a reduction of expenditures in the reimbursed fund.

Transfers - flows of assets (such as cash or goods) without equivalent flows of assets in return and without a requirement for repayment. In governmental funds, transfers are reported as other financing uses in the funds making transfers and as other financing sources in the funds receiving transfers. In proprietary funds, transfers are reported after nonoperating revenues and expenses.

h. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventory, such as spare parts for electric, waterlines, and vehicles, is accounted for using the consumption method and is valued using a weighted average cost. Inventory reported in the governmental funds is not available for appropriation and, therefore, results in nonspendable fund balance.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

i. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, traffic controls, drainage systems, and similar items), and IMEA participation right and other intangible assets, reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$25,000 with an estimated useful life in excess of two years. The capitalization threshold for the Library assets is \$1,000 except for the IT related items which threshold is under \$1,000. Purchased capital assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized, whereas improvements extending the useful lives of the related capital assets are capitalized.

Capital assets of the City and the Library (component unit) are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Years
	20.40
Building and building improvements	20-40
Equipment	3-12
Infrastructure	25-50
IMEA participation right	25
Intangibles	2-9*

Intangible right-to-use assets represent the City's right-to-use a lease asset. These intangible assets, as defined by GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, and GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, are for lease contracts of nonfinancial assets including equipment and software.

j. Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements consists of unpaid, accumulated vacation and sick leave balances. Using the termination method, the City accrues the earned benefits to the extent it is probable that the benefits will result in termination cash payments. The general fund typically has been used to liquidate the governmental activities compensated absences.

^{*}Intangibles are amortized over the shorter of the lease/subscription term or useful life of the intangible asset.

j. Compensated Absences (Continued)

Employees hired prior to June 9, 2001, are eligible to be covered under a traditional vacation and sick leave benefit plan. Vacation leave is tied to years of service, with a minimum of two weeks and a maximum of five weeks. Sick leave benefit days vary from 12 days per year for members of the Fraternal Order of Police Union to 15 days for all other union and non-union employees, except for sworn firefighters working 24-hour shifts. Firefighters earn seven shift days per year each January 1.

Employees hired between June 9, 2001 and July 1, 2011, and existing employees who made a one-time election to switch to a paid time off (PTO) program prior to June 9, 2001, are covered by a combination of PTO and sick leave benefits. PTO days are based upon years of service, with a minimum of 15 PTO days per year, while the amount of sick leave is fixed at ten days per year. Certain unions elected into the PTO plan, while others made it optional for employees hired after June 9, 2001. All sworn firefighters working shifts are not eligible to participate in the PTO plan. Under both plans, the maximum accrual of vacation or PTO is equal to 160% of annual accrued leave.

Sick leave benefits can accumulate on an unlimited basis for employees in the traditional plan, but are limited to 120 days for those in the PTO plan. Upon retirement, the City cashes out up to 90 days of sick leave for employees as a retirement bonus. Members of the Fraternal Order of Police upon retirement can cash out up to 120 days. For sworn firefighters on shifts, they can cash out up to 42 shift days as a retirement bonus. Library employees may not accumulate sick time beyond one year.

Employees hired after July 1, 2011 are on a PTO plan that eliminated the distinction between vacation and sick leave. The City revised that plan on January 21, 2020. Under the revised PTO plan, vacation leave is based on years of service, with a minimum accrual of 120 hours annually. Sick leave is also provided at 80 hours annually, with a maximum accrual of 480 hours. However, sick leave is not paid out at separation or retirement.

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the City began recording sick time in their compensated absences balance in accordance with GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. The balance is recorded based on the average usage and average pay rate by functional allocation. As a result of the implementation of GASB Statement 101, *Compensated Absences*, beginning net position was not required to be restated as the amounts were determined to be immaterial.

k. Deposits

The City receives deposits from contractors performing work in the City. These deposits are recorded within the General Fund.

1. Bond Premiums, Discounts, and Issuance Costs

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, bond premiums, and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

m. Fund Balance/Net Position

Governmental funds equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned. Nonspendable fund balance is reported for amounts that are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restrictions of fund balance are reported for amounts constrained by legal restrictions from outside parties for use for a specific purpose, or externally imposed by outside entities. Committed fund balance is constrained by formal actions of the City Council, which is considered the City's highest level of decision-making authority. Formal actions include ordinances approved by the City Council. Assigned fund balance represents amounts constrained by the City's intent to use them for a specific purpose. The authority to assign fund balance has been delegated to the City's finance director through the approved fund balance policy of the City. Any residual fund balance of the General Fund and any deficits in other funds, if any, are reported as unassigned.

The City's flow of funds assumption prescribes that the funds with the highest level of constraint are expended first. If restricted or unrestricted funds are available for spending, the restricted funds are spent first. Additionally, if different levels of unrestricted funds are available for spending, the City considers committed funds to be expended first followed by assigned and then unassigned funds.

The City has a policy to maintain fund balance in the General Fund equal to 20% for the subsequent year's appropriations, net of interfund transfers as of December 31 each year. As noted in GASB Statement No. 54, fund balance policies in the General Fund are reported as unassigned but disclosed in the notes.

m. Fund Balance/Net Position (Continued)

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, restricted net position is legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose. Net investment in capital assets, represents the City's investment in the book value of capital assets, less any outstanding debt that was issued to construct or acquire the capital asset. Unrestricted net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or invested in capital assets, net of related debt. None of the restricted net position or restricted fund balance results from enabling legislation adopted by the City except for the fund balance of \$1,287,717 in the Food and Beverage Tax Fund.

n. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied each year on all taxable real property located in the City. The City must file its tax levy ordinance by the last Tuesday of December of each year. The owner of real property on January 1 (lien date) in any year is liable for taxes of that year. Property taxes are collected by the DuPage and Will County Collectors/Treasurers who remit to the City its share of the collection. Taxes levied for calendar year 2023 were due, payable, and collected in two installments in June and September 2024.

Revenue for property taxes is recognized in the governmental funds in the year for which the taxes are intended to finance and the funds are available. Accordingly, the City recognized revenue during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024 for collections from the calendar year 2023 levy if it was received by year end or withing 60 days after year end. Property taxes levied for calendar year 2024, which will be collected in fiscal year 2025, are recorded as receivables and unavailable/deferred revenue.

o. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

p. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumption that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is displayed in the basic financial statements as "cash and investments."

a. Pension Investment Funds

The Illinois Police Officers' Pension Investment Fund (IPOPIF) is an investment trust fund responsible for the consolidation and fiduciary management of the pension assets of Illinois suburban and downstate police pension funds. IPOPIF was created by Public Act 101-0610 and codified within the Illinois Pension Code, becoming effective January 1, 2020, to streamline investments and eliminate unnecessary and redundant administrative costs, thereby ensuring assets are available to fund pension benefits for the beneficiaries of the participating pension funds as defined in 40 ILCS 5/22B-105. Participation in IPOPIF by Illinois suburban and downstate police pension funds is mandatory.

The Illinois Firefighters' Pension Investment Fund (IFPIF) is an investment trust fund responsible for the consolidation and fiduciary management of the pension assets of Illinois suburban and downstate firefighter pension funds. IFPIF was created by Public Act 101-0610, and codified within the Illinois Pension Code, becoming effective January 1, 2020, to streamline investments and eliminate unnecessary and redundant administrative costs, thereby ensuring assets are available to fund pension benefits for the beneficiaries of the participating pension funds. Participation in IFPIF by Illinois suburban and downstate firefighter pension funds is mandatory.

b. Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the entity's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's and the Library's investment policies require all uninsured deposits with financial institutions, unless FDIC coverage is available, to be covered by collateral by up to 100%, with the collateral held by an independent third party acting as the City's agent and held in the name of the City and the Library, respectively. The Police Pension Fund and Firefighters' Pension Fund investment policies require that deposits are insured by agencies or instrumentalities of the federal government. At December 31, 2024, all of the City's deposits were fully collateralized.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

b. Deposits with Financial Institutions (Continued)

The Police Pension Fund and Firefighters' Pension Fund retain all of their available cash with one financial institution. Available cash is determined to be that amount which is required for the current expenditures of the fund. The excess of available cash is required to be transferred to IPOPIF or IFPIF for purposes of the long-term investment for the fund.

c. Investments

City and Library Investments

The following table presents the investments of the debt securities of the City and the Library as of December 31, 2024:

		Investment Maturities (in Years)					
	Fair	Less			More		
Investment Type	Value	than 1	1-5	6-10	than 10		
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$ 78,256,353	\$ -	\$ 57,060,152	\$ 21,196,201	\$ -		
U.S. agency obligations	32,501,413	13	5,084,125	8,632,544	18,784,731		
Municipal bonds	847,889	-	-	847,889	-		
Corporate bonds	65,036,939	1,641,961	35,453,650	25,781,124	2,160,204		
TOTAL	\$176,642,594	\$ 1,641,974	\$ 97,597,927	\$ 56,457,758	\$ 20,944,935		

The City and Library categorize the fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs (quoted matrix pricing models); and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2024: the U.S. Treasury obligations are valued using quoted prices (Level 1 inputs) and the U.S. agency obligations, municipal bonds, and corporate bonds are valued using quoted matrix pricing models (Level 2 inputs).

The relationship between the City and the investment agent is a direct contractual relationship.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

c. Investments (Continued)

City and Library Investments (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that change in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with the City's investment policy, the City invests in mortgage-backed securities. These securities are reported at fair value and are based on the cash flows from interest and principal payments by the underlying mortgages. As a result, they are sensitive to prepayments by mortgagees, which may result from a decline in interest rates. For example, if interest rates decline and homeowners refinance mortgages, thereby prepaying the mortgages underlying these securities, the cash flow from interest payments is reduced and the value of these securities declines. Likewise, if homeowners pay on mortgages longer than anticipated, the cash flows are greater and the return on the initial investment would be higher than anticipated. The City invests in mortgage-backed securities to diversify the portfolio and to increase the return while minimizing the extent of risk.

Through its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates by limiting the weighted average duration to no more than four years.

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to the investment, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in possession of an outside party. To limit its exposure, the City investment policy requires all security transactions that are exposed to custodial credit risk to be processed on a delivery versus payment (DVP) basis with the underlying investments held by a third party acting as the City's agent separate from where the investment was purchased.

Credit Risk - The City's investment and cash management policy prescribes to the "prudent person" rule, which states "Investments shall be made with judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of their capital as well as the probable income to be derived." The City limits their exposure to credit risk, the risk that the issuer of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity, by primarily investing in obligations guaranteed by the United States Government or securities issued by agencies of the United States Government that are explicitly guaranteed by the United States Government. The City investment policy also allows investment grade corporate bonds rated at or above BBB- by Standard and Poor's, Baa3 by Moody's; and BBB-by Fitch by at least two of the three rating agencies. However, the City's investment policy does not specifically limit the City to these types of investments.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

c. Investments (Continued)

City and Library Investments (Continued)

The U.S. agency obligations are rated AAA and the municipal and corporate bonds are rated from AAA to Baa3 at December 31, 2024. The U.S. Treasury obligations are not rated.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The City's investment policy follows the requirements of the State of Illinois Public Funds Investment Act, which prescribes allowable investment vehicles. No single investment, except those guaranteed by the United States Government, may exceed 5% of the City's investments.

Pension Investments

Investments of the Police Pension Fund are combined in a commingled external investment pool and held by IPOPIF. A schedule of investment expenses is included in IPOPIF's annual report. For additional information on IPOPIF's investments, please refer to their annual report as of June 30, 2024. A copy of that report can be obtained from IPOPIF at 456 Fulton Street, Suite 402, Peoria, IL 61602 or at www.ipopif.org.

IPOPIF's investment policy was originally adopted by the Board of Trustees on December 17, 2021. IPOPIF has the authority to invest trust fund assets in any type of security subject to the requirements and restrictions set forth in the Illinois Pension Code and is not restricted by the Pension Code sections that pertain exclusively to the Article 3 participating police pension funds. IPOPIF shall be subject to the provisions of the Illinois Pension Code including, but not limited to, utilization of emerging investment managers and utilization of businesses owned by minorities, women, and persons with disabilities.

Investments of the Firefighters' Pension Fund are combined in a commingled external investment pool and held by IFPIF. A schedule of investment expenses is included in IFPIF's annual report. For additional information on IFPIF's investments, please refer to their annual report as of June 30, 2024. A copy of that report can be obtained from IFPIF at 1919 South Highland Avenue, Building A, Suite 237, Lombard, IL 60148 or at www.ifpif.org.

IFPIF's current investment policy was adopted by the Board of Trustees on June 17, 2022. IFPIF is authorized to invest in all investments allowed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS). The IFPIF shall not be subject to any of the limitations applicable to investments of pension fund assets currently held by the transferor pension funds under Sections 1-113.1 through 1-113.12 or Article 4 of the Illinois Pension Code.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

c. Investments (Continued)

Pension Investments (Continued)

Fair Value Measurement - The Police Pension Fund and Firefighters' Pension Fund categorizes fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Police Pension Fund and Firefighters' Pension Fund held no investments subject to fair value measurement at December 31, 2024.

Net Asset Value - The Net Asset Value (NAV) of the Police Pension Fund's pooled investment in IPOPIF was \$266,030,547 at December 31, 2024. Investments in IPOPIF are valued at IPOPIF's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold. There are no unfunded commitments at December 31, 2024. The fund may redeem shares with a seven calendar day notice. IPOPIF may, at its sole discretion and based on circumstances, process redemption requests with fewer than a seven calendar day notice. Regular redemptions of the same amount on a particular day of the month may be arranged with IPOPIF. The NAV of the Firefighters' Pension Fund's pooled investment in IFPIF was \$267,255,156 at December 31, 2024. The pooled investments consist of the investments as noted in the target allocation table available at www.ifpif.org. Investments in IFPIF are valued at IFPIF's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold. There are no unfunded commitments at December 31, 2024. The plan may redeem shares by giving notice by 5:00 pm central time on the 1st of each month. Requests properly submitted on or before the 1st of each month will be processed for redemption by the 14th of the month. Expedited redemptions may be processed at the sole discretion of IFPIF.

Investment Rate of Return - For the year ended December 31, 2024, the annual money-weighted rate of return on Police Pension Fund investments and Firefighters' Pension Fund investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 9.80% and 10.89% respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

3. RECEIVABLES

Installment Loans - Electric Utility Fund

At December 31, 2024, the City had various outstanding electric loans that are not expected to be collected within one year. The total receivable of these loans as of December 31, 2024 is \$340,290.

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets of the City and the Library for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024 is as follows:

COVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated Land S	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
Land					
Total capital assets being depreciated	Land		\$ -	\$ -	
Total capital assets being depreciated 197,262,204 18,128,843 1,773,268 213,617,779			10 120 042	1 772 269	
Tangible capital assets being depreciated S,456,271	Total capital assets not being	10,322,322	18,128,843	1,//3,208	32,077,897
Land improvements		197,262,204	18,128,843	1,773,268	213,617,779
Land improvements	Tangible capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings		5,456,271	_	-	5,456,271
Infrastructure	Buildings		4,831,739	-	
Total tangible capital assets being depreciated 770,220,181 14,169,027 474,043 783,915,165 Intangible capital assets being amortized Equipment 2,991,986 147,856 5 - 3,139,842 Software 7,097,074 3,682,668 520,678 10,259,064 Total intangible capital assets being amortized 10,089,060 3,830,524 520,678 13,398,906 Total capital assets being depreciated and amortized 780,309,241 17,999,551 994,721 797,314,071 Less accumulated depreciation for tangible capital assets Land improvements 3,905,966 281,335 - 4,187,301 Buildings 84,925,754 3,890,848 - 88,816,602 Equipment 57,758,024 3,348,997 464,452 60,642,569 Infrastructure 333,957,273 10,519,513 - 344,476,786 Total accumulated depreciation for tangible capital assets 480,547,017 18,040,693 464,452 498,123,258 Less accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets 209,037 326,463 - 535,500 Software 1,542,246 2,178,328 70,419 3,650,155 Total accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets 1,751,283 2,504,791 70,419 4,185,655 Total depreciation and amortization 482,298,300 20,545,484 534,871 502,308,913 Total tangible and intangible capital assets being depreciated and amortized, net 298,010,941 (2,545,933) 459,850 295,005,158 GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				474,043	
Intangible capital assets being amortized Equipment		527,123,479	4,461,684	-	531,585,163
Equipment 2,991,986 147,856 - 3,139,842 Software 7,097,074 3,682,668 520,678 10,259,064 Total intangible capital assets being amortized 10,089,060 3,830,524 520,678 13,398,906 Total capital assets being depreciated and amortized 780,309,241 17,999,551 994,721 797,314,071 Less accumulated depreciation for tangible capital assets Land improvements 3,905,966 281,335 - 4,187,301 84,925,754 3,890,848 - 88,816,602 Equipment 57,788,024 3,348,997 464,452 60,642,569 1617astructure 333,957,273 10,519,513 - 344,476,786 Total accumulated depreciation for tangible capital assets 480,547,017 18,040,693 464,452 498,123,258 Less accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets 209,037 326,463 - 535,500 Software 1,542,246 2,178,328 70,419 3,650,155 Total accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets 1,751,283 2,504,791 70,419 4,185,655 Total depreciation and amortization 482,298,300 20,545,484 534,871 502,308,913 GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES 3,000,000 3,682,668 520,678 10,259,006 12,309,006 14,8565 1,751,283 2,504,791 70,419 4,185,655 1,751,283 2,504,791 70,419 4,185,655 1,751,283 2,504,791 70,419 4,185,655 1,751,283 2,504,791 70,419 4,185,655 1,751,283 2,504,791 70,419 4,185,655 1,751,283 2,504,791 70,419 4,185,655 1,751,283 2,504,791 70,419 4,185,655 1,751,283 2,504,791 70,419 4,185,655 1,751,283 2,504,791 70,419 4,185,655 1,751,283 2,504,791 70,419 4,185,655 1,751,283 2,504,791 70,419 4,185,655 1,751,283 1,7		770,220,181	14,169,027	474,043	783,915,165
Equipment 2,991,986 147,856 - 3,139,842 Software 7,097,074 3,682,668 520,678 10,259,064 Total intangible capital assets being amortized 10,089,060 3,830,524 520,678 13,398,906 Total capital assets being depreciated and amortized 780,309,241 17,999,551 994,721 797,314,071 Less accumulated depreciation for tangible capital assets Land improvements 3,905,966 281,335 - 4,187,301 84,925,754 3,890,848 - 88,816,602 Equipment 57,788,024 3,348,997 464,452 60,642,569 1617astructure 333,957,273 10,519,513 - 344,476,786 Total accumulated depreciation for tangible capital assets 480,547,017 18,040,693 464,452 498,123,258 Less accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets 209,037 326,463 - 535,500 Software 1,542,246 2,178,328 70,419 3,650,155 Total accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets 1,751,283 2,504,791 70,419 4,185,655 Total depreciation and amortization 482,298,300 20,545,484 534,871 502,308,913 GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES 3,000,000 3,682,668 520,678 10,259,006 12,309,006 14,8565 1,751,283 2,504,791 70,419 4,185,655 1,751,283 2,504,791 70,419 4,185,655 1,751,283 2,504,791 70,419 4,185,655 1,751,283 2,504,791 70,419 4,185,655 1,751,283 2,504,791 70,419 4,185,655 1,751,283 2,504,791 70,419 4,185,655 1,751,283 2,504,791 70,419 4,185,655 1,751,283 2,504,791 70,419 4,185,655 1,751,283 2,504,791 70,419 4,185,655 1,751,283 2,504,791 70,419 4,185,655 1,751,283 2,504,791 70,419 4,185,655 1,751,283 1,7					
Total intangible capital assets being amortized 10,089,060 3,830,524 520,678 10,259,064 Total capital assets being depreciated and amortized 780,309,241 17,999,551 994,721 797,314,071 Less accumulated depreciation for tangible capital assets Land improvements 3,905,966 281,335 - 4,187,301 Buildings 84,925,754 3,890,848 - 88,816,602 Equipment 57,758,024 3,348,997 464,452 60,642,569 Infrastructure 333,957,273 10,519,513 - 344,476,786 Total accumulated depreciation for tangible capital assets 480,547,017 18,040,693 464,452 498,123,258 Less accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets 209,037 326,463 - 535,500 Software 209,037 326,463 - 535,500 Software 1,542,246 2,178,328 70,419 3,650,155 Total accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets 1,751,283 2,504,791 70,419 4,185,655 Total depreciation and amortization 482,298,300 20,545,484 534,871 502,308,913 Total tangible and intangible capital assets being depreciated and amortized, net 298,010,941 (2,545,933) 459,850 295,005,158 GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		2 001 086	147 956		2 120 942
Total intangible capital assets being amortized 10,089,060 3,830,524 520,678 13,398,906 Total capital assets being depreciated and amortized 780,309,241 17,999,551 994,721 797,314,071 Less accumulated depreciation for tangible capital assets Land improvements 3,905,966 281,335 - 4,187,301 Buildings 84,925,754 3,890,848 - 88,816,602 Equipment 57,758,024 3,348,997 464,452 60,642,569 Infrastructure 333,957,273 10,519,513 - 344,476,786 Total accumulated depreciation for tangible capital assets Equipment 480,547,017 18,040,693 464,452 498,123,258 Less accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets Equipment 209,037 326,463 - 535,500 Software 1,542,246 2,178,328 70,419 3,650,155 Total accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets 1,751,283 2,504,791 70,419 4,185,655 Total depreciation and amortization 482,298,300 20,545,484 534,871 502,308,913 Total tangible and intangible capital assets being depreciated and amortized, net 298,010,941 (2,545,933) 459,850 295,005,158				520 678	
Total capital assets being depreciated and amortized 780,309,241 17,999,551 994,721 797,314,071		7,077,074	3,002,000	320,070	10,237,001
August		10,089,060	3,830,524	520,678	13,398,906
August	Total capital assats being depreciated				
capital assets Land improvements 3,905,966 281,335 - 4,187,301 Buildings 84,925,754 3,890,848 - 88,816,602 Equipment 57,758,024 3,348,997 464,452 60,642,569 Infrastructure 333,957,273 10,519,513 - 344,476,786 Total accumulated depreciation for tangible capital assets 480,547,017 18,040,693 464,452 498,123,258 Less accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets 209,037 326,463 - 535,500 Software 1,542,246 2,178,328 70,419 3,650,155 Total accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets 1,751,283 2,504,791 70,419 4,185,655 Total depreciation and amortization 482,298,300 20,545,484 534,871 502,308,913 Total tangible and intangible capital assets being depreciated and amortized, net 298,010,941 (2,545,933) 459,850 295,005,158		780,309,241	17,999,551	994,721	797,314,071
capital assets Land improvements 3,905,966 281,335 - 4,187,301 Buildings 84,925,754 3,890,848 - 88,816,602 Equipment 57,758,024 3,348,997 464,452 60,642,569 Infrastructure 333,957,273 10,519,513 - 344,476,786 Total accumulated depreciation for tangible capital assets 480,547,017 18,040,693 464,452 498,123,258 Less accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets 209,037 326,463 - 535,500 Software 1,542,246 2,178,328 70,419 3,650,155 Total accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets 1,751,283 2,504,791 70,419 4,185,655 Total depreciation and amortization 482,298,300 20,545,484 534,871 502,308,913 Total tangible and intangible capital assets being depreciated and amortized, net 298,010,941 (2,545,933) 459,850 295,005,158					
Land improvements 3,905,966 281,335 - 4,187,301 Buildings 84,925,754 3,890,848 - 88,816,602 Equipment 57,758,024 3,348,997 464,452 60,642,569 Infrastructure 333,957,273 10,519,513 - 344,476,786 Total accumulated depreciation for intangible capital assets 480,547,017 18,040,693 464,452 498,123,258 Less accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets 209,037 326,463 - 535,500 Software 1,542,246 2,178,328 70,419 3,650,155 Total accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets 1,751,283 2,504,791 70,419 4,185,655 Total depreciation and amortization 482,298,300 20,545,484 534,871 502,308,913 Total tangible and intangible capital assets being depreciated and amortized, net 298,010,941 (2,545,933) 459,850 295,005,158					
Buildings 84,925,754 3,890,848 - 88,816,602 Equipment 57,758,024 3,348,997 464,452 60,642,569 Infrastructure 333,957,273 10,519,513 - 344,476,786 Total accumulated depreciation for tangible capital assets 480,547,017 18,040,693 464,452 498,123,258 Less accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets 209,037 326,463 - 535,500 Software 1,542,246 2,178,328 70,419 3,650,155 Total accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets 1,751,283 2,504,791 70,419 4,185,655 Total depreciation and amortization 482,298,300 20,545,484 534,871 502,308,913 Total tangible and intangible capital assets being depreciated and amortized, net 298,010,941 (2,545,933) 459,850 295,005,158 GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		3,905,966	281,335	-	4,187,301
Infrastructure 333,957,273 10,519,513 - 344,476,786 Total accumulated depreciation for tangible capital assets 480,547,017 18,040,693 464,452 498,123,258 Less accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets 209,037 326,463 - 535,500 Software 1,542,246 2,178,328 70,419 3,650,155 Total accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets 1,751,283 2,504,791 70,419 4,185,655 Total depreciation and amortization 482,298,300 20,545,484 534,871 502,308,913 Total tangible and intangible capital assets being depreciated and amortized, net 298,010,941 (2,545,933) 459,850 295,005,158 GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				-	
Total accumulated depreciation for tangible capital assets				464,452	
tangible capital assets 480,547,017 18,040,693 464,452 498,123,258 Less accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets 209,037 326,463 - 535,500 Software 1,542,246 2,178,328 70,419 3,650,155 Total accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets 1,751,283 2,504,791 70,419 4,185,655 Total depreciation and amortization 482,298,300 20,545,484 534,871 502,308,913 Total tangible and intangible capital assets being depreciated and amortized, net 298,010,941 (2,545,933) 459,850 295,005,158 GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		333,957,273	10,519,513	-	344,476,786
Less accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets 209,037 326,463 - 535,500 Software 1,542,246 2,178,328 70,419 3,650,155 Total accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets 1,751,283 2,504,791 70,419 4,185,655 Total depreciation and amortization 482,298,300 20,545,484 534,871 502,308,913 Total tangible and intangible capital assets being depreciated and amortized, net 298,010,941 (2,545,933) 459,850 295,005,158 GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		480,547,017	18,040,693	464,452	498,123,258
intangible capital assets Equipment 209,037 326,463 - 535,500 Software 1,542,246 2,178,328 70,419 3,650,155 Total accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets 1,751,283 2,504,791 70,419 4,185,655 Total depreciation and amortization 482,298,300 20,545,484 534,871 502,308,913 Total tangible and intangible capital assets being depreciated and amortized, net 298,010,941 (2,545,933) 459,850 295,005,158 GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	-		, ,	,	, ,
Equipment 209,037 326,463 - 535,500 Software 1,542,246 2,178,328 70,419 3,650,155 Total accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets 1,751,283 2,504,791 70,419 4,185,655 Total depreciation and amortization 482,298,300 20,545,484 534,871 502,308,913 Total tangible and intangible capital assets being depreciated and amortized, net 298,010,941 (2,545,933) 459,850 295,005,158 GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
Software 1,542,246 2,178,328 70,419 3,650,155 Total accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets 1,751,283 2,504,791 70,419 4,185,655 Total depreciation and amortization 482,298,300 20,545,484 534,871 502,308,913 Total tangible and intangible capital assets being depreciated and amortized, net 298,010,941 (2,545,933) 459,850 295,005,158 GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		209.037	326,463	_	535,500
intangible capital assets 1,751,283 2,504,791 70,419 4,185,655 Total depreciation and amortization 482,298,300 20,545,484 534,871 502,308,913 Total tangible and intangible capital assets being depreciated and amortized, net 298,010,941 (2,545,933) 459,850 295,005,158 GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		,	,	70,419	
Total depreciation and amortization 482,298,300 20,545,484 534,871 502,308,913 Total tangible and intangible capital assets being depreciated and amortized, net 298,010,941 (2,545,933) 459,850 295,005,158 GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		. =		-0.440	
Total tangible and intangible capital assets being depreciated and amortized, net 298,010,941 (2,545,933) 459,850 295,005,158 GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	intangible capital assets	1,751,283	2,504,791	70,419	4,185,655
assets being depreciated and amortized, net 298,010,941 (2,545,933) 459,850 295,005,158 GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	Total depreciation and amortization	482,298,300	20,545,484	534,871	502,308,913
assets being depreciated and amortized, net 298,010,941 (2,545,933) 459,850 295,005,158 GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	Total tangible and intangible capital				
amortized, net 298,010,941 (2,545,933) 459,850 295,005,158 GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
		298,010,941	(2,545,933)	459,850	295,005,158
	COVEDNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
		\$ 495,273,145	\$ 15,582,910	\$ 2,233,118	\$ 508,622,937

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

4. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

General government

Depreciation and amortization expense for governmental activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024 was charged to functions as follows:

\$

2,670,912

	General government Physical environment Public safety Culture and recreation Transportation					2,670,912 2,054,548 1,849,094 1,027,275 12,943,655
Balances Increases Decreases Balances	TOTAL				5 2	20,545,484
Sample			Increases	Decreases		
Tangible capital assets being depreciated Building and building improvements 1,5936,585 2,014,694 - 17,791,279 446,713,290 14,944,222 - 461,657,512 Total tangible capital assets being depreciated 470,356,971 16,958,916 - 487,315,887	ELECTRIC UTILITY Capital assets not being depreciated Land Construction in progress	\$ 11,630,219	\$	\$ 2,894,613	\$	10,181,309
Building and building improvements		 15,400,540	1,445,705	2,894,013		14,017,030
Intangible capital assets being amortized IMEA participation right S0,452,335 3,180,142 - 53,632,477 Software 1,301,930 196,015 13,682 1,484,263 Total intangible capital assets being amortized S1,754,265 3,376,157 13,682 55,116,740 Total capital assets being depreciated and amortized S22,111,236 20,335,073 13,682 542,432,627 Itess accumulated depreciation for tangible capital assets Building and building improvements 6,398,743 199,800 - 6,598,543 Equipment 14,652,830 195,639 - 14,848,469 Infrastructure 269,232,026 10,716,055 - 279,948,081 Total accumulated depreciation for tangible capital assets 290,283,599 11,111,494 - 301,395,093 Itess accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets IMEA participation right 30,413,744 1,547,523 - 31,961,267 Software 323,624 411,395 1,634 733,385 Total accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets 30,737,368 1,958,918 1,634 32,694,652 Total depreciation and amortization 321,020,967 13,070,412 1,634 334,089,745 Ital tangible and intangible capital assets being depreciated and amortized, net 201,090,269 7,264,661 12,048 208,342,882 Ital Electrical Circle C	Building and building improvements Equipment Infrastructure	15,936,585		- - -		17,951,279 461,657,512
IMEA participation right 50,452,335 3,180,142 - 53,632,477 Software 1,301,930 196,015 13,682 1,484,263 Total intangible capital assets being amortized 51,754,265 3,376,157 13,682 55,116,740 Total capital assets being depreciated and amortized 522,111,236 20,335,073 13,682 542,432,627 Less accumulated depreciation for tangible capital assets Building and building improvements 6,398,743 199,800 - 6,598,543 Equipment 14,652,830 195,639 - 14,848,469 Infrastructure 269,232,026 10,716,055 - 279,948,081 Total accumulated depreciation for tangible capital assets Less accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets IMEA participation right 30,413,744 1,547,523 - 31,961,267 Software 323,624 411,395 1,634 733,385 Total depreciation and amortization 321,020,967 13,070,412 1,634 334,089,745 Total tangible and	depreciated	 470,356,971	16,958,916	-		487,315,887
Total capital assets being depreciated and amortized S22,111,236 20,335,073 13,682 542,432,627	IMEA participation right Software			13,682		
Less accumulated depreciation for tangible capital assets Building and building improvements 6,398,743 199,800 - 6,598,543 Equipment 14,652,830 195,639 - 14,848,469 Infrastructure 269,232,026 10,716,055 - 279,948,081 Total accumulated depreciation for tangible capital assets IMEA participation right 30,413,744 1,547,523 - 31,961,267 Software 323,624 411,395 1,634 733,385 Total accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets 30,737,368 1,958,918 1,634 32,694,652 Total depreciation and amortization 321,020,967 13,070,412 1,634 334,089,745 BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ELECTRIC UTILITY CAPITAL		 51,754,265	3,376,157	13,682		55,116,740
capital assets Building and building improvements 6,398,743 199,800 - 6,598,543 Equipment 14,652,830 195,639 - 14,848,469 Infrastructure 269,232,026 10,716,055 - 279,948,081 Total accumulated depreciation for tangible capital assets 290,283,599 11,111,494 - 301,395,093 Less accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets 30,413,744 1,547,523 - 31,961,267 Software 323,624 411,395 1,634 733,385 Total accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets 30,737,368 1,958,918 1,634 32,694,652 Total depreciation and amortization 321,020,967 13,070,412 1,634 334,089,745 Total tangible and intangible capital assets being depreciated and amortized, net 201,090,269 7,264,661 12,048 208,342,882 BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ELECTRIC UTILITY CAPITAL ELECTRIC UTILITY CAPITAL 201,090,269 7,264,661 12,048 208,342,882		522,111,236	20,335,073	13,682		542,432,627
Infrastructure 269,232,026 10,716,055 - 279,948,081 Total accumulated depreciation for tangible capital assets 290,283,599 11,111,494 - 301,395,093 Less accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets 30,413,744 1,547,523 - 31,961,267 IMEA participation right 30,413,744 1,547,523 - 31,961,267 Software 323,624 411,395 1,634 733,385 Total accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets 30,737,368 1,958,918 1,634 32,694,652 Total depreciation and amortization 321,020,967 13,070,412 1,634 334,089,745 Total tangible and intangible capital assets being depreciated and amortized, net 201,090,269 7,264,661 12,048 208,342,882 BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ELECTRIC UTILITY CAPITAL ELECTRIC UTILITY CAPITAL 201,090,269 7,264,661 12,048 208,342,882	capital assets Building and building improvements		,	-		
tangible capital assets 290,283,599 11,111,494 - 301,395,093 Less accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets 30,413,744 1,547,523 - 31,961,267 IMEA participation right 30,413,744 1,547,523 - 31,961,267 Software 323,624 411,395 1,634 733,385 Total accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets 30,737,368 1,958,918 1,634 32,694,652 Total depreciation and amortization 321,020,967 13,070,412 1,634 334,089,745 Total tangible and intangible capital assets being depreciated and amortized, net 201,090,269 7,264,661 12,048 208,342,882 BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ELECTRIC UTILITY CAPITAL ELECTRIC UTILITY CAPITAL 40,000,000 40,000<	Infrastructure		,			
capital assets IMEA participation right 30,413,744 1,547,523 - 31,961,267 Software 323,624 411,395 1,634 733,385 Total accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets 30,737,368 1,958,918 1,634 32,694,652 Total depreciation and amortization 321,020,967 13,070,412 1,634 334,089,745 Total tangible and intangible capital assets being depreciated and amortized, net 201,090,269 7,264,661 12,048 208,342,882 BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ELECTRIC UTILITY CAPITAL ELECTRIC UTILITY CAPITAL 40,000,000 40,000 <td></td> <td>290,283,599</td> <td>11,111,494</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>301,395,093</td>		290,283,599	11,111,494	-		301,395,093
Software 323,624 411,395 1,634 733,385 Total accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets 30,737,368 1,958,918 1,634 32,694,652 Total depreciation and amortization 321,020,967 13,070,412 1,634 334,089,745 Total tangible and intangible capital assets being depreciated and amortized, net 201,090,269 7,264,661 12,048 208,342,882 BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ELECTRIC UTILITY CAPITAL ELECTRIC UTILITY CAPITAL 411,395 1,634 733,385	capital assets	30.413.744	1.547.523	_		31.961.267
intangible capital assets 30,737,368 1,958,918 1,634 32,694,652 Total depreciation and amortization 321,020,967 13,070,412 1,634 334,089,745 Total tangible and intangible capital assets being depreciated and amortized, net 201,090,269 7,264,661 12,048 208,342,882 BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ELECTRIC UTILITY CAPITAL	Software	 , - , .		1,634		
Total tangible and intangible capital assets being depreciated and amortized, net 201,090,269 7,264,661 12,048 208,342,882 BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ELECTRIC UTILITY CAPITAL		 30,737,368	1,958,918	1,634		32,694,652
being depreciated and amortized, net 201,090,269 7,264,661 12,048 208,342,882 BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ELECTRIC UTILITY CAPITAL	Total depreciation and amortization	 321,020,967	13,070,412	1,634		334,089,745
ELECTRIC UTILITY CAPITAL		 201,090,269	7,264,661	12,048		208,342,882
	ELECTRIC UTILITY CAPITAL	\$ 216,556,815	\$ 8,710,364	\$ 2,906,661	\$	222,360,518

4. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - WATER AND WASTEWATER UTILITY Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$ 2,565,671	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,565,671
Construction in progress	26,723,231	19,193,469	7,298,432	38,618,268
Total capital assets not being depreciated	29,288,902	19,193,469	7,298,432	41,183,939
Tangible capital assets being depreciated Equipment Infrastructure	14,749,673	1,003,519	-	15,753,192
Total tangible capital assets being depreciated	492,081,413 506,831,086	16,427,261 17,430,780		508,508,674
Intangible capital assets being amortized Software	513,990	-	24,076	489,914
Total intangible capital assets being amortized	513,990	-	24,076	489,914
Total capital assets being depreciated and amortized	507,345,076	17,430,780	24,076	524,751,780
Less accumulated depreciation for tangible capital assets				
Equipment Infrastructure	11,553,079 301,048,299	458,198 10,852,889	-	12,011,277 311,901,188
Total accumulated depreciation for tangible capital assets	312,601,378	11,311,087	-	323,912,465
Less accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets				
Software	116,036	118,910	2,876	232,070
Total accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets	116,036	118,910	2,876	232,070
Total depreciation and amortization	312,717,414	11,429,997	2,876	324,144,535
Total tangible and intangible capital assets being depreciated and amortized, net	194,627,662	6,000,783	21,200	200,607,245
		2,300,700	21,200	,
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - WATER AND WASTEWATER UTILITY CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 223,916,564	\$ 25,194,252	\$ 7,319,632	\$ 241,791,184
CHITAL ADDLID, NET	Ψ 443,710,304	ψ 43,174,434	ψ 1,517,032	Ψ 471,171,104

4. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE				
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$ 11,794,856	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,794,856
Total capital assets not being depreciated	11,794,856		-	11,794,856
Capital assets being depreciated Building and building improvements	6,460,233	_	_	6,460,233
Machinery and equipment	1,420,847	-	-	1,420,847
Total capital assets being depreciated	7,881,080	-	-	7,881,080
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Building and building improvements	5,975,529	45,685	_	6,021,214
Machinery and equipment	1,062,006	72,084	-	1,134,090
Total accumulated depreciation	7,037,535	117,769		7,155,304
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	843,545	(117,769)	-	725,776
Total nonmajor enterprise net capital assets	12,638,401	(117,769)	_	12,520,632
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - NET	\$ 453,111,780	\$ 33,786,847	\$ 10,226,293	\$ 476,672,334
COMPONENT UNIT - NAPERVILLE PUBLIC LIBRARY Capital assets being depreciated Building and building improvements Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 17,412,221 2,422,028 19,834,249	\$ 2,400,485 536,567 2,937,052	\$ - 78,124 78,124	\$ 19,812,706 2,880,471 22,693,177
Intangible capital assets being amortized				
Software		612,575	-	612,575
Total intangible capital assets being amortized	_	612,575	_	612,575
Total capital assets being depreciated	40.004.040		-0.4-4	
and amortized	19,834,249	3,549,627	78,124	23,305,752
Less accumulated depreciation for Building and building improvements	11,064,743	820,827	-	11,885,570
Machinery and equipment Total accumulated depreciation	1,637,979 12,702,722	126,775 947,602	68,672 68,672	1,696,082 13,581,652
Total accumulated depreciation	12,702,722	947,002	08,072	13,361,032
Less accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets				
Software		84,638	-	84,638
Total accumulated amortization for intangible capital assets		84,638	-	84,638
Total depreciation and amortization	12,702,722	1,032,240	68,672	13,666,290
COMPONENT UNIT - NAPERVILLE PUBLIC LIBRARY CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 7,131,527	\$ 2,517,387	\$ 9,452	\$ 9,639,462

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

5. INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

a. Balances Due to/from Other Funds

Balances due to/from other funds at December 31, 2024 were as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	A	mount
General	Solid Waste Fund	\$	69,048
TOTAL		\$	69,048

Balances due from the Solid Waste Fund (Nonmajor Enterprise) to General are to cover cash accounts temporarily overdrawn at year end.

b. Advances

Advances at December 31, 2024 were as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General General	Special Service Area #25 Fund Special Service Area #31 Fund	\$ 223,826 196,756
TOTAL		\$ 420,582

Balances due from Special Service Area #25 (Nonmajor Governmental) and Special Service Area #31 (Nonmajor Governmental) to General are to cover cash accounts overdrawn at year end.

c. Transfers to/from Other Funds

Interfund transfers for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024 were as follows:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	Amount
Debt Service Fund	Water Street TIF Fund	\$ 688,685
Debt Service Fund	Food and Beverage Fund	934,148
Debt Service Fund	Special Service Area #23 Fund	98,940
Capital Projects Fund	Special Service Area #35 Fund	125,000
Capital Projects Fund	Special Service Area #30 Fund	93,114
Capital Projects Fund	Special Service Area #34 Fund	20,028
Motor Fuel Tax Fund	Capital Projects Fund	41,517
Naper Settlement Fund	Food and Beverage Fund	1,000,000
Downtown Maintenance Fund	General Fund	1,651,489
Drug Forfeiture Fund	General Fund	40,397
Solid Waste Fund	General Fund	 400,000
TOTAL		\$ 5,093,318

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

5. INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY (Continued)

c. Transfers to/from Other Funds (Continued)

The purpose of significant transfers is as follows:

- \$1,000,000 was transferred to the Naper Settlement Fund from the Food and Beverage Fund as part of the annual budget process. This transfer will not be repaid.
- \$1,651,489 was transferred to the Downtown Maintenance Fund from the General Fund for annual funding. This transfer will not be repaid.
- \$400,000 was transferred to the Solid Waste Fund from the General Fund to cover operating expenses. This transfer will not be repaid.
- \$688,685 was transferred to the Debt Service Fund from the Water Street TIF Fund for debt service payments. This transfer will not be repaid.
- \$934,148 was transferred to the Debt Service Fund from the Food and Beverage Fund for debt service payments. This transfer will not be repaid.

d. Deficit Fund Balances/Net Position

As of December 31, 2024, the following funds had deficit fund balances/net position:

Fund	Deficit
Special Service Area #25	\$ 223,678
Special Service Area #31	196,702
Self-Insurance Fund	1,170,540
Solid Waste Fund	120,960

6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024:

Type of Debt	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions/ Refundings	Ending Balances	_	Amounts Due Within One Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES						
Compensated absences*	\$ 7,822,858	\$ 4,816,437	\$ _	\$ 12,639,295	\$	2,251,794
Net pension liability	, ,	, ,		, ,		, ,
IMRF	9,346,175	1,753,759	-	11,099,934		-
Police Pension	66,995,760	3,024,495	-	70,020,255		-
Firefighters' Pension	77,050,846	_	3,910,780	73,140,066		-
OPEB liability	15,368,816	-	168,278	15,200,538		887,128
General obligation bonds	59,240,800	-	7,922,550	51,318,250		7,383,250
Premium (discount)	3,929,366	-	461,275	3,468,091		-
Leases payable	2,637,855	147,856	297,621	2,488,090		331,081
SBITAs payable	5,056,380	3,175,668	2,268,153	5,963,895		2,038,546
Claims and judgments	6,669,441	18,498,314	21,452,365	3,715,390		735,171
TOTAL	\$ 254,118,297	\$ 31,416,529	\$ 36,481,022	\$ 249,053,804	\$	13,626,970

Type of Debt	Beginning Balance					D	Amounts One Within One Year	
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES -								
ELECTRIC UTILITY								
Compensated absences*	\$ 1,207,192	\$ 769,560	\$	-	\$	1,976,752	\$	348,231
IMRF	4,900,911	-		214,917		4,685,994		-
OPEB liability	655,793	82,839		-		738,632		43,108
General obligation bonds	6,494,200	-		1,987,450		4,506,750		1,656,750
Premium (discount)	1,040,666	-		237,231		803,435		-
SBITAs payable	 929,849	196,015		425,189		700,675		433,802
Total electric utility	 15,228,611	1,048,414		2,864,787		13,412,238		2,481,891
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - WATER AND WASTEWATER UTILITY								
Compensated absences*	883,252	417,526		-		1,300,778		236,070
IMRF	2,956,463	591,296		-		3,547,759		_
OPEB liability	763,257	-		40,839		722,418		42,161
Asset retirement obligation	458,056	-		-		458,056		-
General obligation bonds	16,760,000	19,145,000		2,040,000		33,865,000		3,385,000
Premium (discount)	1,809,543	1,117,211		206,581		2,720,173		-
SBITAs payable	 365,961	_		120,880		245,081		112,462
Total water and wastewater utility	 23,996,532	21,271,033		2,408,300		42,859,265		3,775,693
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE								
ACTIVITIES	\$ 39,225,143	\$ 22,319,447	\$	5,273,087	\$	56,271,503	\$	6,257,584
COMPONENT UNIT - NAPERVILLE PUBLIC LIBRARY								
Compensated absences*	\$ 321,350	\$ 728,545	\$	-	\$	1,049,895	\$	184,205
IMRF	2,324,201	453,588		-		2,777,789		-
OPEB liability	453,901	-		34,853		419,048		24,456
SBITAs payable	 -	612,575		116,139		496,436		106,382
TOTAL	\$ 3,099,452	\$ 1,794,708	\$	150,992	\$	4,743,168	\$	315,043

The General Fund has typically been used in prior years to liquidate the net pension liabilities and the other postemployment benefit liability for governmental activities.

^{*}The amount displayed as additions or reductions represents the net change in the liability.

Long-term debt at December 31, 2024 consists of the following:

a. General Obligation Bonds

	G	overnmental Activities	В	usiness-Type Activities	Total
September 2012, 2% to 4%, due serially through December 1, 2025	\$	693,250	\$	481,750	\$ 1,175,000
July 2013, 3% to 4%, due serially through December 1, 2031		1,920,000		-	1,920,000
May 2014, 2.00% to 3.50%, due serially through December 1, 2032		8,900,000		-	8,900,000
June 2016, 2.00% to 3.50%, due serially through December 1, 2035		17,830,000		3,450,000	21,280,000
November 2017, 3%, due serially through December 1, 2037		4,995,000		-	4,995,000
November 2018, 3.125% to 5.000%, due serially through December 1, 2038		3,625,000		-	3,625,000
November 2020, 2% to 5%, due serially through December 1, 2040		13,355,000		9,900,000	23,255,000
March 2022, 3% to 4%, due serially through December 1, 2041		-		5,395,000	5,395,000
May 2024, 4% to 5%, due serially through December 1, 2044				19,145,000	19,145,000
TOTAL	\$	51,318,250	\$	38,371,750	\$ 89,690,000

The annual requirements to amortize all short and long-term general obligation bonds outstanding at December 31, 2024 are as follows:

Fiscal		Government	tal A	ctivities	pe A	Activities		
Year		Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest	
2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030-2034 2035-2039 2040-2041	\$	7,383,250 5,810,000 5,745,000 5,010,000 3,390,000 15,165,000 7,845,000 970,000	\$	1,624,849 1,374,419 1,173,319 984,881 817,706 2,522,055 674,272 24,250	\$ 5,041,750 3,790,000 2,970,000 3,070,000 3,050,000 6,670,000 6,275,000 7,505,000	\$	1,538,620 1,317,000 1,145,150 1,014,500 878,850 3,400,600 2,186,450 908,000	
	•	•	\$,	\$ 	\$	12,389,170	
TOTAL	\$	51,318,250	\$	9,195,751	\$ 38,371,750	\$	12,389	

b. Enterprise Fund Commitments

The City has issued the general obligation bonds to fund various Electric and Water/Wastewater capital projects. The proportionate share of the general obligation bond liabilities have been recorded in the respective enterprise funds. The current general obligation bonds issuance amounts were allocated as follows:

		1	Water and			
	Electric	V	Vastewater	G	overnmental	
Bonds Series	Utility		Utility		Activities	Total
G.O. 2012 Refunding	\$ 481,750	\$	-	\$	693,250	\$ 1,175,000
G.O. 2016 Refunding	1,380,000		2,070,000		17,830,000	21,280,000
G.O. 2020	2,645,000		7,255,000		13,355,000	23,255,000
G.O. 2022	-		5,395,000		-	5,395,000
G.O. 2024 Refunding	-		19,145,000		-	19,145,000

The general obligation bonds outstanding amount for the enterprise funds at December 31, 2024 is \$38,371,750.

c. Asset Retirement Obligation

The City has recognized an asset retirement obligation (ARO) and related deferred outflow of resources in connection with its obligation to seal and abandon various water wells at the end of their estimated useful lives in accordance with federal, state, and/or local requirements. The ARO was measured using actual historical costs for similar abandonments, adjusted for inflation through the end of the year. The estimated useful lives of the water wells are 50 years.

d. Leases Payable

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, the City's lease activity is as follows:

The City entered into various lease arrangements for the right-to-use copiers. Payments ranging from \$1,935 to \$2,449 are due in monthly installments with various termination dates through November 2029. Total intangible right-to-use assets acquired under this agreement are \$367,343.

The City entered into a lease arrangement on March 29, 2023 for the right-to-use cardiac equipment. Payments of \$306,339 are due in annual installments through May 31, 2033. Total intangible right-to-use assets acquired under this agreement are \$2,772,499.

d. Leases Payable (Continued)

Annual debt service to maturity requirements are as follows:

Fiscal		Governmental Activities			
Year]	Principal		Interest	
2025	\$	331,081	\$	54,583	
2026		320,589		47,662	
2027		321,778		40,668	
2028		328,935		33,511	
2029		307,228		26,601	
2030-2033		878,479		40,538	
TOTAL	\$	2,488,090	\$	243,563	

e. Subscriptions (SBITAs) Payable

The City entered into subscription arrangements for public safety software and administrative and financial software. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements* (SBITA), the City's SBITA activity is as follows:

The City entered into subscription arrangements for public safety software lasting up to five years. At December 31, 2024, the City reported SBITA assets of \$3,926,398 and liabilities in the amount of \$2,208,802. Principal reduction of \$1,014,517 was reported for the year ended December 31, 2024.

The City entered into subscription arrangements for administrative and financial software lasting up to five years. At December 31, 2024, the City reported SBITA assets of \$6,332,666 and liabilities in the amount of \$3,755,093. Principal reduction of \$1,253,636 was reported for the year ended December 31, 2024.

The City entered into subscription arrangements for enterprise (water and electric) software lasting up to five years. At December 31, 2024, the City reported SBITA assets of \$1,974,177 and liabilities in the amount of \$945,756. Principal reduction of \$546,069 was reported for the year ended December 31, 2024.

The Library entered into subscription arrangements for administrative software lasting up to five years. At December 31, 2024, the Library reported SBITA assets of \$612,575 and liabilities in the amount of \$496,436. Principal reduction of \$116,139 was reported for the year ended December 31, 2024.

e. Subscriptions (SBITAs) Payable (Continued)

Annual debt service to maturity requirements are as follows:

Fiscal	 Government	tal A	ctivities		Business-Ty	pe A	Activities
Year	Principal		Interest	I	Principal		Interest
2025	\$ 2,038,546	\$	227,739	\$	546,264	\$	26,229
2026	1,375,775		102,524		371,520		11,257
2027	664,227		65,549		27,972		743
2028	399,971		48,859		_		-
2029	357,325		38,636		_		_
2030-2033	 1,128,051		59,195		-		-
TOTAL	\$ 5,963,895	\$	542,502	\$	945,756	\$	38,229
Fiscal			_	C	Component U	Jnit	- Library
Year	 			P	rincipal		Interest
2025				\$	106,382	\$	12,578
2025				Ф	112 326	Φ	12,376

2026 112,326 10,204 2027 118,940 7,266 2028 125,838 4,154 2029 32,950 862 TOTAL \$ 496,436 \$ 35,064

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City accounts for its risk financing activities in the Self-Insurance Fund (internal service fund). The Self-Insurance Fund pays all general liability, unemployment and workers' compensation, and auto and collision claims for which the City is held liable. The City has a \$2 million retention limit for general, auto liability, and workers' compensation. In addition, the City carries a policy for excess coverage for general and auto liability of \$10 million.

The City is self-insured for health and dental claims, which are also being accounted for in the Self-Insurance Fund. The City has \$300,000 specific stop loss coverage for PPO and \$200,000 for HMO health claims. The City has a \$2 million retention limit for health and dental claims. The City utilizes a third-party administrator to process the claims. The City reimburses the administrator for the claims plus a processing fee.

7. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The Self-Insurance Fund is supported by payments from the General Fund, Naper Settlement Fund, Electric, Water and Wastewater Utility Funds, Commuter Parking Fund, and the Library (component unit) based upon an estimate of the annual claims and administration costs. In addition, the City has recognized a liability for claims, which were incurred but not reported at year end. At December 31, 2024, this liability totaled \$735,171. The claims liability reported in the Self-Insurance Fund of \$3,715,390 at December 31, 2024 is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year. Settlements have not exceeded coverage limits in the past three years.

Changes in the Self-Insurance Fund's claims liability amount for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 were:

	2024	2023
CLAIMS LIABILITY, BEGINNING OF YEAR Incurred claims Claim payments	\$ 6,669,441 18,498,314 (21,452,365)	\$ 4,036,958 20,292,616 (17,660,133)
CLAIMS LIABILITY, END OF YEAR	\$ 3,715,390	\$ 6,669,441

8. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

DuPage Water Commission

The City is a charter customer, along with 23 other municipalities, of the DuPage Water Commission (the Commission). The Commission is a Joint Action Agency empowered to finance, construct, acquire, and operate a water supply system to serve municipalities to obtain Lake Michigan water from the City of Chicago and distribute it to customers through a comprehensive distribution system. The City began receiving Lake Michigan water in March 1992. Pursuant to its agreement with the Commission, in January 1989, the City began making payments for its portion of certain commission costs in an amount set forth by the Commission. The City has also adjusted its water rates accordingly to cover such costs. The related costs and revenues have been recorded as operating expenses and revenues of the Water and Wastewater Utility (Enterprise) Fund. The Commission has capitalized all costs including financing components associated with the development of the water facility.

8. **COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)**

Illinois Municipal Electric Agency

The City is a member of the Illinois Municipal Electric Agency (IMEA), a not-for-profit joint action power purchasing agency. The City had not, in the past, purchased power from IMEA. In June 2011, the City began purchasing all of its wholesale power through 2035 from the IMEA.

The City's Power Sales Contract includes a premium adjustment to IMEA to secure additional capacity and energy resources to add to its existing mix of resources in order to be able to service the City. The premium payments to be made to IMEA through 2025 are to offset the projected increase to the average power supply costs to IMEA's 29 existing participating members resulting in acquisition of the resources necessary to serve the City. The projected premium payments are approximately \$61.5 million. The cumulative premium payments through December 31, 2024 are \$53.6 million.

The City's obligation is to purchase its full requirements for power and energy from the IMEA beginning June 1, 2011 and to pay a proportionate share of all IMEA costs.

Naperville Renewable Energy Program

The Naperville Electric Utility's Renewable Energy Program was founded in 2004 to allow residential utility customers to support renewable energy through the purchase of Renewable Energy Certificates (RECs). It was expanded in 2012 to provide renewable energy grants for nonresidential customers. In 2019, the program was further expanded to offer a residential solar grant and implement an educational initiative. In 2020, the utility added energy efficiency grants available to all customers and increased the solar incentive for residential customers. In 2021, the City stopped purchasing RECs, knowing that the greenest watt is the watt not generated. The City now uses Renewable Energy Program funds toward renewable energy grants and energy efficiency projects for residential and nonresidential customers.

The City holds primary responsibility for the program on behalf of its customers. During fiscal year 2024, the City collected \$0.31 million and due to management efficiencies will make all funds, less minimum administration costs, available through grants to directly fund local community based renewable energy and energy efficiency projects within the City. The fund balance of this subfund of the electric utility fund at December 31, 2024 is \$0.30 million.

Development Assistance

The City has entered into various agreements with private organizations to encourage economic development in the City. Some of these agreements provide for rebating a portion of sales tax and hotel tax to the private organizations if certain development benchmarks are achieved. During the year ended December 31, 2024, \$1.58 million in sales tax and \$1.84 million in hotel tax were rebated under these agreements. In 2024, the City reached

8. **COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)**

Development Assistance (Continued)

an agreement with the owners of four hotel developments to extend the expiration of the existing agreements by up to two years. The extensions address the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on these hotel developments. The remaining \$18.67 million will be payable over the next 19 years or sooner if the rebate thresholds are reached. As of December 31, 2024, the Costco Wholesale (Ogden Ave.) development incentive for the rebate of sales tax has been paid in full.

Brixmor Heritage Square, LLC - Block 59 Business District

The City, pursuant to a business district redevelopment agreement dated March 24, 2023, has agreed to reimburse the developer (Brixmor Heritage Square, LLC) for certain project costs the developer has incurred in the Block 59 Business District. The redevelopment agreement also contains a provision providing for the issuance of a business district revenue note not to exceed \$13,400,000. The note will be taxable in the par amount of \$13,400,000 payable solely from the business district sales taxes generated within the Block 59 Business District. Interest on the notes shall accrue at a fixed rate of 6%. The City's revenue note shall be issued and interest on the note will begin accruing upon issuance of the certificate of occupancy for the first Project Building and completion of the Events Plaza. Unpaid interest on the note will compound annually. The note matures at the earlier of the expiration date of the business district or the full payment of the note. As of December 31, 2024, the City had not issued these notes.

9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS

The City contributes to three defined benefit pension plans, the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), a defined benefit agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system, the Police Pension Plan which is a single-employer pension plan, and the Firefighters' Pension Plan which is a single-employer pension plan. A separate report is issued for the Police Pension Plan and Firefighters' Pension Plan and may be obtained by writing to the City at 400 South Eagle Street, Naperville, Illinois 60540. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not by individual employer. That report may be obtained online at www.imrf.org. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions are governed by ILCS and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly.

The table below is a summary for all pension plans as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024:

	IMRF (City Share)	Police Pension	Firefighters' Pension	Total
Net pension liability	\$ 19,333,687	\$ 70,020,255	\$ 73,140,066	\$ 162,494,008
Deferred outflows of resources	15,642,859	18,314,844	14,208,920	48,166,623
Deferred inflows of resources	83,011	-	3,796,256	3,879,267
Pension expense	9,140,154	13,039,267	14,167,184	36,346,605

a. Plan Descriptions

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Plan Administration

All employees (other than those covered by the Police and Firefighters' Pension Plan) hired in positions that need or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. The plan is accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized when earned in the year that the contributions are required, benefits and refunds are recognized as an expense and liability when due and payable.

Benefits Provided

IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

IMRF provides two tiers of pension benefits. Employees hired before January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last ten years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

<u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund</u> (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last ten years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the *lesser* of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Plan Membership

As of December 31, 2024, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive plan members currently receiving	
benefits	997
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet	
receiving benefits	838
Active plan members	841
TOTAL	2,676

Contributions

As set by statute, the City's RP Members are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The City's annual contribution rate for calendar year 2024 was 6.82% of covered payroll.

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

<u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund</u> (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2024. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed, as of December 31, 2024, using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal
Asset valuation method	Fair value
Actuarial assumptions Interest rate	7.25%
Salary increases	2.85% to 13.75%
Cost of living adjustments	3.00%
Inflation	2.25%

For nondisabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 108.0%) and Female (adjusted 106.4%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2021. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2021. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2021.

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

<u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund</u> (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the City's contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, IMRF's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the net pension liability of the City calculated using the discount rate of 7.25% as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)		Current Discount Rate (7.25%)		1% Increase (8.25%)	
Net pension liability (asset) - City Net pension liability (asset) - Library	\$	62,242,829 8,942,809	\$	19,333,687 2,777,789	\$	(15,005,611) (2,155,948)
TOTAL	\$	71,185,638	\$	22,111,476	\$	(17,161,559)

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

<u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund</u> (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	(a) Total Pension Liability	(b) Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(a) - (b) Net Pension Liability
BALANCES AT	ф. 425.01.4.212	Φ 40 C 20 C 4 C 2	Ф. 10.525.550
JANUARY 1, 2024	\$ 425,814,212	\$ 406,286,462	\$ 19,527,750
Changes for the period			
Service cost	5,752,478	-	5,752,478
Interest	30,251,662	-	30,251,662
Difference between expected			
and actual experience	9,750,252	-	9,750,252
Changes in assumptions	-	_	-
Employer contributions	-	4,682,081	(4,682,081)
Employee contributions	-	3,176,081	(3,176,081)
Net investment income	-	39,886,407	(39,886,407)
Benefit payments and refunds	(22,852,300)	(22,852,300)	-
Other (net transfer)	-	(4,573,903)	4,573,903
,			
Net changes	22,902,092	20,318,366	2,583,726
BALANCES AT DECEMBER 31, 2024	\$ 448,716,304	\$ 426,604,828	\$ 22,111,476
DECEMBER 31, 2024	ψ 14 0,/10,304	Φ 420,004,020	Φ 44,111,470

There were changes in assumptions related to the mortality rate tables compared to the previous valuation.

	City		Library		Total
Beginning net pension liability at January 1, 2024	\$	17,203,549	\$	2,324,201	\$ 19,527,750
Employer contributions - 2024		4,073,410		608,671	4,682,081
Ending net pension liability at December 31, 2024		19,333,687		2,777,789	22,111,476

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

<u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund</u> (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, the City recognized pension expense of \$9,140,154 and the Library recognized pension expense of \$1,267,200. At December 31, 2024, the City and Library combined report deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred	
	Outflows of	Inflows of	
	Resources	Resources	Total
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumption Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension	\$ 8,257,747	\$ - (94,938)	\$ 8,257,747 (94,938)
plan investments	9,632,617	-	9,632,617
TOTAL	\$ 17,890,364	\$ (94,938)	\$ 17,795,426
	City	Library	Total
Share of deferred outflows Share of deferred inflows	\$ 15,642,859 (83,011)	\$ 2,247,505 (11,927)	\$ 17,890,364 (94,938)
TOTAL	\$ 15,559,848	\$ 2,235,578	\$ 17,795,426

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to IMRF allocated between the City and Library will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Fiscal Year	City	Library	Total
2025 2026 2027	\$ 8,283,787 13,600,435 (4,376,274)	\$ 1,190,182 1,954,058 (628,766)	\$ 9,473,969 15,554,493 (5,005,040)
2028 2029 Thereafter	(1,948,100)	(279,896)	(2,227,996)
TOTAL	\$ 15,559,848	\$ 2,235,578	\$ 17,795,426

Police Pension Plan

Plan Administration

The Police Pension Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all sworn police personnel. The defined benefits and employee and minimum employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 ILCS 5/3-1) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The City accounts for the Police Pension Fund as a pension trust fund. The Police Pension Fund is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members of the Board of Trustees are appointed by the City Mayor, one member is elected by pension beneficiaries and two members are elected by active police employees.

Plan Membership

At December 31, 2024, the measurement date, membership consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members currently receiving benefits	142
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	8
Active plan members	179
TOTAL	329

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Police Pension Plan (Continued)

Benefits Provided

The following is a summary of the Police Pension Plan as provided for in Illinois State Statutes.

The Police Pension Plan provides retirement benefits through two tiers of benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Covered employees hired before January 1, 2011 (Tier 1), attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of ½ of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.50% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years, to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least eight years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly benefit of a police officer who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3% of the original pension and 3% compounded annually thereafter.

Covered employees hired on or after January 1, 2011 (Tier 2), attaining the age of 55 or older with ten or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to the greater of the average monthly salary obtaining by dividing the total salary during the 48 consecutive months of service within the last of 60 months in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months in that period; or the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the police officer during the 96 consecutive months of service within the last 120 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period. Police officer salary for the pension purposes is capped at \$106,800, plus the lesser of ½ of the annual change in the Consumer Price Index or 3% compounded. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.50% of such a salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least ten years may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (i.e., ½% for each month under 55). The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 police officer shall be increased annually at age 60 on the January 1st after the police office retires, or the first anniversary of the pension starting date, whichever is later. Noncompounding increases occur annually, each January thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3% of ½ of the change in the Consumer Price Index for the proceeding calendar year.

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Police Pension Plan (Continued)

Contributions

Covered employees are required to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan and the administrative costs as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. However, effective January 1, 2011, ILCS requires the City to contribute a minimum amount annually calculated using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method that will result in the funding of 90% of the past service cost by the year 2040. However, the City is funding using the entry age normal actuarial cost method to fund 100% of the past service cost by the year 2033. For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, the City's contribution was 39.07% of covered payroll.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed, as of December 31, 2024, using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal
Asset valuation method	Fair value
Actuarial assumptions Interest rate	6.75%
Salary increases	3.00% to 10.00%
Cost of living adjustments	3.00%
Inflation	2.50%

Mortality rates were based on the PubS-2010 Mortality Table projected five years past the valuation date with Scale MP-2021. The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2024 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study conducted by the Illinois Department of Insurance dated 2019.

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Police Pension Plan (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability at December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that city contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Police Pension Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitive analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the pension liability of the City calculated using the discount rate as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease Discour		1% Increase			
	(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)			
Net pension liability	\$ 117,773,892	\$ 70,020,255	\$ 31,059,133			

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Police Pension Plan (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	(a) Total Pension Liability	(b) Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(a) - (b) Net Pension Liability
BALANCES AT			
JANUARY 1, 2024	\$ 311,507,539	\$ 244,511,779	\$ 66,995,760
Changes for the period			
Service cost	4,634,402	-	4,634,402
Interest	20,875,936	-	20,875,936
Difference between expected			
and actual experience	11,770,669	-	11,770,669
Changes in assumptions	· · · · -	-	-
Changes of benefit terms	_	_	-
Employer contributions	_	8,898,247	(8,898,247)
Employee contributions	_	2,256,809	(2,256,809)
Buy back contributions	1,163,296	1,163,296	-
Net investment income	-,,,,,,,	23,162,495	(23,162,495)
Benefit payments and refunds	(13,737,618)	(13,737,618)	-
Administrative expense	-	(61,039)	61,039
		(0-900)	
Net changes	24,706,685	21,682,190	3,024,495
BALANCES AT			
	¢ 226 214 224	¢ 266 102 060	¢ 70.020.255
DECEMBER 31, 2024	\$ 336,214,224	\$ 266,193,969	\$ 70,020,255

The plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability was 79.17% at December 31, 2024.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (Continued)

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Police Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, the City recognized pension expense of \$13,039,267. At December 31, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred	
	Outflows of	Inflows of	
	Resources	Resources	Total
Difference between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 14,494,537	\$ -	\$ 14,494,537
Changes in assumption	1,536,140	-	1,536,140
Net difference between projected			
and actual earnings on pension			
plan investments	2,284,167	-	2,284,167
			_
TOTAL	\$ 18,314,844	\$ -	\$ 18,314,844

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

	Net Deferred
	Outflows
Fiscal	(Inflows) of
Year	Resources
2025	\$ 6,870,885
2026	8,714,629
2027	(1,840,051)
2028	1,075,812
2029	1,812,045
Thereafter	1,681,524
TOTAL	\$ 18,314,844

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Firefighters' Pension Plan

Plan Administration

The Firefighters' Pension Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all sworn firefighter personnel. The defined benefits and employee and minimum employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 ILCS 5/4-1) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The City accounts for the Firefighters' Pension Fund as a pension trust fund. The Firefighters' Pension Fund is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members of the Board of Trustees are appointed by the City Mayor, one member is elected by pension beneficiaries and two members are elected by active fire employees.

Plan Membership

At December 31, 2024, the measurement date, membership consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members currently receiving benefits	153
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	7
Active plan members	190
TOTAL	350

Benefits Provided

The following is a summary of the Firefighters' Pension Plan as provided for in Illinois State Statutes.

The Firefighters' Pension Plan provides retirement benefits through two tiers of benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Covered employees hired before January 1, 2011 (Tier 1), attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of ½ of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.50% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years, to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least eight years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly benefit of a firefighter who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3% of the original pension and 3% compounded annually thereafter.

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Covered employees hired on or after January 1, 2011 (Tier 2), attaining the age of 55 or older with ten or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to the greater of the average monthly salary obtaining by dividing the total salary during the 48 consecutive months of service within the last of 60 months in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months in that period; or the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the firefighter during the 96 consecutive months of service within the last 120 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period. Firefighters' salary for the pension purposes is capped at \$106,800, plus the lesser of ½ of the annual change in the Consumer Price Index or 3% compounded.

The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.50% of such a salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least ten years may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (i.e., ½% for each month under 55). The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 firefighter shall be increased annually at age 60 on the January 1st after the police office retires, or the first anniversary of the pension starting date, whichever is later. Noncompounding increases occur annually, each January thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3% of ½ of the change in the Consumer Price Index for the proceeding calendar year.

Contributions

Covered employees are required to contribute 9.455% of their base salary to the Firefighters' Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan and the administrative costs as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. However, effective January 1, 2011, ILCS requires the City to contribute a minimum amount annually calculated using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method that will result in the funding of 90% of the past service cost by the year 2040. However, the City is funding using the entry age normal actuarial cost method to fund 100% of the past service cost by the year 2033. For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, the City's contribution was 49.39% of covered payroll.

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed, as of December 31, 2024, using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal
Asset valuation method	Fair value
Actuarial assumptions Interest rate	6.75%
Salary increases	3.00% to 9.00%
Cost of living adjustments	3.00%

Mortality rates were based on the PubS-2010 Mortality Table projected five years past the valuation date with Scale MP-2021.

2.50%

Discount Rate

Inflation

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability at December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that city contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Firefighters' Pension Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitive analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the pension liability of the City calculated using the discount rate as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (5.75%)		
Net pension liability	\$ 122,094,700	\$ 73,140,066	\$ 33,199,131
Changes in the Net Pension Liabil	lity		
	(a) Total Pension Liability	(b) Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(a) - (b) Net Pension Liability
BALANCES AT JANUARY 1, 2024	\$ 320,498,310	\$ 243,447,464	\$ 77,050,846
Changes for the period Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	6,117,301 21,587,540 - 7,658,769	- - - - 11 150 411	6,117,301 21,587,540 - 7,658,769
Employer contributions Employee contributions Net investment income Benefit payments and refunds Administrative expense	(13,600,428)	11,159,411 2,136,490 26,075,834 (13,600,428) (97,345)	(11,159,411) (2,136,490) (26,075,834) - 97,345
Net changes	21,763,182	25,673,962	(3,910,780)
BALANCES AT DECEMBER 31, 2024	\$ 342,261,492	\$ 269,121,426	\$ 73,140,066

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (Continued)

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Continued)

The plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability was 78.63% at December 31, 2024.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, the City recognized pension expense of \$14,167,184. At December 31, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Total
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumption Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension	\$ 8,409,333 5,360,534	\$ (3,796,256) -	\$ 4,613,077 5,360,534
plan investments	439,053	-	439,053
TOTAL	\$ 14,208,920	\$ (3,796,256)	\$ 10,412,664

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

	Net Deferred
	Outflows
Fiscal	(Inflows) of
Year	Resources
2025	\$ 5,796,898
2026	8,125,536
2027	(3,783,928)
2028	(1,623,302)
2029	803,350
Thereafter	1,094,110
TOTAL	\$ 10,412,664

10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

a. Plan Description

In addition to providing the pension benefits described in Note 9, the City provides postemployment health care benefits (OPEB) for retired employees through a single-employer defined benefit plan. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions are governed by the City and can be amended by the City through its personnel manual, except for the implicit subsidy which is governed by the State Legislature and ILCS. The plan does not issue a separate report. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75. The activity of the plan is reported in the City's governmental and business-type activities and the Library's governmental activities.

	 City	Library	Total
Beginning OPEB liability			
at January 1, 2024	\$ 16,787,866	\$ 453,901	\$ 17,241,767
Ending OPEB liability			
at December 31, 2024	16,661,588	419,048	17,080,636

b. Benefits Provided

The City provides continued health insurance coverage at the active employee rates to all eligible retirees in accordance with ILCS, which creates an implicit subsidy of retiree health insurance since the retiree does not pay an age adjusted premium. To be eligible for benefits, an employee must qualify for retirement under the City's retirement plan. The benefit levels are the same as those afforded to active employees. Once reaching Medicare age, retirees are covered by a Medicare supplement plan as opposed to the City's active employee health plan. For certain disabled employees who qualify for health insurance benefits under the Public Safety Employee Benefits Act (PSEBA), the City is required to pay 100% of the cost of basic health insurance for the employee and their dependents for their lifetime.

c. Membership

At December 31, 2024, membership consisted of:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefit payments Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit	100		
payments	-		
Active employees	1,206		
TOTAL	1,306		
TOTAL	1,300		
Participating employers	1		

10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

d. Total OPEB Liability

The total OPEB liability of \$17,080,636 was measured as of December 31, 2024 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the same date.

e. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability at December 31, 2024, as determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 202 actuarial valuation, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified.

Actuarial cost method Entry-age normal

Actuarial value of assets

Not applicable

Salary increases Varies by service

Discount rate 4.28%

Healthcare cost trend rates 8.50% Initial 4.00% Ultimate

The discount rate used in the determination of the total OPEB liability is based on the municipal bond rate. The municipal bond rate was based on the index rate for 20-year tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds rated AA or better at December 31, 2024.

All mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 mortality tables with fully generation improvement using Scale MP-2020.

10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

f. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability
BALANCES AT JANUARY 1, 2024	\$ 17,241,767
Changes for the period	
Service cost	802,016
Interest	702,010
Difference between expected	
and actual experience	39,551
Changes in benefit terms	-
Changes in assumptions	(707,855)
Benefit payments	(996,853)
Net changes	(161,131)
BALANCES AT DECEMBER 31, 2024	\$ 17,080,636

Changes in assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 4.00% for the reporting period ended December 31, 2023, to 4.28% for the reporting period ended December 31, 2024. There were also changes in the healthcare cost trend rates from the previous measurement date.

g. Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and the healthcare cost trend rate. The table below presents the total OPEB liability of the City calculated using the discount rate of 4.28% as well as what the City total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (3.28%) or 1 percentage point higher (5.28%) than the current rate:

	1	Current 1% Decrease Discount Rate (3.28%) (4.28%)		1% Increase (5.28%)		
Total OPEB liability - City Total OPEB liability - Library	\$	18,286,980 459,928	\$	16,661,588 419,048	\$	15,256,832 383,718
TOTAL	\$	18,746,908	\$	17,080,636	\$	15,640,550

10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

g. Rate Sensitivity (Continued)

The table below presents the total OPEB liability of the City calculated using the healthcare rate of 4.00% to 8.50% as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare rate that is 1 percentage point lower (3.00% to 7.50%) or 1 percentage point higher (5.00% to 9.50%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease		Healthcare Rate		1% Increase		
Total OPEB Liability - City Total OPEB Liability - Library	\$	14,909,465 374,981	\$	16,661,588 419,048	\$	18,781,871 472,374	
TOTAL	\$	15,284,446	\$	17,080,636	\$	19,254,245	

h. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the City and Library recognized OPEB expense/(income) of \$401,016 and \$(24,075), respectively. At December 31, 2024, the City and Library reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred			
	Outflows of		Inflows of			
	Resources		Resources			Total
Difference between expected	_					
and actual experience	\$	42,698	\$	(466,368)	\$	(423,670)
Changes in assumption		2,484,598		(3,951,004)		(1,466,406)
	4		_	(4.44=.0=0)	_	(4.000.07.5)
TOTAL	\$	2,527,296	\$	(4,417,372)	\$	(1,890,076)
		City		Lihaom		Total
		City		Library		Total
Share of deferred outflows	\$	2,465,292	\$	62,004	\$	2,527,296
Share of deferred inflows		(4,308,998)		(108,374)		(4,417,372)
TOTAL	Ф	(1.042.706)	Φ	(46.070)	ф	(1,000,076)
TOTAL	\$	(1,843,706)	\$	(46,370)	\$	(1,890,076)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

h. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,		City	Library	Total		
2025	\$	(127,040)	\$ (3,195)	\$	(130,235)	
2026		(220)	(6)		(226)	
2027		(168, 126)	(4,228)		(172,354)	
2028		(744,385)	(18,722)		(763,107)	
2029		(647,700)	(16,290)		(663,990)	
Thereafter		(156,235)	(3,929)		(160,164)	
	<u></u>					
TOTAL	\$	(1,843,706)	\$ (46,370)	\$	(1,890,076)	

11. DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - NAPERVILLE PUBLIC LIBRARY

The following is summary fund financial information for the Library for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024:

Balance Sheet

			e	_			
	General	Buildi	ng	Gift and			Statement of
	Operating	Reser	ve	Memorial	Total	Adjustment	Net Position
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents Property taxes receivable, net of allowance for uncollectible	\$ 2,326,709	\$ 627	\$,705 \$	43,738	\$ 2,998,152	\$ -	\$ 2,998,152
accounts	17,177,493		-	-	17,177,493	-	17,177,493
Interest receivable	9,908		-	-	9,908	-	9,908
Due from other governments	-	146	5,322	-	146,322	-	146,322
Capital assets (net)						0.620.462	0.620.462
Capital assets depreciated, net					-	9,639,462	9,639,462
Total assets	19,514,110	774	,027	43,738	20,331,875	9,639,462	29,971,337
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						2 2 4 7 5 2 5	2.245.505
Deferred items - IMRF	-		-	-	-	2,247,505	2,247,505
Deferred items - OPEB				-	-	62,004	62,004
Total deferred outflows of						2 200 500	2 200 500
resources			-		-	2,309,509	2,309,509
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS							
OF RESOURCES	\$ 19,514,110	\$ 774	,027 \$	43,738	\$ 20,331,875	\$ 11,948,971	\$ 32,280,846

11. DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - NAPERVILLE PUBLIC LIBRARY (Continued)

Balance Sheet (Continued)

	General	Building	Gift and		_	Statement of
	Operating	Reserve	Memorial	Total	Adjustment	Net Position
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES/ NET POSITION						
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued wages and benefits Interest payable Compensated absences SBITAs Net pension liability OPEB liability	\$ 453,116 230,707	\$ 863 - - - - - -	\$ 4,448 - - - - - -	\$ 458,427 230,707 - - - -	\$ - 8,787 1,049,895 496,436 2,777,789 419,048	\$ 458,427 230,707 8,787 1,049,895 496,436 2,777,789 419,048
Total liabilities	683,823	863	4,448	689,134	4,751,955	5,441,089
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred items - IMRF Deferred items - OPEB Unavailable/earned property tax revenue	17,177,493	- -	- - -	- - 17,177,493	11,927 108,374	11,927 108,374 17,177,493
Total deferred inflows of resources	17,177,493	-		17,177,493	120,301	17,297,794
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	17,861,316	863	4,448	17,866,627	4,872,256	22,738,883
FUND BALANCES/ NET POSITION Fund balances Committed for culture and recreation Unassigned Net position Invested in capital assets Unrestricted	1,652,794 - -	773,164 - -	39,290	812,454 1,652,794	(812,454) (1,652,794) 9,143,026 398,937	9,143,026 398,937
Total fund balances/ net position	1,652,794	773,164	39,290	2,465,248	7,076,715	9,541,963
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES/ NET POSITION	\$ 19,514,110	\$ 774,027	\$ 43,738	\$ 20,331,875	\$ 11,948,971	\$ 32,280,846

11. DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - NAPERVILLE PUBLIC LIBRARY (Continued)

Statement of Net Position

			e			
	General	Building	Special Revenue Gift and		•	Statement of
	Operating	Reserve	Memorial	Total	Adjustment	Activities
REVENUES		_	_		_	
Property taxes	\$ 16,464,673	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,464,673	\$ -	\$ 16,464,673
Fines and forfeits	130,655	<u>-</u>	-	130,655	-	130,655
Intergovernmental	-	146,322	-	146,322	-	146,322
Charges for services	3,281	-	-	3,281	-	3,281
Fees	173,040	-	-	173,040	-	173,040
Investment income	79,009	3,036	200	82,245	-	82,245
Contribution	451,253	-	1,441	452,694	779,265	1,231,959
Miscellaneous	27,869	4,907	-	32,776	-	32,776
Total revenues	17,329,780	154,265	1,641	17,485,686	779,265	18,264,951
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES						
Current						
Culture and recreation	17,419,442	1,086,119	7,061	18,512,622	251,787	18,764,409
Debt service						
Principal	116,139	-	-	116,139	(116,139)	-
Interest	232	-	-	232	-	232
Total expenditures/expenses	17,535,813	1,086,119	7,061	18,628,993	135,648	18,764,641
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF						
REVENUES OVER						
EXPENDITURES	(206,033)	(931,854)	(5,420)	(1,143,307)	643,617	(499,690)
En E	(200,000)	(501,001)	(0,.20)	(1,1 10,007)	0.0,017	(.,,,,,,,,,
OTHER FINANCING						
SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	_	500,000	_	500,000	(500,000)	_
Transfers (out)	(500,000)	-	_	(500,000)	500,000	_
SBITA issuances	612,575	_	_	612,575	(612,575)	_
				,		
Total other financing						
sources (uses)	112,575	500,000	-	612,575	(612,575)	-
	•					
NET CHANGE IN FUND						
BALANCES/NET POSITION	(93,458)	(431,854)	(5,420)	(530,732)	31,042	(499,690)
FUND BALANCES/						
NET POSITION AT						
JANUARY 1, 2024	1,746,252	1,205,018	44,710	2,995,980	7,045,673	10,041,653
ELINID DAL ANGEG/						
FUND BALANCES/						
NET POSITION AT	¢ 1.650.504	ф. 7722.164	Ф 20.202	e 2.465.240	e 7.074.71.7	Ф. О.Б.41.0.CC
DECEMBER 31, 2024	\$ 1,652,794	\$ 773,164	\$ 39,290	\$ 2,465,248	\$ 7,076,715	\$ 9,541,963

12. LESSOR DISCLOSURES

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, the City's lessor activity as of December 31, 2024, is as follows:

	Date Range	Payments	Interest	Revenue Collected	Lease Receivable	Deferred Inflow
DuPage Children's Museum	09/2010 - 10/2060	\$5,171 monthly	1.541%	\$ 62,056	\$ 1,707,335	\$ 1,674,711
Trillium Fuel Station land	05/2019 - 05/2029	\$1,500 monthly (CPI annual increase)	0.978%	18,000	77,608	76,385
Cell tower	01/2022 - 12/2036	\$3,810 monthly (3% annual increase)	0.330%	47,088	672,432	652,593
Cell tower	01/1994 - 01/2026	\$11,000 annually	0.426%	11,000	10,810	11,324
Cell tower	09/2005 - 05/2030	\$3,992 monthly (CPI annual increase)	0.426%	51,713	302,630	289,835
Cell tower	09/2005 - 10/2025	\$2,798 monthly (15% annual increase)	0.552%	33,581	27,913	27,697
Cell tower	08/2000 - 08/2025	\$4,198 monthly	0.512%	50,371	33,517	33,161
Parking tower	03/2015 - 12/2047	\$29,229 quarterly	1.511%	116,917	2,266,728	2,228,710
TOTAL				\$ 390,726	\$ 5,098,973	\$ 4,994,416

13. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Subsequent to December 31, 2024, the City issued \$42,915,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2025. The proceeds of the bonds will be used to refund the General Obligation Bonds, Series 2013 and to fund water and electrical infrastructure projects.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND

	 Budgeted Original	d A	mount Final	Actual	ariance with inal Budget Under (Over)
	 Original		Tillai	Actual	(Over)
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ 28,383,463	\$	28,383,463	\$ 28,487,466	\$ (104,003)
Utility tax	14,265,000		14,265,000	14,241,113	23,887
Other taxes	7,002,245		7,002,245	7,029,206	(26,961)
Intergovernmental	79,761,028		79,761,028	81,446,192	(1,685,164)
Charges for services	19,791,857		19,791,857	18,050,948	1,740,909
Licenses and permits	2,261,750		2,261,750	3,048,782	(787,032)
Fines and forfeitures	1,142,500		1,142,500	1,187,755	(45,255)
Franchise fees	2,874,173		2,874,173	2,521,931	352,242
Investment income	1,258,820		1,258,820	3,071,056	(1,812,236)
Miscellaneous	431,000		431,000	667,631	(236,631)
m . 1	 157 171 026		157 171 026	150 752 000	
Total revenues	 157,171,836		157,171,836	159,752,080	(2,580,244)
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	22,794,230		22,794,230	19,699,998	3,094,232
Physical environment	9,979,011		9,979,011	9,724,024	254,987
Public safety	94,556,020		94,556,020	97,246,427	(2,690,407)
Transportation	24,855,865		24,855,865	22,305,138	2,550,727
Culture and recreation	98,960		98,960	80,497	18,463
Debt service	,		,	,	,
Principal	2,274,008		2,274,008	2,274,008	_
Interest and and fiscal charges	140,689		140,689	140,689	-
Total expenditures	 154,698,783		154,698,783	151,470,781	3,228,002
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	 2,473,053		2,473,053	8,281,299	(5,808,246)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers (out)	(1,651,489)		(1,651,489)	(2,091,886)	440,397
Sale of capital assets	-		(1,031,407)	13,982	(13,982)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,651,489)		(1,651,489)	(2,077,904)	426,415
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ 821,564	\$	821,564	6,203,395	\$ (5,381,831)
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP BASIS				_	
an multi-				0.455.440	
SBITA issuance				3,175,668	
Capitalized SBITA assets				(3,682,668)	
Lease issuance				147,856	
Capitalized leased assets				(147,856)	
Total adjustments to GAAP basis				(507,000)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - GAAP BASIS				5,696,395	
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1				79,776,831	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31				\$ 85,473,226	

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

December 31, 2024

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP with the exception of the General Fund. Annual budgets are adopted at the fund level for the Governmental and Proprietary Funds, except for the Heinen Business District Fund. The annual budget is legally enacted and provides for a legal level of control at the fund level. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. Budget amendments were made during the current fiscal year.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, expenditures exceeded budget in the following funds:

Fund	Final Budget	Expenditures
Debt Service	\$ 9,563,701	\$ 9,567,642
Motor Fuel Tax	10,601,539	12,324,967
Foreign Fire Insurance Tax	388,100	482,100

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

Last Ten Fiscal Years

FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Actuarially determined contributions	\$ 6,026,372	\$ 6,217,283	\$ 6,233,486	\$ 6,037,819	\$ 5,155,923	\$ 6,266,110	\$ 6,825,231	\$ 5,356,176	\$ 5,034,166	\$ 4,682,081
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	6,026,372	6,217,283	6,233,486	6,037,819	5,155,923	6,266,110	6,825,231	5,356,176	5,034,166	4,682,081
CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 51,417,441	\$ 51,486,313	\$ 52,718,201	\$ 52,896,450	\$ 53,906,933	\$ 56,081,457	\$ 59,432,005	\$ 60,878,390	\$ 63,776,012	\$ 68,652,197
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	11.72%	12.08%	11.82%	11.41%	9.56%	11.17%	11.48%	8.80%	7.89%	6.82%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Actuarial cost method Entry-age normal Amortization method Level % pay (closed)

Remaining amortization period 19 years

Asset valuation method Five-year smoothed fair value

Inflation 2.25%

Salary increases 2.75% to 13.75%

Investment rate of return 7.25%

Retirement age See the notes to financial statements Mortality See the notes to financial statements

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS POLICE PENSION FUND

Last Ten Fiscal Years

FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Actuarially determined contributions	\$ 4,809,036	\$ 5,829,394	\$ 6,538,474	\$ 7,129,194	\$ 7,043,970	\$ 7,290,728	\$ 7,814,816	\$ 8,089,611	\$ 7,935,181	\$ 8,074,603
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 4,809,036	5,829,394	6,538,474	7,129,194	7,043,970	7,290,728	7,814,816	8,089,611	7,935,181	8,074,603
CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY (Excess)	\$ 	\$ _	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -	\$
Additional voluntary contribution	\$ 536,397	\$ 500,194	\$ 139,333	\$ 95,127	\$ 92,532	\$ 1,000	\$ 70,459	\$ 173,112	\$ 759,101	\$ 823,644
Total contributions	\$ 5,345,433	\$ 6,329,588	\$ 6,677,807	\$ 7,224,321	\$ 7,136,502	\$ 7,291,728	\$ 7,885,275	\$ 8,262,723	\$ 8,694,282	\$ 8,898,247
Covered payroll	\$ 16,683,031	\$ 17,893,623	\$ 18,050,807	\$ 17,795,368	\$ 18,791,726	\$ 19,141,544	\$ 21,315,055	\$ 20,844,894	\$ 21,335,954	\$ 22,773,047
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	32.04%	35.37%	36.99%	40.60%	37.98%	38.09%	36.99%	39.64%	40.75%	39.07%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Entry-age normal Actuarial cost method Level % pay (closed) Amortization method

Remaining amortization period 11 years

Asset valuation method Five-year smoothed fair value

Inflation 2.50% Salary increases 5.00% Investment rate of return 6.75%

Retirement age Tier 1: Age 50 and 20 years of Credited Service

Tier 2: Age 55 and 10 years of Credited Service

PubS-2010, projected five years past the valuation date with Scale MP-2021 Mortality

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND

Last Ten Fiscal Years

FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,	2015	2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022		2023		2024
Actuarially determined contributions	\$ 4,820,338	\$ 5,871,947	\$	7,237,440	\$	8,896,264	\$	8,939,980	\$	9,711,228	\$	10,255,249	\$ 1	10,619,200	\$	10,011,276	\$	10,327,860
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 4,820,338	5,871,947		7,237,440		8,896,264		8,939,980		9,711,228		10,255,249	1	10,619,200		10,011,276		10,327,860
CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY (Excess)	\$ _	\$ -	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Additional voluntary contribution	\$ 535,385	\$ 543,549	\$	100,760	\$	107,960	\$	110,126	\$	-	\$	104,812	\$	155,158	\$	762,824	\$	831,551
Total contributions	\$ 5,355,723	\$ 6,415,496	\$	7,338,200	\$	9,004,224	\$	9,050,106	\$	9,711,228	\$	10,360,061	\$ 1	10,774,358	\$	10,774,100	\$	11,159,411
Covered payroll	\$ 18,315,408	\$ 18,576,954	\$	19,262,676	\$	19,168,091	\$	20,110,175	\$	21,705,627	\$	21,366,473	\$ 2	21,211,867	\$	22,310,153	\$	22,596,404
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	26.32%	31.61%		37.57%		46.41%		44.46%		44.74%		48.00%		50.06%		48.29%		49.39%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Entry-age normal Actuarial cost method Level % pay (closed) Amortization method

Remaining amortization period 11 years

Asset valuation method Five-year smoothed fair value

Inflation 2.50% Salary increases 5.00% Investment rate of return 6.75%

Retirement age Tier 1: Age 50 and 20 years of Credited Service

Tier 2: Age 55 and 10 years of Credited Service

PubS-2010, projected five years past the valuation date with Scale MP-2021 Mortality

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

Last Ten Fiscal Years

MEASUREMENT DATE DECEMBER 31,	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY										
Service cost	\$ 5,623,110	\$ 5,569,481	\$ 5,538,779	\$ 5,185,160	\$ 5,406,119	\$ 5,532,729	\$ 5,333,756	\$ 5,586,570	\$ 5,653,251	\$ 5,752,478
Interest	20,562,051	21,744,892	22,718,596	23,410,727	24,350,281	25,520,573	26,395,701	28,031,226	29,077,102	30,251,662
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected										
and actual experience	626,724	(2,265,178)	4,058,008	480,406	2,382,717	1,395,718	9,917,115	1,715,817	4,070,450	9,750,252
Change of assumptions	358,132	(740,500)	(9,514,997)	9,247,031	-	(2,662,728)	-	-	(244,424)	-
Benefit payments, including refunds										
of member contributions	(10,515,189)	(11,410,419)	(12,761,262)	(14,029,079)	(15,392,674)	(16,728,260)	(18,503,886)	(19,924,140)	(21,958,030)	(22,852,300)
Net change in total pension liability	16,654,828	12,898,276	10,039,124	24,294,245	16,746,443	13,058,032	23,142,686	15,409,473	16,598,349	22,902,092
Total pension liability - beginning	276,972,756	293,627,584	306,525,860	316,564,984	340,859,229	357,605,672	370,663,704	393,806,390	409,215,863	425,814,212
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY - ENDING	\$ 293,627,584	\$ 306,525,860	\$ 316,564,984	\$ 340,859,229	\$ 357,605,672	\$ 370,663,704	\$ 393,806,390	\$ 409,215,863	\$ 425,814,212	\$ 448,716,304
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION										
Contributions - employer	\$ 6.026.372	\$ 6,217,283	\$ 6,233,486	\$ 6.037.819	\$ 5,155,923	\$ 6,266,110	\$ 6,825,231	\$ 5,356,176	\$ 5,034,166	\$ 4,682,081
Contributions - members	2,325,703	2,364,110	2,431,700	2,500,845	2,665,789	2,567,185	2,703,955	2,773,279	3,005,875	3,176,081
Net investment income	1,278,894	17,659,805	46,307,985	(15,495,449)		47,837,703	63,393,933	(54,058,150)	40,541,862	39,886,407
Benefit payments, including refunds	, ,	.,,	.,,.	(-,, -,	, ,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,	(- ,,,	- ,- ,	,,
of member contributions	(10,515,189)	(11,410,419)	(12,761,262)	(14,029,079)	(15,392,674)	(16,728,260)	(18,503,886)	(19,924,140)	(21,958,030)	(22,852,300)
Other	(715,829)	1,156,632	(3,683,564)	4,271,932	1,033,921	1,399,334	(250,791)	(411,876)	10,051,774	(4,573,903)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(1,600,049)	15,987,411	38,528,345	(16,713,932)	47,302,906	41,342,072	54,168,442	(66,264,711)	36,675,647	20,318,366
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	256,860,331	255,260,282	271,247,693	309,776,038	293,062,106	340,365,012	381,707,084	435,875,526	369,610,815	406,286,462
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 255,260,282	\$ 271,247,693	\$ 309,776,038	\$ 293,062,106	\$ 340,365,012	\$ 381,707,084	\$ 435,875,526	\$ 369,610,815	\$ 406,286,462	\$ 426,604,828
EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)	\$ 38,367,302	\$ 35,278,167	\$ 6,788,946	\$ 47,797,123	\$ 17,240,660	\$ (11,043,380)	\$ (42,069,136)	\$ 39,605,048	\$ 19,527,750	\$ 22,111,476

MEASUREMENT DATE DECEMBER 31,	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	86.93%	88.49%	97.86%	85.98%	95.18%	102.98%	110.68%	90.32%	95.41%	95.07%
Covered payroll	\$ 51,417,441	\$ 51,486,313	\$ 52,718,201	\$ 52,896,450	\$ 53,906,933	\$ 56,081,457	\$ 59,432,005	\$ 60,878,390	\$ 63,776,012	\$ 68,652,197
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	74.62%	68.52%	12.88%	90.36%	31.98%	(19.69%)	(70.79%)	65.06%	30.62%	32.21%

Measurement Date December 31, 2015 - There was a change with respect to actuarial assumptions. Certain demographic assumptions were changed, which impacted mortality rates, mortality improvement rates, retirement rates, disability rates, and termination rates.

Measurement Date December 31, 2016 - There was a change with respect to actuarial assumptions. Changes in assumptions related to mortality were made since the prior measurement date. Additionally, the discount rate was changed from 7.48% to 7.50%.

Measurement Date December 31, 2017 - Assumptions related to salary increases were changed from 3.75% - 14.50% to 3.39% - 14.25%. Assumptions related to price inflation were changed from 2.75% to 2.50%. Additionally, certain demographic assumptions were changed, which impacted mortality rates and retirement rates.

Measurement Date December 31, 2018 - There was a change with respect to actuarial assumptions. Changes in assumptions related to the discount rate. The discount rate was changed from 7.50% to 7.25%.

Measurement Date December 31, 2020 - There was a change with respect to actuarial assumptions. Changes in assumptions related to the inflation rate, salary increases, and the mortality rate.

Measurement Date December 31, 2023 - There was a change with respect to actuarial assumptions. Changes in assumptions related the mortality rate.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS POLICE PENSION FUND

Last Ten Fiscal Years

MEASUREMENT DATE DECEMBER 31,	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
MENSOREMENT DITTE DECEMBER 61,	2013	2010	2017	2010	201)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY										
Service cost	\$ 2,635,406	\$ 4,113,967	\$ 4,277,831	\$ 4,341,621	\$ 4,181,667	\$ 3,975,082	\$ 4,248,416	\$ 4,371,545	\$ 4,378,221	\$ 4,634,402
Interest	8,904,818	13,993,038	14,216,220	15,123,748	15,819,177	17,044,614	17,961,116	18,929,691	20,023,805	20,875,936
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-	-	595,481	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected										
and actual experience	(1,398,497)	(11,518,319)	1,578,661	(1,365,474)	529,725	2,077,633	2,955,362	4,237,446	913,646	11,770,669
Change of assumptions	-	3,016,340	-	-	8,997,231	1,744,714	3,736,061	-	-	-
Contributions - buy back	-	-	-	-	-	32,078	458,679	1,165,117	499,000	1,163,296
Benefit payments, including refunds										
of member contributions	(3,958,442)	(6,365,209)	(6,817,646)	(7,525,979)	(8,484,509)	(9,278,600)	(10,650,950)	(11,846,990)	(13,155,753)	(13,737,618)
No. of the second secon	C 192 295	2 220 817	12.255.066	10.572.016	21 (29 772	15 505 521	10 700 604	16.956.900	12 (59 010	24.706.695
Net change in total pension liability	6,183,285	3,239,817	13,255,066	10,573,916	21,638,772	15,595,521	18,708,684	16,856,809	12,658,919	24,706,685
Total pension liability - beginning	192,796,750	198,980,035	202,219,852	215,474,918	226,048,834	247,687,606	263,283,127	281,991,811	298,848,620	311,507,539
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY - ENDING	\$ 198,980,035	\$ 202,219,852	\$ 215,474,918	\$ 226,048,834	\$ 247,687,606	\$ 263,283,127	\$ 281,991,811	\$ 298,848,620	\$ 311,507,539	\$ 336,214,224
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION										
Contributions - employer	\$ 5,345,433	\$ 6,329,588	\$ 6,677,807	\$ 7,224,321	\$ 7,136,502	\$ 7,291,728	\$ 7,885,275	\$ 8,262,723	\$ 8,694,282	8,898,247
Contributions - members	1,117,257	1,773,258	1,788,835	1,763,521	1,862,260	1,896,927	2,112,322	2,065,729	2,114,393	2,256,809
Contributions - other	2,237	21,704	-	-	-	32,078	458,679	1,165,117	499,000	1,163,296
Net investment income	(4,333,440)	11,562,097	20,204,239	(8,335,403)	28,666,783	24,922,152	27,524,492	(30,462,666)	29,178,702	23,162,495
Benefit payments, including refunds								, , , ,		
of member contributions	(3,950,028)	(6,386,913)	(6,817,646)	(7,525,979)	(8,484,509)	(9,278,600)	(10,650,950)	(11,846,990)	(13,155,753)	(13,737,618)
Administrative expense	(67,226)	(53,912)	(66,441)	(78,441)	(83,118)	(87,774)	(59,256)	(77,021)	(60,201)	(61,039)
Not should in alon fiducion, not modifica	(1,885,767)	12 245 922	21,786,794	(6,951,981)	29,097,918	24,776,511	27,270,562	(30,893,108)	27,270,423	21,682,190
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(1,885,767)	13,245,822	21,786,794	(6,951,981)	29,097,918	24,776,511	27,270,562	(30,893,108)	21,210,423	21,682,190
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	140,794,605	138,908,838	152,154,660	173,941,454	166,989,473	196,087,391	220,863,902	248,134,464	217,241,356	244,511,779
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 138,908,838	\$ 152,154,660	\$ 173,941,454	\$ 166,989,473	\$ 196,087,391	\$ 220,863,902	\$ 248,134,464	\$ 217,241,356	\$ 244,511,779	\$ 266,193,969
										-
EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY	\$ 60,071,197	\$ 50,065,192	\$ 41,533,464	\$ 59,059,361	\$ 51,600,215	\$ 42,419,225	\$ 33,857,347	\$ 81,607,264	\$ 66,995,760	\$ 70,020,255

MEASUREMENT DATE DECEMBER 31,	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	69.81%	75.24%	80.72%	73.87%	79.17%	83.89%	87.99%	72.69%	78.49%	79.17%
Covered payroll	\$ 16,683,031	\$ 17,893,623	\$ 18,050,807	\$ 17,795,368	\$ 18,791,726	\$ 19,141,544	\$ 21,315,055	\$ 20,844,894	\$ 21,335,954	\$ 22,773,047
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	360.07%	279.79%	230.09%	331.88%	274.59%	221.61%	158.84%	391.50%	314.00%	307.47%

Measurement Date December 31, 2016, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from the following assumption changes:

For healthy lives, the mortality rates were updated from RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality with a blue collar adjustment to RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality with a blue collar adjustment, projected to the valuation date using Scale BB.

For disabled lives, the mortality rates were updated from RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality to RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality, projected to the valuation date using Scale BB.

The Salary Scale assumptions was changed from 5.00% to service based.

Measurement Date December 31, 2019, change of assumptions related to changes in mortality rates updated to reflect PubS-2010 tables, discount rate was updated from 7.00% to 6.90%, termination and disability rates were updated to the rates determined in the State of Illinois Department of Insurance experience study dated October 5, 2017, and retirement and salary increase rates were updated to the rates determined in the experience study dates June 25, 2019. Changes in benefit terms were a result of Public Act 101-0610.

Measurement Date December 31, 2020, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from the following assumption changes: The discount rate was updated from 6.90% to 6.85%.

Measurement Date December 31, 2021, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from the following assumption changes: The discount rate was updated from 6.85% to 6.75%.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION PLAN

Last Ten Fiscal Years

MEASUREMENT DATE DECEMBER 31,	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY										
Service cost	\$ 3,038,367	\$ 5,196,429	\$ 5,414,018	\$ 5,195,663	\$ 5,419,442	\$ 5,343,193	\$ 5,780,537	\$ 5,731,999	\$ 5,941,162	\$ 6,117,301
Interest	8,558,822	14,032,562	14,813,198	15,645,078	16,654,316	18,019,207	18,972,785	20,105,169	20,796,537	21,587,540
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-	-	770,343	-	-	-	· · ·	-
Differences between expected										
and actual experience	5,414,803	(5,954,167)	(96,584)	2,403,795	(1,444,815)	797,795	3,606,171	(3,467,192)	(2,035,319)	7,658,769
Change of assumptions	-	4,639,327	-	-	11,900,170	1,838,412	3,957,531	-	-	-
Contributions buy-back	-	-	15,593	22,660	-	-	-	-	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds										
of member contributions	(3,869,445)	(6,423,714)	(7,535,884)	(8,551,855)	(9,594,725)	(10,393,422)	(10,824,407)	(11,953,787)	(12,719,506)	(13,600,428)
Net change in total pension liability	13,142,547	11,490,437	12,610,341	14,715,341	23,704,731	15,605,185	21,492,617	10,416,189	11,982,874	21,763,182
Total pension liability - beginning	185,338,048	198,480,595	209,971,032	222,581,373	237,296,714	261,001,445	276,606,630	298,099,247	308,515,436	320,498,310
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY - ENDING	\$ 198,480,595	\$ 209,971,032	\$ 222,581,373	\$ 237,296,714	\$ 261,001,445	\$ 276,606,630	\$ 298,099,247	\$ 308,515,436	\$ 320,498,310	\$ 342,261,492
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION										
Contributions - employer	\$ 5,355,723	\$ 6,415,496	\$ 7,338,200	\$ 9,004,224	\$ 9,050,106	\$ 9,711,228	\$ 10,360,061	\$ 10,774,358	\$ 10,774,100	\$ 11,159,411
Contributions - members	1,181,158	1,756,451	1,821,286	1,812,343	1,901,417	2,052,267	2,020,200	2,005,582	2,109,425	2,136,490
Contributions buy-back	-	-	15,593	22,660	· · ·	-	-	-	· · · ·	-
Net investment income	(4,543,027)	11,586,944	20,265,831	(9,573,948)	29,456,020	19,784,694	26,677,515	(36,324,924)	32,115,833	26,075,834
Benefit payments, including refunds										
of member contributions	(3,869,445)	(6,423,714)	(7,535,884)	(8,551,855)	(9,594,725)	(10,393,422)	(10,824,407)	(11,953,787)	(12,719,507)	(13,600,428)
Administrative expense	(82,866)	(123,773)	(126,490)	(109,783)	(131,445)	(112,884)	(130,042)	(112,025)	(91,197)	(97,345)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(1,958,457)	13,211,404	21,778,536	(7,396,359)	30,681,373	21,041,883	28,103,327	(35,610,796)	32,188,654	25,673,962
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	141,407,899	139,449,442	152,660,846	174,439,382	167,043,023	197,724,396	218,766,279	246,869,606	211,258,810	243,447,464
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 139,449,442	\$ 152,660,846	\$ 174,439,382	\$ 167,043,023	\$ 197,724,396	\$ 218,766,279	\$ 246,869,606	\$ 211,258,810	\$ 243,447,464	\$ 269,121,426
EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY	\$ 59,031,153	\$ 57,310,186	\$ 48,141,991	\$ 70,253,691	\$ 63,277,049	\$ 57,840,351	\$ 51,229,641	\$ 97,256,626	\$ 77,050,846	\$ 73,140,066

MEASUREMENT DATE DECEMBER 31,	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70.26%	72.71%	78.37%	70.39%	75.76%	79.09%	82.81%	68.48%	75.96%	78.63%
Covered payroll	\$ 18,315,408 \$	18,576,954	\$ 19,262,676	\$ 19,168,091	\$ 20,110,175	\$ 21,705,627	\$ 21,366,473	\$ 21,211,867	\$ 22,310,153	\$ 22,596,404
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	322.30%	308.50%	249.92%	366.51%	314.65%	266.48%	239.77%	458.50%	345.36%	323.68%

Measurement Date December 31, 2016, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from the following assumption changes:

For healthy lives, the mortality rates were updated from RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality with a blue collar adjustment to RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality with a blue collar adjustment, projected to the valuation date using Scale BB.

For disabled lives, the mortality rates were updated from RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality to RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality, projected to the valuation date using Scale BB.

The Salary Scale assumptions was changed from 5.00% to service based.

Measurement Date December 31, 2019, change of assumptions related to changes in mortality rates updated to reflect PubS-2010 tables, discount rate was updated from 7.00% to 6.90%, termination and disability rates were updated to the rates determined in the State of Illinois Department of Insurance experience study dated October 5, 2017, and retirement and salary increase reates were updated to the rates determined in the experience study dates June 25, 2019. Changes in benefit terms were a result of Public Act 101-0610.

Measurement Date December 31, 2020, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from the following assumption changes: The discount rate was updated from 6.90% to 6.85%.

Measurement Date December 31, 2021, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from the following assumption changes: The discount rate was updated from 6.85% to 6.75%.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

Last Seven Fiscal Years

MEASUREMENT DATE DECEMBER 31,	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY							
Service cost	\$ 592,889	\$ 530,088	\$ 657,205	\$ 985,979	\$ 953,588	\$ 718,508	\$ 802,016
Interest	530,864	602,786	538,707	422,281	483,393	711,080	702,010
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected							
and actual experience	-	-	20,112	-	(746,187)	-	39,551
Changes of assumptions	(1,040,027)	1,376,979	4,705,917	(792,930)	(4,472,526)	500,846	(707,855)
Benefit payments, including refunds							
of member contributions	(721,170)	(782,469)	(845,067)	(943,862)	(1,014,652)	(927,305)	(996,853)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(637,444)	1,727,384	5,076,874	(328,532)	(4,796,384)	1,003,129	(161,131)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	15,196,740	14,559,296	16,286,680	21,363,554	21,035,022	16,238,638	17,241,767
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY - ENDING	\$ 14,559,296	\$ 16,286,680	\$ 21,363,554	\$ 21,035,022	\$ 16,238,638	\$ 17,241,767	\$ 17,080,636
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 85,747,519	\$ 88,525,739	\$ 96,082,777	\$ 99,858,830	\$ 94,853,762	\$ 99,112,696	\$ 104,884,878
Employer's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	16.98%	18.40%	22.23%	21.06%	17.12%	17.40%	16.29%

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

December 31, 2024: Changes in assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 4.00% to 4.28%. Also reflected as assumption changes are updated health care costs and premiums and updated health care cost trend rates.

December 31, 2023: Changes in assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 4.31% to 4.00%.

December 31, 2022: Changes in assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.25% to 4.31%. Also reflected as assumption changes are updated health care costs and premiums and updated health care cost trend rates, updated termination and retirement, and mortality rates.

December 31, 2021: Changes in assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 1.93% to 2.25%.

Dcember 31, 2020: Changes in assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.26% to 1.93%, updated retirement, termination, disability, and mortality tables, updated salary increase rates, updated health care costs and premiums, and updated health care cost trend rates

December 31, 2019: Changes in assumptions relate to a decrease in the discount rate from 4.10% to 3.26%.

December 31, 2018: Because this is implementation year of GASB 74/75, the beginning total OPEB liability is based on the same data and plan provisions as the ending total OPEB liability. For the purpose of developing changes in OPEB liability for GABS 74/75 reporting, the only change in assumptions was the discount rate.

Ultimately, this schedule should present information for the last ten years. However, until ten years of information can be compiled, information will be presented for as many years as is available.

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS POLICE PENSION FUND

Last Ten Fiscal Years

FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Annual money-weighted rate of return,										
net of investment expense	(3.10%)	8.41%	13.29%	(4.73%)	16.89%	12.78%	12.57%	(12.30%)	13.70%	9.80%

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND

Last Ten Fiscal Years

FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Annual money-weighted rate of return,										
net of investment expense	(3.20%)	8.32%	13.31%	(5.43%)	17.67%	10.03%	12.27%	(15.80%)	15.37%	10.89%

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

GENERAL FUND

General Fund - This fund is the general operating fund of the City. The General Fund should be used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

Debt Service Fund - This fund is funded by a property tax restricted for the payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds in accordance with the bond ordinance authorizing the issuance of the bonds. The City has elected to present this fund as major.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Capital Projects Fund - This fund is used to account for major capital improvement projects on an as needed basis. Yearly transfers from the other funds are done for funding of capital improvement projects.

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		nriance with inal Budget Under (Over)
DDODEDTV TAVEC							
PROPERTY TAXES	Φ 0.001.0	νοο Φ	0.001.000	Φ	10.047.020	Φ	(66.020)
General	\$ 9,981,0		, ,	\$	10,047,020	\$	(66,020)
Police Pension	8,074,6		8,074,603		8,091,077		(16,474)
Firefighters' Pension	10,327,8	.60	10,327,860		10,349,369		(21,509)
Total property taxes	28,383,4	-63	28,383,463		28,487,466		(104,003)
UTLITY TAXES	14,265,0	000	14,265,000		14,241,113		23,887
OTHER TAXES							
Auto rental tax	140,0	000	140,000		186,867		(46,867)
Real estate transfer tax	4,537,0		4,537,000		4,813,549		(276,549)
Hotel/motel tax	2,080,0		2,080,000		1,789,085		290,915
Cannabis tax	245,2		245,245		239,705		5,540
Total other taxes	7,002,2	245	7,002,245		7,029,206		(26,961)
INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE							
Sales and use tax	52 (10 2	200	F2 (10 2(0		£4.939.065		(1.200, 605)
State income tax	53,619,3		53,619,360		54,828,965		(1,209,605)
	25,122,7		25,122,720		25,394,941		(272,221)
Personal property replacement tax	598,4		598,444		534,767		63,677
Federal grants State grants	232,0 188,5		232,000 188,504		289,302 398,217		(57,302) (209,713)
State grants		04	100,504		370,217		(20),713)
Total intergovernmental revenue	79,761,0	28	79,761,028		81,446,192		(1,685,164)
CHARGES FOR SERVICES							
Operational transfer	5,600,2	.73	5,600,273		5,561,539		38,734
Developer contributions	150,0	00	150,000		82,000		68,000
Rental income	5,0	000	5,000		50,586		(45,586)
Administrative tow fee	200,0	00	200,000		195,548		4,452
DPW - services for DPU	147,8	13	147,813		251,248		(103,435)
N.F.P.D contract	1,561,7		1,561,700		1,400,170		161,530
Ambulance fees	9,500,0	00	9,500,000		8,060,713		1,439,287
Fire services	361,1		361,170		195,578		165,592
Fire alarm monitoring	700,0		700,000		163,457		536,543
Police services	797,9		797,901		844,474		(46,573)
Billable TED service	48,0	00	48,000		80,824		(32,824)
TED services		-	-		19,373		(19,373)
Engineering fees	85,0		85,000		568,961		(483,961)
Entitlement fees	76,0		76,000		159,651		(83,651)
Household hazardous waste	160,0	00	160,000		127,500		32,500
Other charges for services	399,0	00	399,000		289,326		109,674
Total charges for services	19,791,8	357	19,791,857		18,050,948		1,740,909

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND

		Priginal Budget		Final Budget		Actual		riance with nal Budget Under (Over)
TAGENIANA AND DEDUCTOR								
LICENSES AND PERMITS								
Licenses	•	607 000	Φ.	<25 000	Φ.	c10 c10	Φ.	21 201
Liquor	\$	635,000	\$	635,000	\$	613,619	\$	21,381
Tobacco		18,000		18,000		17,600		400
Business license		1,650		1,650		1,600		50
Basset		46,000		46,000		43,280		2,720
Electric license		28,750		28,750		33,410		(4,660)
Contractor license		18,350		18,350		13,215		5,135
Total licenses		747,750		747,750		722,724		25,026
Permits								
Commercial		720,000		720,000		1,242,780		(522,780)
Residential		590,000		590,000		956,493		(366,493)
Plan review		_		-		10,532		(10,532)
Fire alarm/sprinkler		180,000		180,000		105,621		74,379
Other		24,000		24,000		10,632		13,368
Total permits		1,514,000		1,514,000		2,326,058		(812,058)
Total licenses and permits		2,261,750		2,261,750		3,048,782		(787,032)
FINES AND FORFEITURES								
Traffic		825,000		825,000		771,434		53,566
Ordinance violations		17,500		17,500		15,885		1,615
Parking		75,000		75,000		192,516		(117,516)
Other		225,000		225,000		207,920		17,080
Total fines and forfeitures		1,142,500		1,142,500		1,187,755		(45,255)
FRANCHISE FEES								
RCN - cable franchise fee		275,000		275,000		235,538		39,462
RCN - 1% support fee		53,000		53,000		47,108		5,892
Comcast - cable franchise fee		1,700,000		1,700,000		1,374,737		325,263
Comcast - 1% support fee		330,000		330,000		274,947		55,053
Lease revenue		337,893		337,893		439,454		(101,561)
AT&T - cable franchise fee		150,000		150,000		125,122		24,878
AT&T - 1% support fee		28,280		28,280		25,025		3,255
Total franchise fees		2,874,173		2,874,173		2,521,931		352,242
INVESTMENT INCOME		1,258,820		1,258,820		3,071,056		(1,812,236)

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Under (Over)
MISCELLANEOUS				
Late payment charge	\$ 32,000	\$ 32,000	\$ 29,518	\$ 2,482
Sale of surplus property	40,000	40,000	15,851	24,149
Bad debt recovery	50,000	50,000	41,226	8,774
Damage to city property	140,000	140,000	70,055	69,945
Rebate programs	53,000	53,000	54,259	(1,259)
Tree reimbursement	51,000	51,000	91,580	(40,580)
Miscellaneous revenues	65,000	65,000	365,142	(300,142)
Total miscellaneous	431,000	431,000	667,631	(236,631)
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 157,171,836	\$ 157,171,836	\$ 159,752,080	\$ (2,580,244)

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	riance with nal Budget Under (Over)
GENERAL GOVERNMENT				
Legislative				
Mayor and City Council				
Salaries and wages	\$ 235,422	\$ 235,422	\$ 174,496	\$ 60,926
Benefits and related	53,684	53,684	46,135	7,549
Contracted services	21,235	21,235	10,804	10,431
Internal services	8,641	8,641	8,640	1
Supplies	 2,500	2,500	1,541	959
Total Mayor and City Council	 321,482	321,482	241,616	79,866
Alcohol and Tobacco Commission				
Contracted services	21,700	21,700	9,086	12,614
Supplies	 3,050	3,050	1,460	1,590
Total Alcohol and Tobacco Commission	 24,750	24,750	10,546	14,204
Legal				
Legal department				
Salaries and wages	691,316	691,316	708,035	(16,719)
Benefits and related	201,196	201,196	209,693	(8,497)
Contracted services	31,500	31,500	37,614	(6,114)
Internal services	7,856	7,856	7,848	8
Supplies	 22,250	22,250	6,505	15,745
Total legal department	 954,118	954,118	969,695	(15,577)
Executive				
City Manager's Office				
Salaries and wages	625,063	625,063	645,268	(20,205)
Benefits and related	144,097	144,097	167,730	(23,633)
Contracted services	273,950	273,950	139,035	134,915
Internal services	13,064	13,064	13,068	(4)
Supplies	 27,000	27,000	24,847	2,153
Total City Manager's Office	 1,083,174	1,083,174	989,948	93,226
Sister Cities Commission				
Contracted services	 3,350	3,350	2,125	1,225
Total Sister Cities Commission	 3,350	3,350	2,125	1,225
Board of Fire and Police				
Contracted services	168,325	168,325	145,360	22,965
Supplies	 4,100	4,100	1,094	3,006
Total Board of Fire and Police	 172,425	172,425	146,454	25,971

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND

		iginal ıdget	Final Budget	Actual		riance with nal Budget Under (Over)
GENERAL GOVERNMENT (Continued)						
Executive (Continued)						
Communications						
Salaries and wages	\$	534,117	\$ 534,117	\$ 581,324	\$	(47,207)
Benefits and related		145,802	145,802	147,288		(1,486)
Contracted services		224,400	224,400	104,373		120,027
Supplies		3,000	3,000	1,482		1,518
Total communications		907,319	907,319	834,467		72,852
Human resources						
Salaries and wages		806,442	806,442	786,188		20,254
Benefits and related		287,232	287,232	242,851		44,381
Contracted services		426,293	426,293	348,887		77,406
Internal services		7,856	7,856	7,848		8
Supplies		53,500	53,500	25,802		27,698
Total human resources	1	,581,323	1,581,323	1,411,576		169,747
City Clerk						
Community Services Department						
Salaries and wages		622,680	622,680	458,001		164,679
Benefits and related		196,424	196,424	170,861		25,563
Contracted services		57,901	57,901	45,498		12,403
Internal services		7,856	7,856	7,848		8
Supplies		15,500	15,500	14,806		694
Total Community Services Department		900,361	900,361	697,014		203,347
Reproduction micrographics service						
Salaries and wages		141,695	141,695	143,490		(1,795)
Benefits and related		57,357	57,357	57,888		(531)
Contracted services		156,125	156,125	71,563		84,562
Supplies		31,550	31,550	23,061		8,489
Capital maintenance		-	-	147,856		(147,856)
Total reproduction micrographics service		386,727	386,727	443,858		(57,131)
Information technology						
Salaries and wages	3	,099,062	3,099,062	3,411,055		(311,993)
Benefits and related		848,993	848,993	1,002,946		(153,953)
Contracted services	4	,941,890	4,941,890	2,540,843		2,401,047
Supplies		,421,578	1,421,578	1,231,226		190,352
Internal services		56,562	56,562	56,568		(6)
Total information technology	10	,368,085	10,368,085	8,242,638		2,125,447

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Under (Over)
GENERAL GOVERNMENT (Continued)				
Financial administration				
Administration				
Salaries and wages	\$ 1,184,028	\$ 1,184,028	\$ 1,060,319	\$ 123,709
Benefits and related	360,878	360,878	303,682	57,196
Contracted services	777,879	777,879	602,588	175,291
Internal services	38,603	38,603	38,604	(1)
Supplies	49,800	49,800	30,974	18,826
Total administration	2,411,188	2,411,188	2,036,167	375,021
Billing and collection				
Salaries and wages	165,889	165,889	164,353	1,536
Benefits and related	39,737	39,737	50,889	(11,152)
Contracted services	46,078	46,078	31,443	14,635
Total billing and collection	251,704	251,704	246,685	5,019
General services	3,428,224	3,428,224	3,427,209	1,015
Total general government	22,794,230	22,794,230	19,699,998	3,094,232
PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT				
Development review team				
Salaries and wages	2,295,505	2,295,505	2,048,708	246,797
Benefits and related	725,179	725,179	609,001	116,178
Contracted services	95,000	95,000	71,315	23,685
Capital maintenance	13,500	13,500	8,020	5,480
Total development review team	3,129,184	3,129,184	2,737,044	392,140
Special projects team				
Salaries and wages	1,121,359	1,121,359	1,415,013	(293,654)
Benefits and related	374,629	374,629	458,428	(83,799)
Contracted services	199,295	199,295	95,436	103,859
Internal services	104,167	104,167	104,172	(5)
Supplies	62,200	62,200	51,263	10,937
Total special projects team	1,861,650	1,861,650	2,124,312	(262,662)
Planning				
Salaries and wages	522,296	522,296	590,455	(68,159)
Benefits and related	84,809	84,809	124,327	(39,518)
Contracted services	125,000	125,000	7,975	117,025
Total planning	732,105	732,105	722,757	9,348

$DETAILED\ SCHEDULE\ OF\ EXPENDITURES\ -\ BUDGET\ AND\ ACTUAL\ (Continued)$ NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Under (Over)	
PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT (Continued)					
Public buildings					
Salaries and wages	\$ 1,125,494	\$ 1,125,494	\$ 1,203,681	\$ (78,187)	
Benefits and related	216,093	216,093	370,016	(153,923)	
Contracted services	1,583,675	1,583,675	1,391,468	192,207	
Supplies	1,330,810	1,330,810	1,174,746	156,064	
Total public buildings	4,256,072	4,256,072	4,139,911	116,161	
Total physical environment	9,979,011	9,979,011	9,724,024	254,987	
PUBLIC SAFETY					
Police					
Police administration					
Salaries and wages	2,204,014	2,204,014	2,339,171	(135,157)	
Benefits and related	9,348,965	9,348,965	9,431,925	(82,960)	
Contracted services	492,444	492,444	1,936,327	(1,443,883)	
Internal services	1,061,033	1,061,033	1,061,040	(7)	
Supplies	793,681	793,681	828,845	(35,164)	
Total police administration	13,900,137	13,900,137	15,597,308	(1,697,171)	
Patrol					
Salaries and wages	17,941,870	17,941,870	18,168,604	(226,734)	
Benefits and related	2,772,583	2,772,583	2,801,481	(28,898)	
Contracted services	54,125	54,125	50,141	3,984	
Supplies	125,120	125,120	94,138	30,982	
Total patrol	20,893,698	20,893,698	21,114,364	(220,666)	
Investigations					
Salaries and wages	9,326,883	9,326,883	9,584,741	(257,858)	
Benefits and related	1,401,211	1,401,211	1,460,778	(59,567)	
Contracted services	312,333	312,333	290,800	21,533	
Supplies	207,899	207,899	188,925	18,974	
Total investigations	11,248,326	11,248,326	11,525,244	(276,918)	
Communications					
Salaries and wages	2,724,744	2,724,744	2,720,577	4,167	
Benefits and related	663,554	663,554	749,870	(86,316)	
Contracted services	708,722	708,722	586,858	121,864	
Supplies	88,313	88,313	124,658	(36,345)	
Total communications	4,185,333	4,185,333	4,181,963	3,370	

$DETAILED\ SCHEDULE\ OF\ EXPENDITURES\ -\ BUDGET\ AND\ ACTUAL\ (Continued)$ NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND

	252,817) 128,677) 44,923 187 63,442 272,942)
Fire administration Salaries and wages \$ 2,140,498 \$ 2,140,498 \$ 2,393,315 \$ (2)	128,677) 44,923 187 63,442
Salaries and wages \$ 2,140,498 \$ 2,140,498 \$ 2,393,315 \$ (2	128,677) 44,923 187 63,442
	128,677) 44,923 187 63,442
Renefits and related 11 495 697 11 495 697 11 624 374 (C	44,923 187 63,442
	187 63,442
Contracted services 1,166,550 1,166,550 1,121,627	63,442
Internal services 479,734 479,734 479,547	
Supplies <u>671,550</u> 671,550 608,108	272,942)
Total fire administration 15,954,029 15,954,029 16,226,971 (2	
Operations division	
Salaries and wages 23,888,804 23,888,804 24,210,286 (3	321,482)
Benefits and related 3,790,591 3,790,591 3,685,743	104,848
Contracted services 353,600 353,600 368,558	(14,958)
Supplies 341,502 341,502 335,990	5,512
Total operations division 28,374,497 28,374,497 28,600,577 (2	226,080)
Total public safety 94,556,020 94,556,020 97,246,427 (2,6	590,407)
TRANSPORTATION	
Public works	
Administration	
Salaries and wages 1,563,828 1,563,828 1,575,066	(11,238)
Benefits and related 500,167 500,167 485,222	14,945
Contracted services 1,368,870 1,368,870 1,394,115	(25,245)
Internal services 235,978 235,978 235,980	(2)
Supplies 354,900 354,900 229,460	125,440
Total administration 4,023,743 4,023,743 3,919,843	103,900
Operations and maintenance	
Salaries and wages 5,565,783 5,565,783 5,482,931	82,852
Benefits and related 1,534,253 1,534,253 1,510,561	23,692
	575,653
	398,341
Total operations and maintenance 11,770,444 11,770,444 10,689,906 1,6	080,538
Fleet services	
Salaries and wages 1,529,596 1,529,596 1,511,720	17,876
Benefits and related 486,331 486,331 469,773	16,558
Contracted services 925,385 925,385 877,695	47,690
	557,796
Total fleet services	639,920

$DETAILED\ SCHEDULE\ OF\ EXPENDITURES\ -\ BUDGET\ AND\ ACTUAL\ (Continued)$ NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Under (Over)
TRANSPORTATION (Continued)				
Transportation and engineering				
Administration				
Salaries and wages	\$ 1,228,517	\$ 1,228,517	\$ 1,202,532	\$ 25,985
Benefits and related	345,929	345,929	319,244	26,685
Contracted services	1,686,250	1,686,250	1,051,457	634,793
Supplies	178,500	178,500	139,594	38,906
Total administration	3,439,196	3,439,196	2,712,827	726,369
Total transportation	24,855,865	24,855,865	22,305,138	2,550,727
CULTURE AND RECREATION				
Riverwalk				
Salaries and wages	30,160	30,160	32,418	(2,258)
Benefits and related	15,440	15,440	15,941	(501)
Contracted services	53,210	53,210	32,138	21,072
Supplies	150	150	<u> </u>	150
Total riverwalk	98,960	98,960	80,497	18,463
Total culture and recreation	98,960	98,960	80,497	18,463
DEBT SERVICE				
Principal	2,274,008	2,274,008	2,274,008	_
Interest and fees	140,689	140,689	140,689	
Total debt service	2,414,697	2,414,697	2,414,697	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES - BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ 154,698,783	\$ 154,698,783	151,470,781	\$ 3,228,002
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP BASIS				
Capitalized SBITA assets			3,682,668	
Capitalized leased assets			147,856	-
Total adjustments to GAAP basis			3,830,524	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES - GAAP BASIS			\$ 155,301,305	_

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	riance with nal Budget Under (Over)
	 Duuget	Duuget		Actual	(Over)
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ 8,286,762	\$ 8,286,762	\$	8,341,585	\$ (54,823)
Investment income	 164,103	164,103		276,730	(112,627)
Total revenues	 8,450,865	8,450,865		8,618,315	(167,450)
EXPENDITURES					
Debt service					
Principal	7,677,550	7,677,550		7,677,550	-
Interest and fiscal charges	 1,886,151	1,886,151		1,890,092	(3,941)
Total expenditures	 9,563,701	9,563,701		9,567,642	(3,941)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	 (1,112,836)	(1,112,836)		(949,327)	(163,509)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	 1,662,657	1,662,657		1,721,773	(59,116)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 1,662,657	1,662,657		1,721,773	(59,116)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 549,821	\$ 549,821	=	772,446	\$ (222,625)
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1				4,684,153	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31			\$	5,456,599	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

		riginal Sudget	Final Budget		Actual	ariance with inal Budget Under (Over)
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental						
Sales taxes		8,174,441	\$ 18,174,441	\$	18,744,654	\$ (570,213)
Grants	1	2,825,000	12,825,000		1,155,541	11,669,459
Contributions		2,735,000	2,735,000		386,316	2,348,684
Investment income		811,319	811,319		1,245,715	(434,396)
Miscellaneous		300,000	300,000		169,673	130,327
Total revenues	3	4,845,760	34,845,760		21,701,899	13,143,861
EXPENDITURES						
Capital outlay	6	4,313,415	63,850,256		36,479,624	27,370,632
Debt service	U	4,313,413	03,830,230		30,479,024	27,370,032
Principal		306,564	306,564		266,954	39,610
Interest and fiscal charges		-	-		58,365	(58,365)
interest and risear charges					30,303	(20,302)
Total expenditures	6	4,619,979	64,156,820		36,804,943	27,351,877
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	(2	9,774,219)	(29,311,060)		(15,103,044)	(14,208,016)
OTHER FINANCING COURCE (UCEC)						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		238,137	238,137		238,142	(5)
Transfers (out)		230,137	230,137		(41,517)	(5) 41,517
Transiers (out)					(41,517)	41,517
Total other financing sources (uses)		238,137	238,137		196,625	41,512
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (2	9,536,082)	\$ (29,072,923)	ı	(14,906,419)	\$ (14,166,504)
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1					35,571,127	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31				\$	20,664,708	

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are established to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments or for major capital projects) that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes.

Motor Fuel Tax Fund - to account for the state allotments approved by the Illinois Department of Transportation and restricted to fund the street maintenance and various improvements projects.

Community Development Block Grant Fund - to account for the Community Development Block Grant approved by the Federal government and restricted to fund the Housing and Urban Development (HUD) projects.

Road and Bridge Fund - to account for the accumulation of the local motor fuel tax and the City's share of the four Townships' roadway funds, restricted for the street maintenance.

Naper Settlement Fund - to account for a property tax, one primary revenue source, levied and restricted for the operation and maintenance of the Naper Settlement Museum. In addition, there are donations, fees, and interest earnings assigned to supplement the Settlement's program. The Settlement is administered by a Board of Directors, appointed by the City Council. The City Council approves the annual budget and property tax levy.

Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Fund - to account for state allotment of charges assessed to insurance companies who insure out of state organizations that do business in the State of Illinois and is restricted for fire department related purposes.

E-911 Surcharge Fund - to account for the receipt of E911 surcharges restricted to fund the operation of the E-911 system.

Food and Beverage Tax Fund - to account for the accumulation of the citywide Food and Beverage tax, restricted to fund the social and artistic events and entities, providing cultural experiences for the Naperville community and its visitors, and also a portion is used to fund police and fire pensions.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued)

Downtown Maintenance Fund - to account for the cost-sharing paid by property owners and the City, restricted to fund the maintenance and support services for enhancing downtown Naperville including improvements to the downtown parking decks.

Test Track Fund - to account for the car dealership contributions restricted to fund the auto test rack maintenance.

Water Street TIF Fund - to account for the receipt and disbursement of Water Street TIF, a financing mechanism for the Water Street Redevelopment Project and to account for the 2014 G.O. Bond proceeds of \$6,220,000 to be restrictedly used for the Water Street Improvements. The eligible costs are restricted to the Water Street redevelopment project and may include, but not limited to, water storm, sanitary sewer, the service of public facilities and spaces pursuant to the Act, and road improvements.

Drug Forfeiture Fund - to account for the accumulation of funds seized by the City's authorities and restricted by the state and federal governments for drug prevention expenditures.

Special Service Area #25 Fund - to account for the cost-sharing paid by property owners and the City, restricted to fund the traffic signal for enhancing south Naperville at Lacrosse St. and Rt. 59.

Special Service Area #30 Fund - to account for a capital project involving design and construction of improvements to renovate the streetscape in the Downtown Central Business District. Work will include installation of new sidewalks, curbs, and parkway features as identified in the Naperville Downtown 2030 Plan.

Special Service Area #31 Fund - to account for City-required streetscape improvements following the redevelopment of the downtown property at 41 W. Jefferson Ave. Due to the cost to bring the streetscape up to current City standards, the City considered an SSA as a mechanism for financing these improvements. The City reimbursed the property owner for the full costs related to the improvements in 2019 and will begin to levy property taxes in 2021 to recoup the amount, plus interest, over the next 15 years.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued)

ETSB Fund - to account for the receipt of all surcharge and other monies paid or collected on behalf of the City of Aurora to fund the operation of the E911 system and to account for the disbursement of funds associated with the design, implementation, and maintenance of an emergency telephone system.

Special Service Area #34 Fund - to account for a capital project involving the design and construction of improvements to the streetscape in the Central Business District. Work included the installation of new sidewalks, curbs, and parkway features as identified in the Naperville Downtown 2030 Plan. SSA 34 encompasses the north side of Jefferson Avenue between Main and Webster streets. SSA 34 will provide a financing mechanism to reimburse that fund for the property owners' 40% portion of the project over 15 years, beginning in 2023.

Special Service Area #35 Fund - to account for a capital project involving the design and construction of improvements to the streetscape in the Central Business District. Work included the installation of new sidewalks, curbs, and parkway features as identified in the Naperville Downtown 2030 Plan. SSA 35 encompasses the east and west sides of Washington Street from Benton Avenue south to Chicago Avenue. SSA 35 will provide a financing mechanism to reimburse that fund for the property owners' 40% portion of the project over 15 years, beginning in 2024.

Heinen Business District Fund - to account for the private redevelopment of blighted properties located at the 1200 block of Chicago Avenue, between Olesen Drive and Pembroke Road. The establishment of the Heinen Business District included a 0.5% business district sales tax to be collected by merchants operating within the geographic limits of the business district. The City will use the revenue collected from that tax to reimburse the developer of Heinen's for expenses incurred during the project, as defined in a redevelopment agreement.

Block 59 Business District Fund - to account for the private redevelopment of blighted properties located at the northeast corner of Illinois Route 59 and Aurora Avenue. The establishment of the Block 59 Business District included a 1% business district sales tax to be collected by merchants operating within the geographic limits of the business district. The City will use the revenue collected from that tax to reimburse the developer of Block 59 for expenses incurred during the project, as defined in a redevelopment agreement.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

The following Debt Service Funds are established to account for the restricted resources required for the payment of principal and interest on the City's general obligation debts. The debt service funds are legal in nature. They are established in accordance with the City's ordinances.

Special Service Area #23 Fund - to establish a financing mechanism to collect a portion of the debt service for the Van Buren parking deck expansion.

Downtown Parking Fund - to account for the collection of the Downtown Food and Beverage Tax in repayment of one-third of the debt service for the acquisition of the Van Buren parking deck expansion.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2024

		Special Rev	venue Funds	
	Motor Fuel Tax Fund	Community Development Block Grant Fund	Road and Bridge Fund	Naper Settlement Fund
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
ASSETS	A 0.520.750		.	.
Cash and investments Receivables	\$ 9,629,759	\$ 11,574	\$ 5,340,494	\$ 1,111,533
Property taxes	_	_	_	3,897,251
Interest	-	-	29,892	-
Accounts receivable less allowance for doubtful accounts	192,922	30,000	222,943	-
Leases Due from other governments	561,536	56,035	-	-
•		,		
Total assets	10,384,217	97,609	5,593,329	5,008,784
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
None		-	-	-
Total deferred outflows of resources		-	-	-
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED				
OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 10,384,217	\$ 97,609	\$ 5,593,329	\$ 5,008,784
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 1,183,278	\$ 72,285	\$ 2,434	
Accrued wages and benefits	-	-	25,279	67,595
Due to other governments Advances from other funds	-	-	-	-
Unearned grant revenues and others	71,810	-	25,012	470
Total liabilities	1,255,088	72,285	52,725	184,733
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenue - leases	-	-	-	3,897,251
Unavailable revenue-property taxes	-	-	-	3,897,231
Total deferred inflows of resources		-	-	3,897,251
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	1,255,088	72,285	52,725	4,081,984
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted for				
Debt service	-	-	-	-
Economic development Highways, streets, and parking facilities	9,129,129	-	5,540,604	-
Public safety	9,129,129	-	5,540,004	-
Capital projects	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	_	-	926,800
Physical environment Committed to	-	25,324	-	-
Highways, streets, and parking facilities	-	-	-	-
Unassigned (deficit)		-	-	-
Total fund balances (deficit)	9,129,129	25,324	5,540,604	926,800
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 10,384,217	\$ 97,609	\$ 5,593,329	\$ 5,008,784

In	oreign Fire surance	E-911 Surcharge	Food and Beverage	Downtown Maintenance			Test Track	Water Street TIF	Drug Forfeiture	Special Service Area #25		Special Service Area #30
Ta	x Fund	Fund	Tax Fund		Fund		Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund		Fund
\$	638,561	\$ 1,904,824	\$ 1,212,017	\$	3,027,282	\$	6,106	\$ 51,496	\$ 1,534,251	\$ 148	\$	224
	-	_	-		1,252,829		-	674,893	_	68,000		93,11
	-	-	11,987		21,527		-	-	-	-		-
	-	-	636,503		-		87,114	-	- -	-		-
	-	907,385	-		-		-	-	-	-		_
	638,561	2,812,209	1,860,507		4,301,638		93,220	726,389	1,534,251	68,148		93,33
	-	-	-		-		-	-	-			-
	-	-	-		-		-	-	-	-		_
\$	638,561	\$ 2,812,209	\$ 1,860,507	\$	4,301,638	\$	93,220	\$ 726,389	\$ 1,534,251	\$ 68,148	\$	93,33
8	-	\$ -	\$ 492,110 3,880	\$	30,888	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 227	\$ -	\$	-
	-	-	3,88U -		23,836		-	-	3,916	-		-
	-	-	76,800		-		-	-	-	223,826		-
			572,790		54,724				4,143	223,826		
									.,			
	-	-	-		1,252,829		-	- 674,893	-	68,000		93,11
	-	-	-		1,252,829		-	674,893	-	68,000		93,11
	-		572,790		1,307,553		-	674,893	4,143	291,826		93,11
	-	-	-		-		-	-	-	-		-
	-	-	-		-		93,220	-	-	-		-
	638,561	2,812,209	-		-		-	51,496	1,530,108	-		-
	-	-	1,287,717		-		-	-	-	-		-
	-	-	-		-		-	-	-	-		-
	-	-	-		2,994,085		-	-	-	(223,678)		22

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (Continued) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2024

	Special Revenue Funds					
	Special Service Area #31 Fund	ETSB Fund	Special Service Area #34 Fund	Special Service Area #35 Fund		
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$ 54	\$ 1,493,532	\$ 49	\$ 312		
Receivables Property taxes	23,680	_	20,026	125,000		
Interest	-	_	-	-		
Accounts receivable less allowance for doubtful accounts	-	707,088	-	-		
Leases Due from other governments	-	-	-	-		
•						
Total assets	23,734	2,200,620	20,075	125,312		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES None						
None		-				
Total deferred outflows of resources		-	-	-		
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 23,734	\$ 2,200,620	\$ 20,075	\$ 125,312		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Accrued wages and benefits Due to other governments	-	_	-	-		
Advances from other funds	196,756	_	_	_		
Unearned grant revenues and others	<u>-</u>	-	-	-		
Total liabilities	196,756	-	-	-		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF BALANCES						
Unavailable revenue - leases	-	-	-	-		
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	23,680	-	20,026	125,000		
Total deferred inflows of resources	23,680	-	20,026	125,000		
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	220,436	_	20,026	125,000		
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted for						
Debt service Economic development	-	-	-	-		
Highways, streets, and parking facilities	-	-	-	-		
Public safety	-	2,200,620	-	-		
Capital projects	-	-	-	-		
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-		
Physical environment Committed to	-	-	-	-		
Highways, streets, and parking facilities	-	-	49	312		
Unassigned (deficit)	(196,702)	-	-	-		
Total fund balances (deficit)	(196,702)	2,200,620	49	312		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 23,734	\$ 2,200,620	\$ 20,075	\$ 125,312		

Sı	pecial Rev	enu/	e Funds		Debt S	Service	-	
Bi D	Business Busi District Dist		Block 59 Business District Fund	Special Service Area #23 Fund	Downtown Parking Fund		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds	
\$	4,542	\$	432,228	\$	108,430	\$ 11,895,348	\$	38,402,764
	-		-		98,939	-		6,253,729
	-		-		-	72,665		136,071
	534		105,925		-	320,505 2,266,727		2,303,534 2,266,727
	-		-		-	2,200,727		1,524,956
	5,076		538,153		207,369	14,555,245		50,887,781
	-		-		-	-		
	_		-		-	-		-
\$	5,076	\$	538,153	\$	207,369	\$ 14,555,245	\$	50,887,781
\$		\$		\$		\$ 8,748	\$	1,906,638
Ψ	_	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	φ 0,740	Ψ	120,590
	-		-		-	-		3,916
	-		-		-	12,386		420,582 186,478
			<u> </u>			12,360		100,470
	-		-		-	21,134		2,638,204
	-		-		- 98,939	2,228,712		2,228,712 6,253,729
	-		-		98,939	2,228,712		8,482,441
	-		-		98,939	2,249,846		11,120,645
	5,076		538,153		108,430	12,305,399		12,413,829 543,229
	-		-		-	-		14,762,953
	-		-		-	-		7,181,498
	-		-		-	-		51,496
	-		-		-	-		2,214,517
	-		-		-	-		25,324
	-		-		-	-		2,994,446
	-		-		-	-		(420,156)
	5,076		538,153		108,430	12,305,399		39,767,136
•	£ 05.5	¢	500 150	.	207.252	d 14555 245	•	50.005.501
\$	5,076	\$	538,153	\$	207,369	\$ 14,555,245	\$	50,887,781

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		Special Rev	enue Funds	
	Motor Fuel Tax Fund	Community Development Block Grant Fund	Road and Bridge Fund	Naper Settlement Fund
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 240,368	\$ 3,923,033
Other taxes	-	-	2,405,050	-
Intergovernmental	7,321,442	309,765	61,716	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	567,532
Licenses and permits	-	-	66,749	-
Fines and forfeits	-	-	-	-
Contributions	-	-	982	-
Investment income	767,782	-	175,295	8,137
Miscellaneous	-	-	7,057	-
Total revenues	8,089,224	309,765	2,957,217	4,498,702
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General government	-	-	-	-
Physical environment	-	309,765	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	5,126,763
Transportation	-	-	834,240	-
Capital outlay	12,324,967	-	157,538	-
Debt service				
Principal	-	-	-	24,812
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	108
Total expenditures	12,324,967	309,765	991,778	5,151,683
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	(4,235,743)	-	1,965,439	(652,981)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	41,517	-	-	1,000,000
Transfers (out)		-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	41,517	-	-	1,000,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(4,194,226)	-	1,965,439	347,019
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), JANUARY 1	13,323,355	25,324	3,575,165	579,781
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), DECEMBER 31	\$ 9,129,129	\$ 25,324	\$ 5,540,604	\$ 926,800

				Speci	al Revenue F	ınds				
Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Fund		E-911 Surcharge Fund	Food and Beverage Tax Fund	Downtown Maintenance Fund	Test Track Fund		Water Street TIF Fund	Drug Forfeiture Fund	Special Service Area #25 Fund	Special Service Area #30 Fund
\$	_	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,264,589	\$ -	\$	688,685	\$ -	\$ 68,006	\$ 93,114
_	-	-	6,296,590	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
	485,896	-	-	-	-		-	592,989	-	-
	-	3,437,392	-	-	54,584		-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	96,998	-		-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
	5,426	7,632	70,262	127,224	128	;	1,996	6,866	262	224
	-	-	63,383	225	-		-	-	-	-
	491,322	3,445,024	6,430,235	1,489,036	54,712	!	690,681	599,855	68,268	93,338
							2.060			
	-	-	-	-	-		3,869	-	-	-
	482,100	3,058,871	-	-	-		-	335,866	-	-
	-	5,056,671	4,704,754	-	-		-	-	-	_
	_	_	-	2,624,017	52,469	,	_	_	_	_
	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
	_	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
	482,100	3,058,871	4,704,754	2,624,017	52,469)	3,869	335,866		-
	9,222	386,153	1,725,481	(1,134,981)	2,243	.	686,812	263,989	68,268	93,338
	-	-	(1.024.140)	1,651,489	-		-	40,397	-	-
	-	-	(1,934,148)	-	-		(688,685)	-	=	(93,114
	-	-	(1,934,148)	1,651,489	-		(688,685)	40,397	-	(93,114
	9,222	386,153	(208,667)	516,508	2,243	;	(1,873)	304,386	68,268	224
	629,339	2,426,056	1,496,384	2,477,577	90,977	•	53,369	1,225,722	(291,946)	-
\$	638,561	\$ 2,812,209	\$ 1,287,717	\$ 2,994,085	\$ 93,220	\$	51,496	\$ 1,530,108	\$ (223,678)	\$ 224

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (Continued) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

			Special Rev	al Revenue Funds				
	S	special service rea #31 Fund	ETSB Fund	Special Service Area #34 Fund	Special Service Area #35 Fund			
REVENUES Property taxes Other taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Licenses and permits Fines and forfeits Contributions Investment income Miscellaneous	\$	23,680 - - - - - - - 74	\$ - - 2,804,157 - - - 7,119	\$ 20,028 - - - - - - 49	\$ 125,000 - - - - - - - 312			
Total revenues	_	23,754	2,811,276	20,077	125,312			
EXPENDITURES Current General government Physical environment Public safety Culture and recreation Transportation Capital outlay Debt service Principal Interest and fiscal charges Total expenditures EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		23,754	2,523,590 - - - - 2,523,590 287,686	20,077	125,312			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out)		-	-	(20,028)	(125,000)			
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	-	(20,028)	(125,000)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		23,754	287,686	49	312			
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), JANUARY 1		(220,456)	1,912,934	-				
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), DECEMBER 31	\$	(196,702)	\$ 2,200,620	\$ 49	\$ 312			

S	pecial Rev	enue Funds	Debt S	Service	_
В	Heinen Business District Fund	Block 59 Business District Fund	Special Service Area #23 Fund	Downtown Parking Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$	_	\$ -	\$ 98,940	\$ -	\$ 6,545,443
	_	_	-	1,024,727	9,726,367
	2,159	375,553	_	1,029,279	10,178,799
	-,107	-	_	230,901	7,094,566
	_	_	_	250,501	66,749
	_	_	_	_	96,998
			_		982
	17	1,197	831	425,915	1,606,748
	-	1,197	-	423,913	70,665
	2 176	276 750	00.771	2 710 922	
	2,176	376,750	99,771	2,710,822	35,387,317
	-	-	-	-	3,869
	-	-	-	-	309,765
	-	-	-	-	6,400,427
	-	-	-	-	9,831,517
	-	_	-	185,318	3,696,044
	-	-	-	-	12,482,505
	_	_	_	245,000	269,812
	_	_	_	17,801	17,909
				. ,	.,,
	-	-	-	448,119	33,011,848
	2,176	376,750	99,771	2,262,703	2,375,469
	_	_	_	_	2,733,403
	-	-	(98,940)	-	(2,959,915)
			(00.040)		
	-		(98,940)	-	(226,512)
	2,176	376,750	831	2,262,703	2,148,957
	2,900	161,403	107,599	10,042,696	37,618,179
\$	5,076	\$ 538,153	\$ 108,430	\$ 12,305,399	\$ 39,767,136

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		ariance with nal Budget Under (Over)
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental Motor fuel tax allotments	\$	6,795,788	\$	6,795,788	\$	7,321,442	\$	(505 654)
Investment income	Ф	600,000	Þ	600,000	Э	7,321,442	Э	(525,654) (167,782)
				,		,		(
Total revenues		7,395,788		7,395,788		8,089,224		(693,436)
EXPENDITURES								
Capital outlay		7,000,000		10,601,539		12,324,967		(1,723,428)
Total expenditures		7,000,000		10,601,539		12,324,967		(1,723,428)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		395,788		(3,205,751)		(4,235,743)		1,029,992
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		-		-		41,517		(41,517)
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		41,517		(41,517)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	395,788	\$	(3,205,751)		(4,194,226)	\$	988,475
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1						13,323,355		
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31					\$	9,129,129		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual		riance with nal Budget Under (Over)
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental						
Grants	\$ 535,000	\$ 535,000	\$	309,765	\$	225,235
Total revenues	 535,000	535,000		309,765		225,235
EXPENDITURES						
Physical environment						
Grants and contributions	535,000	535,000		309,765		225,235
Total expenditures	535,000	535,000		309,765		225,235
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ -	į.	-	\$	-
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1				25,324	_	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31			\$	25,324	=	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND

	Original Budget			Final Budget	Actual			riance with nal Budget Under (Over)
REVENUES								
Property tax	\$	299,991	\$	299,991	\$	240,368	\$	59,623
Other taxes		,		,		,		,
Local gasoline tax	2	2,400,000		2,400,000		2,405,050		(5,050)
Intergovernmental								
Personal property replacement tax		69,050		69,050		61,716		7,334
Licenses and permits		47,500		47,500		66,749		(19,249)
Contributions		-		-		982		(982)
Investment income		29,213		29,213		175,295		(146,082)
Miscellaneous		2,000		2,000		7,057		(5,057)
Total revenues	2	2,847,754		2,847,754		2,957,217		(109,463)
EXPENDITURES								
Transportation								
Salaries and wages		627,415		627,415		618,553		8,862
Benefits and related		204,185		204,185		211,463		(7,278)
Contracted services		1,449		1,449		4,224		(2,775)
Capital outlay	3	3,450,000		311,621		157,538		154,083
Total expenditures		1,283,049		1,144,670		991,778		152,892
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (1	1,435,295)	\$	1,703,084	:	1,965,439	\$	(262,355)
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1						3,575,165	-	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31					\$	5,540,604	•	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL NAPER SETTLEMENT FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Under (Over)
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 3,897,251	\$ 3,897,251	\$ 3,923,033	\$ (25,782)
Charges for services	Ψ 2,057,201	ψ 2,0 <i>></i>	¢ 2,520,000	¢ (20,702)
School services and programs	166,905	166,905	164,911	1,994
Museum tours	6,400	6,400	8,900	(2,500)
Public program revenue	148,500	148,500	172,414	(23,914)
Gate admissions	44,800	44,800	48,712	(3,912)
Settlement - weddings	84,220	84,220	98,955	(14,735)
Settlement - other	96,815	96,815	73,640	23,175
Investment income	-	-	8,137	(8,137)
Total revenues	4,444,891	4,444,891	4,498,702	(53,811)
EXPENDITURES				
Culture and recreation				
Settlement administration				
Salaries and wages	1,138,183	1,138,183	923,642	214,541
Benefits and related	391,014	391,014	249,064	141,950
Contracted services	167,221	167,221	68,138	99,083
Supplies	77,862	77,862	28,160	49,702
Internal services	177,889	177,889	177,888	1
Visitor services				
Salaries and wages	623,990	623,990	494,354	129,636
Benefits and related	152,016	152,016	105,435	46,581
Contracted services	26,140	26,140	21,162	4,978
Supplies	19,750	19,750	17,901	1,849
Building and grounds				
Salaries and wages	169,690	169,690	203,040	(33,350)
Benefits and related	57,991	57,991	61,185	(3,194)
Contracted services	724,916	724,916	1,006,162	(281,246)
Internal services	6,654	6,654	6,660	(6)
Supplies	184,496	184,496	185,952	(1,456)
Capital maintenance	-	-	49,686	(49,686)
Development				
Salaries	385,592	385,592	495,193	(109,601)
Employee benefits	166,963	166,963	124,690	42,273

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) NAPER SETTLEMENT FUND

		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	Fin	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
EXPENDITURES (Continued)							
Culture and recreation (Continued)							
Artifact and preservation							
Salaries and wages	\$	312,182	\$ 312,182	\$	279,426	\$	32,756
Benefits and related		147,661	147,661		106,017		41,644
Contracted services		25,350	25,350		33,369		(8,019)
Supplies		39,669	39,669		34,502		5,167
Public relations/marketing							
Salaries and wages		209,734	209,734		210,134		(400)
Benefits and related		75,526	75,526		79,343		(3,817)
Contracted services		163,902	163,902		165,624		(1,722)
Supplies	500		500		36		464
Debt service							
Principal		-	-		24,812		(24,812)
Interest and fiscal charges		-	-		108		(108)
Total expenditures		5,444,891	5,444,891		5,151,683		293,208
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES	((1,000,000)	(1,000,000)		(652,981)		(347,019)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers (out)		1,000,000	1,000,000		1,000,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,000,000	1,000,000		1,000,000		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$		\$ -	•	347,019	\$	(347,019)
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1					579,781		
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31				\$	926,800	ı	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOREIGN FIRE INSURANCE TAX FUND

	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual			ariance with anal Budget Under (Over)
REVENUES							
Other taxes							
Insurance tax	\$	395,000	\$ 395,000	\$	485,896	\$	(90,896)
Investment income		-	-		5,426		(5,426)
Total revenues		395,000	395,000		491,322		(96,322)
EXPENDITURES							
Public safety							
Supplies		388,100	388,100		482,100		(94,000)
Total expenditures		388,100	388,100		482,100		(94,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	6,900	\$ 6,900	=	9,222	\$	(2,322)
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1					629,339	_	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31				\$	638,561	=	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL E-911 SURCHARGE FUND

	 Original Budget	Final Budget Actual			Variance with Final Budget Under (Over)		
REVENUES							
Charges for services	\$ 3,075,000	\$ 3,075,000	\$	3,437,392	\$	(362,392)	
Investment income	 1,944	1,944		7,632		(5,688)	
Total revenues	3,076,944	3,076,944		3,445,024		(368,080)	
EXPENDITURES							
Public safety							
Internal services	 3,075,000	3,075,000		3,058,871		16,129	
Total expenditures	 3,075,000	3,075,000		3,058,871		16,129	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 1,944	\$ 1,944	:	386,153	\$	(384,209)	
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1				2,426,056			
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31			\$	2,812,209	_		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOOD AND BEVERAGE TAX FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Under (Over)
REVENUES				
Other taxes				
Food and beverage tax	\$ 6,308,000	\$ 6,308,000	\$ 6,296,590	\$ 11,410
Investment income	53,391	53,391	70,262	(16,871)
Miscellaneous	25,000	25,000	63,383	(38,383)
Total revenues	6,386,391	6,386,391	6,430,235	(43,844)
EXPENDITURES				
Culture and recreation				
Salaries and wages	71,193	71,193	68,534	2,659
Benefits and related	1,596,299	1,596,299	1,620,420	(24,121)
Contracted services	406,863	406,863	402,769	4,094
Grants and contributions	2,669,070	2,669,070	2,613,031	56,039
Total expenditures	4,743,425	4,743,425	4,704,754	38,671
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	1,642,966	1,642,966	1,725,481	(82,515)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (out)	(1,896,718)	(1,896,718)	(1,934,148)	37,430
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,896,718)	(1,896,718)	(1,934,148)	37,430
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (253,752)	\$ (253,752)	(208,667)	\$ (45,085)
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1		,	1,496,384	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31		,	\$ 1,287,717	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DOWNTOWN MAINTENANCE FUND

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		riance with nal Budget Under (Over)
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	1,252,829	\$	1,252,829	\$	1,264,589	\$	(11,760)
Charges for services	Ψ	10,000	Ψ	10,000	Ψ	-	Ψ	10,000
Fines and forfeits		40,000		40,000		96,998		(56,998)
Investment income		25,589		25,589		127,224		(101,635)
Miscellaneous				-		225		(225)
Total revenues		1,328,418		1,328,418		1,489,036		(160,618)
EXPENDITURES								
Transportation								
Salaries and wages		833,239		833,239		671,421		161,818
Benefits and related		216,956		216,956		204,834		12,122
Contracted services		1,519,824		1,519,824		1,360,449		159,375
Supplies		326,730		326,730		168,289		158,441
Internal services		77,913		77,913		77,916		(3)
Capital outlay		499,000		499,000		141,108		357,892
Total expenditures		3,473,662		3,473,662		2,624,017		849,645
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES		(2,145,244)		(2,145,244)		(1,134,981)		(1,010,263)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		1,651,489		1,651,489		1,651,489		-
				-,,		-,,		
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,651,489		1,651,489		1,651,489		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(493,755)	\$	(493,755)		516,508	\$	(1,010,263)
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1						2,477,577		
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31					\$	2,994,085	•	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL TEST TRACK FUND

	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual		riance with nal Budget Under (Over)
REVENUES								
Charges for services	\$	31,200	\$	31,200	\$	54,584	\$	(23,384)
Investment income		103		103		128		(25)
Total revenues		31,303		31,303		54,712		(23,409)
EXPENDITURES								
Transportation								
Contracted services		52,380		52,380		47,093		5,287
Supplies		7,500		7,500		5,376		2,124
Total expenditures		59,880		59,880		52,469		7,411
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(28,577)	\$	(28,577)	•	2,243	\$	(30,820)
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1						90,977	-	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31					\$	93,220	=	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL WATER STREET TIF FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual		riance with nal Budget Under (Over)
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ 667,000	\$ 667,000	\$ 688,685	\$	(21,685)
Investment income	 859	859	1,996		(1,137)
Total revenues	667,859	667,859	690,681		(22,822)
EXPENDITURES					
General government					
Contracted services	 4,000	4,000	3,869		131
Total expenditures	 4,000	4,000	3,869		131
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	663,859	663,859	686,812		(22,953)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (out)	 (667,000)	(667,000)	(688,685)		21,685
Total other financing sources (uses)	(667,000)	(667,000)	(688,685)		21,685
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (3,141)	\$ (3,141)	(1,873)	\$	(1,268)
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1			53,369	·	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31			\$ 51,496	ı	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DRUG FORFEITURE FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual		riance with nal Budget Under (Over)
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental						
Forfeiture revenues	\$ 281,500	\$ 281,500	\$	592,989	\$	(311,489)
Investment income	3,851	3,851		6,866		(3,015)
Total revenues	285,351	285,351		599,855		(314,504)
EXPENDITURES						
Public safety						
Contracted services	205,500	205,500		38,251		167,249
Internal services	25,000	25,000		2,384		22,616
Supplies	362,000	362,000		295,231		66,769
Capital maintenance	80,000	80,000		-		80,000
Outside agencies	 9,000	9,000		-		9,000
Total expenditures	681,500	681,500		335,866		345,634
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	(396,149)	(396,149)		263,989		(660,138)
OTHER EINANGING SOURCES (HSES)						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	 -	-		40,397		(40,397)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-		40,397		(40,397)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (396,149)	\$ (396,149)	ı	304,386	\$	(700,535)
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1				1,225,722	_	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31			\$	1,530,108	•	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL SERVICE AREA #25 FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual		ariance with inal Budget Under (Over)
REVENUES						
Property taxes Investment income	\$ 68,000	\$ 68,000	\$	68,006 262	\$	(6) (262)
Total revenues	 68,000	68,000		68,268		(268)
EXPENDITURES None	 			<u>-</u>		
Total expenditures	 -	-		-		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 68,000	\$ 68,000	:	68,268	\$	(268)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), JANUARY 1				(291,946)	<u>) </u>	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), DECEMBER 31			\$	(223,678)) =	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL SERVICE AREA #30 FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Under (Over)
REVENUES Property taxes Investment income	\$ 93,111	\$ 93,111	\$ 93,114 224	\$ (3) (224)
Total revenues	93,111	93,111	93,338	(227)
EXPENDITURES None		-	-	<u> </u>
Total expenditures			<u>-</u>	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	93,111	93,111	93,338	(227)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (out)	(93,111)	(93,111)	(93,114)	3
Total other financing sources (uses)	(93,111)	(93,111)	(93,114)	3
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ -	224	\$ (224)
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1				-
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31			\$ 224	=

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL SERVICE AREA #31 FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual		riance with nal Budget Under (Over)
REVENUES						
Property taxes Investment income	\$ 23,680	\$ 23,680	\$	23,680 74	\$	(74)
Total revenues	 23,680	23,680		23,754		(74)
EXPENDITURES None	 -	-		-		<u>-</u>
Total expenditures	 -	-		-		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 23,680	\$ 23,680	3	23,754	\$	(74)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), JANUARY 1				(220,456)	_	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), DECEMBER 31			\$	(196,702)	=	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ETSB FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual		riance with nal Budget Under (Over)
REVENUES						
Charges for services	\$ 2,600,000	\$ 2,600,000	\$	2,804,157	\$	(204,157)
Investment income	2,151	2,151		7,119		(4,968)
Total revenues	2,602,151	2,602,151		2,811,276		(209,125)
EXPENDITURES						
Public safety						
Grants and contributions	 2,600,000	2,600,000		2,523,590		76,410
Total expenditures	 2,600,000	2,600,000		2,523,590		76,410
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 2,151	\$ 2,151	•	287,686	\$	(285,535)
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1				1,912,934	_	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31			\$	2,200,620	=	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL SERVICE AREA #34 FUND

	Original Final Budget Budget				Actual			riance with nal Budget Under (Over)
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	20,026	\$	20,026	\$	20,028	\$	(2)
Investment income		-		_		49		(49)
Total revenues		20,026		20,026		20,077		(51)
EXPENDITURES None		-		-		-		_
Total expenditures		-		-		-		-
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		20,026		20,026		20,077		(51)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (out)		(20,026)		(20,026)		(20,028)		2
Total other financing sources (uses)		(20,026)		(20,026)		(20,028)		2
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$		\$			49	\$	(49)
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1						-	ı	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31					\$	49	ı	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL SERVICE AREA #35 FUND

	Original Final Budget Budget				Actual	Variance with Final Budget Under (Over)		
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$ 125,000	\$	125,000	\$	125,000	\$	-	
Investment income	 -		-		312		(312)	
Total revenues	 125,000		125,000		125,312		(312)	
EXPENDITURES								
None	 -		-		-			
Total expenditures	 -		-		-			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES	 125,000		125,000		125,312		(312)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (out)	(125,000)		(125,000)		(125,000)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (125,000)		(125,000)		(125,000)		-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$	-		312	\$	(312)	
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1					-	_		
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31			;	\$	312	:		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL BLOCK 59 BUSINESS DISTRICT FUND

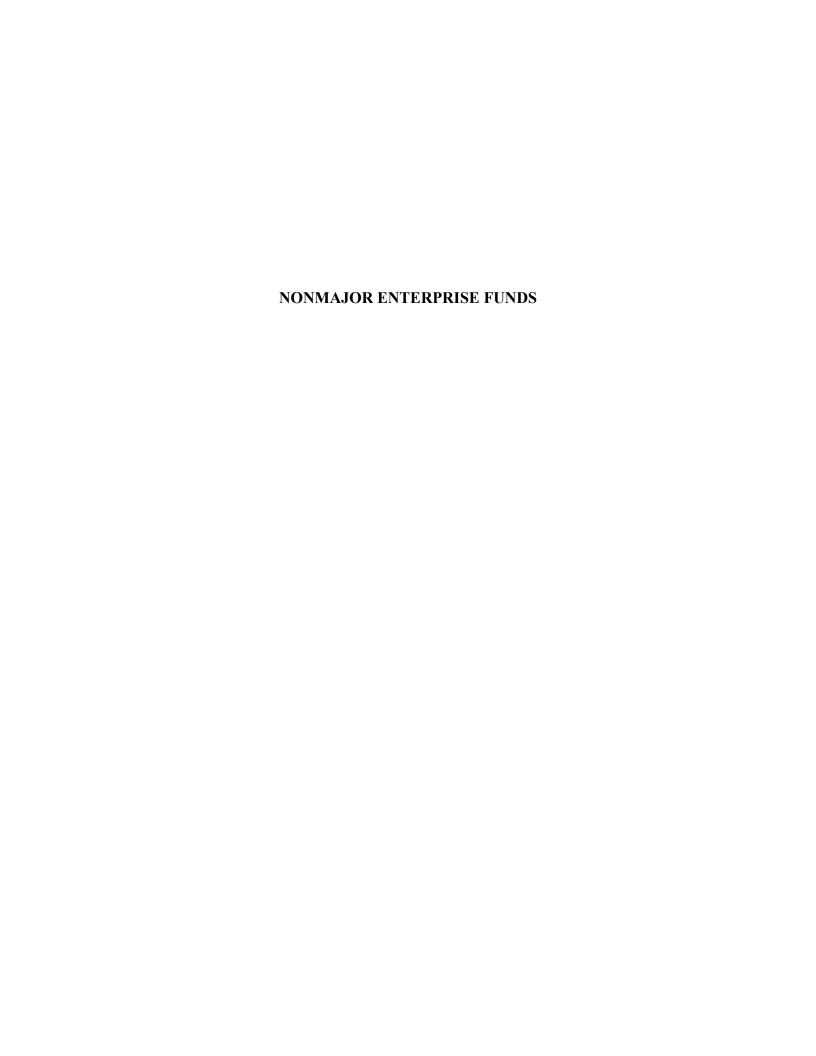
	0		Final Budget				Actual		riance with nal Budget Under (Over)
REVENUES Intergovernmental									
Sales tax Investment income	\$ 150,000	\$	150,000	\$	375,553 1,197	\$	(225,553) (1,197)		
Total revenues	 150,000		150,000		376,750		(226,750)		
EXPENDITURES None	 		-						
Total expenditures	 -		-		-				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 150,000	\$	150,000	ı	376,750	\$	(226,750)		
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1					161,403	_			
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31				\$	538,153				

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL SERVICE AREA #23 FUND

	Original Final Budget Budget			Actual			nriance with inal Budget Under (Over)	
REVENUES Property taxes Investment income	\$	98,940 -	\$	98,940 -	\$	98,940 831	\$	- (831)
Total revenues		98,940		98,940		99,771		(831)
EXPENDITURES None		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		-		-		-		-
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		98,940		98,940		99,771		(831)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (out)		(98,940)		(98,940)		(98,940)	\$	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(98,940)		(98,940)		(98,940)		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	-		831	\$	(831)
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1						107,599		
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31					\$	108,430		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DOWNTOWN PARKING FUND

	 Original Final Budget Budget			Actual		riance with nal Budget Under (Over)	
REVENUES							
Other taxes							
Food and beverage tax Intergovernmental	\$ 1,110,000	\$	1,110,000	\$	1,024,727	\$	85,273
Sales tax	1,110,000		1,110,000		1,029,279		80,721
Charges for services	154,917		154,917		230,901		(75,984)
Investment income	 184,048		184,048		425,915		(241,867)
Total revenues	 2,558,965		2,558,965		2,710,822		(151,857)
EXPENDITURES							
Transportation							
Contracted services	9,128		9,128		10,268		(1,140)
Capital maintenance	529,300		529,300		175,050		354,250
Debt service							-
Principal	245,000		245,000		245,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges	 18,150		18,150		17,801		349
Total expenditures	 801,578		801,578		448,119		353,459
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 1,757,387	\$	1,757,387	•	2,262,703	\$	(505,316)
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1					10,042,696	•	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31				\$	12,305,399	_	



COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

December 31, 2024

	Burlington Commuter Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Total
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 1,943,178	\$ - \$	1,943,178
Receivables			
Accrued interest	14,676	-	14,676
Accounts receivable less allowance			
for doubtful accounts	4,474	598,459	602,933
Total current assets	1,962,328	598,459	2,560,787
NONCURRENT ASSETS			
Capital assets (net of accumulated			
depreciation)			
Capital assets not depreciated	11,794,856	-	11,794,856
Capital assets depreciated, net	725,776	-	725,776
Net capital assets	12,520,632	-	12,520,632
Total assets	14,482,960	598,459	15,081,419
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES None		-	-
Total deferred outflows of resources		-	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	14,482,960	598,459	15,081,419
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	41,435	650,371	691,806
Accrued wages and benefits payable	14,146	-	14,146
Deposits	765	-	765
Due to other funds		69,048	69,048
Total current liabilities	56,346	719,419	775,765
Total liabilities	56,346	719,419	775,765
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES None		-	
Total deferred inflows of resources		-	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	56,346	719,419	775,765
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	12,520,632	_	12,520,632
Unrestricted (deficit)	1,905,982	(120,960)	1,785,022
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	\$ 14,426,614	\$ (120,960) \$	14,305,654

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

	Burlington Commuter Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for services	\$ 1,168,825 \$	7,641,576 \$	8,810,401
Total operating revenues	 1,168,825	7,641,576	8,810,401
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Operations	 1,770,191	7,809,973	9,580,164
Total operating expenses	 1,770,191	7,809,973	9,580,164
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION	(601,366)	(168,397)	(769,763)
Depreciation and amortization	(117,769)	-	(117,769)
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	 (719,135)	(168,397)	(887,532)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Net investment income	86,017	125	86,142
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	 86,017	125	86,142
NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	(633,118)	(168,272)	(801,390)
TRANSFERS IN	-	400,000	400,000
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(633,118)	231,728	(401,390)
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), JANUARY 1	15,059,732	(352,688)	14,707,044
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), DECEMBER 31	\$ 14,426,614 \$	(120,960) \$	14,305,654

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

	Burlington Solid Commuter Waste Fund Fund Tota	al
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	(1,264,321) $(7,790,128)$ $(9,054)$	2,568 4,449) 3,559)
Net cash from operating activities	(591,383) (134,057) (72	5,440)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers in (out)		0,000
Due to/from other funds	- (266,068) (26	6,068)
Net cash from noncapital financing activities	- 133,932 13	3,932
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
None	<u> </u>	
Net cash from capital and related financing activities		-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Investment sales or maturities Investment purchases		4,453 6,341)
Investment income/(expense)		5,354)
Net cash from investing activities	82,633 125 8	2,758
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(508,750) - (50	8,750)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JANUARY 1	2,451,928 - 2,45	1,928
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, DECEMBER 31	\$ 1,943,178 \$ - \$ 1,94	3,178
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash from operating activities	\$ (719,135) \$ (168,397) \$ (88	7,532)
Depreciation and amortization expense Change in assets, liabilities, and deferred items	117,769 - 11	7,769
Accounts receivable	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	2,167
Accounts payable Accrued payroll		9,042 3,114
Total adjustments		2,092
·		
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ (591,383) \$ (134,057) \$ (72	5,440)
NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Capital assets purchased through accounts and retainage payable Unrealized investment gains/losses	\$ - \$ - \$ 76,033 - 7	6,033
TOTAL NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	\$ 76,033 \$ - \$ 76	6,033

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

PENSION TRUST FUNDS

Police and Firefighters' Pension Trust Funds - to account for the accumulation of retirement and disability benefits as required by state statute. Resources are contributed by employees at rates fixed by law and by the City determined by an actuarial study.

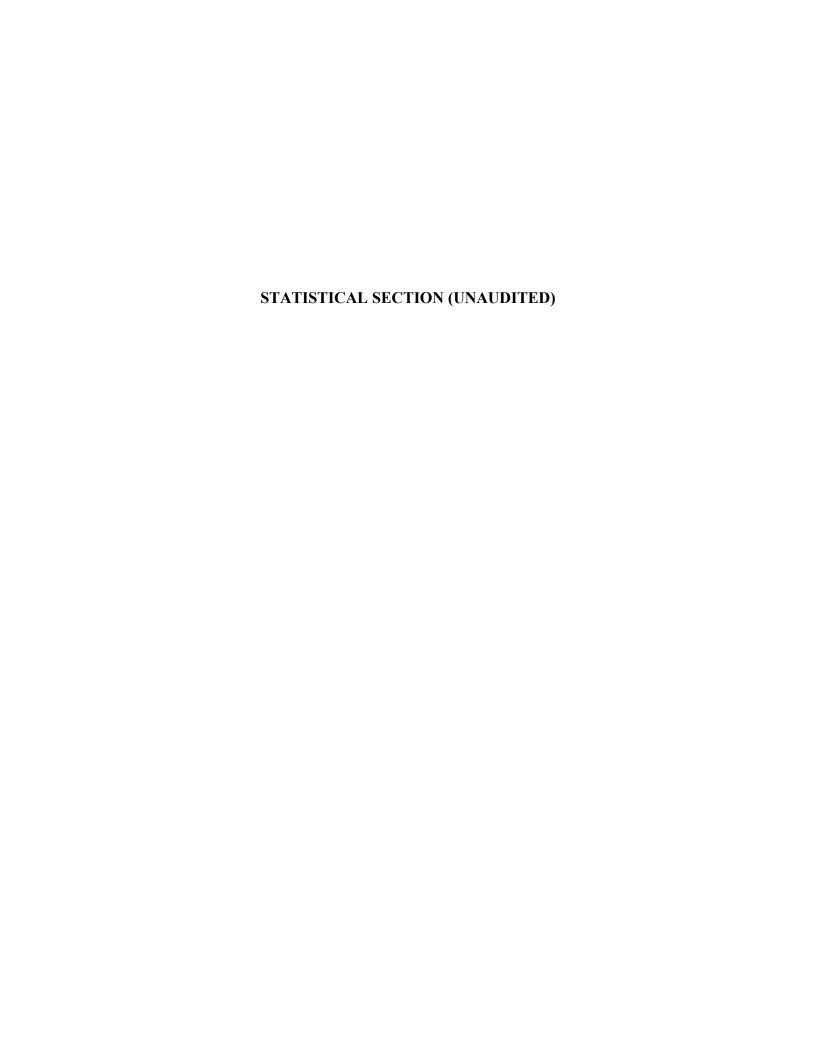
COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS

December 31, 2024

	Police Pension		Firefighters' Pension			Total
ASSETS						
Cash and short-term investments	\$	156,463	\$	1,844,728	\$	2,001,191
Investments held in the Illinois Firefighters' Pension Investment Fund Investments held in the Illinois		-		267,255,156		267,255,156
Police Officers' Pension Investment Fund		266,030,547		-		266,030,547
Total investments		266,030,547		267,255,156		533,285,703
Due from municipality		8,379		8,379		16,758
Prepaids		825		17,804		18,629
Total assets		266,196,214		269,126,067		535,322,281
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		2,245		4,641		6,886
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS	\$	266,193,969	\$	269,121,426	\$	535,315,395

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS

	Police	Firefighters' Pension		Т-4-1
	 Pension		Pension	Total
ADDITIONS				
Contributions				
Employer	\$ 8,898,247	\$	11,159,411	\$ 20,057,658
Employee	2,256,809		2,136,490	4,393,299
Other	 1,163,296		-	1,163,296
Total contributions	 12,318,352		13,295,901	25,614,253
Investment income				
Net appreciation in fair				
value of investments	21,833,106		21,345,084	43,178,190
Interest and dividends	1,476,465		5,053,051	6,529,516
Total investment income	23,309,571		26,398,135	49,707,706
Less investment expense	 147,076		322,580	469,656
Net investment income	 23,162,495		26,075,555	49,238,050
Other income	 		279	279
Total additions	35,480,847		39,371,735	74,852,582
DEDUCTIONS				
Pension benefits	13,703,923		13,600,428	27,304,351
Refunds of contributions	33,695		-	33,695
Administrative expense	61,039		97,345	158,384
- Laminovian (Company)	 01,000		27,610	100,00
Total deductions	 13,798,657		13,697,773	27,496,430
NET INCREASE	21,682,190		25,673,962	47,356,152
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS				
January 1	 244,511,779		243,447,464	487,959,243
December 31	\$ 266,193,969	\$	269,121,426	\$ 535,315,395



STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

This part of the City of Naperville, Illinois' annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	Page(s)
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	136-145
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	146-152
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	153-156
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	157-158
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	159-161

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial report for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year		2015*	2016	2017	2018	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	420,617 \$	425,260 \$	411,982 \$	413,491	
Restricted		9,635	7,993	17,301	16,902	
Unrestricted		(87,728)	(86,883)	(83,615)	(91,112)	
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	342,524 \$	346,370 \$	345,668 \$	339,281	
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	426,461 \$	422,141 \$	416,692 \$	406,121	
Restricted		-	-	-	-	
Unrestricted		8,693	18,661	34,704	53,107	
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	\$	435,154 \$	440,802 \$	451,396 \$	459,228	
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	847,078 \$	847,401 \$	828,674 \$	819,612	
Restricted		9,635	7,993	17,301	16,902	
Unrestricted		(79,035)	(68,222)	(48,911)	(38,005)	
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$	777,678 \$	787,172 \$	797,064 \$	798,509	

^{*}The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 as of December 31, 2015.

Data Source

Audited Financial Statements

2019	2020	2021		2022		2023	2024
 2017	2020	2021	2022		2023	2024	
\$ 409,050 19,684 (87,250)	\$ 392,642 20,950 (63,176)	\$ 402,305 25,029 (26,631)	\$	409,406 31,203 (24,654)	\$	424,682 35,870 (2,714)	\$ 446,600 37,680 (33,612)
\$ 341,484	\$ 350,416	\$ 400,703	\$	415,955	\$	457,838	\$ 450,668
\$ 394,245	\$ 401,728	\$ 406,088	\$	402,320	\$	422,722	\$ 429,155
66,627	- 66,866	77,025		66,966		61,844	63,449
\$ 460,872	\$ 468,594	\$ 483,113	\$	469,286	\$	484,566	\$ 492,604
\$ 803,295 19,684 (20,623)	\$ 794,370 20,950 3,690	\$ 808,393 25,029 50,394	\$	811,726 31,203 42,312	\$	847,404 35,870 59,130	\$ 875,755 37,680 29,837
\$ 802,356	\$ 819,010	\$ 883,816	\$	885,241	\$	942,404	\$ 943,272

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year		2015	2016		2017	2018	
EVDENCEC							
EXPENSES Governmental activities							
	\$	11,331	\$ 14,918	\$	15,250	\$ 14.72	25
General government Physical environment	Ф	6,784	9,996		10,376	10,39	
•		63,792			74,934		
Public safety Culture and recreation			78,039			87,69 8,53	
		4,846	7,516		8,366		
Transportation		25,941	37,830		48,964	41,11	
Interest on long-term debt		2,512	3,524		3,122	3,08	37
Total governmental activities expenses		115,206	151,823		161,012	165,54	45
Business-type activities							
Electric		103,759	151,588		150,148	154,47	74
Water and wastewater		41,990	56,926		60,591	64,49	€
Burlington commuter parking		905	1,770		1,423	1,90	ე7
Solid waste		-	-		-	-	
Total business-type activities expenses		146,654	210,284		212,162	220,87	75
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT EXPENSES	\$	261,860	\$ 362,107	\$	373,174	\$ 386,42	20
PROGRAM REVENUES							
Governmental activities							
Charges for services							
General government	\$	4,133	\$ 13,151	\$	12,252	\$ 13,48	25
Physical environment	φ	1,357	2,215		2,401	2,14	
Public safety		5,021	8,081		10,448	12,23	
Culture and recreation		3,021	467		538		32 39
		164					
Transportation Operating grants and contributions		104	195		129	1.	51
General government							
Physical environment		1,003	1,737		968	1,55	58
Public safety		1,731	1,185		899	1,13	35
Culture and recreation		-	-		-	-	
Transportation		-	38		361	31	16
Interest on long-term debt		-	-		-	_	
Capital grants and contributions							
Transportation		2,541	3,736		3,679	3,81	14
Total governmental activities program revenues		16,251	30,805		31,675	35,27	73
Business-type activities							
Charges for services							
Electric		96,128	155,122		157,317	162,77	71
Water and wastewater		35,071	51,004		53,627	58,75	
Burlington commuter parking		1,473	2,298		2,528	2,39	
Solid waste		1,4/3	2,290		2,320	2,3	12
Operating grants and contributions		-	-		-	-	
Electric		-	(18)	-	-	
Water and wastewater		235	224		307	26	67
Burlington commuter parking		-	-		-	-	
Capital grants and contributions							
Electric		2,226	3,157		4,070	3,86	69
Water and wastewater		931	1,778		1,978	1,43	
Total business-type activities program revenues		136,064	213,565		219,827	229,49	
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT PROGRAM REVENUES	\$		\$ 244,370			\$ 264,76	
			•		•		_

\$ 15,957 11,706 95,907 8,452 47,730	\$ 14,855 12,823 84,571 9,656 46,544	\$ 9,081 14,098 82,521		2	2023		2024
11,706 95,907 8,452 47,730	12,823 84,571 9,656	14,098					
11,706 95,907 8,452 47,730	12,823 84,571 9,656	14,098					
11,706 95,907 8,452 47,730	12,823 84,571 9,656	14,098					
95,907 8,452 47,730	84,571 9,656			3,356 \$	22,308	\$	45,851
8,452 47,730	9,656			1,241 1,748	12,577 102,489		13,601
47,730		9,646			9,443		124,883 10,596
		34,533),430 7,642	41,334		35,651
2,790	2,864	2,602		2,257	2,097		1,946
		, i					
182,542	171,313	152,481	192	2,674	190,248		232,528
154 110	152 679	146 924	15/	1 575	141.720		152 102
154,110	152,678	146,824		1,575	141,720		152,192
64,141	63,845	60,580		1,303	67,319		69,498
2,289	2,228 6,841	1,694 7,124		1,166 7,331	1,253 7,572		1,888 7,810
	0,041	7,124		,,,,,,,,	1,312		7,010
220,540	225,592	216,222	234	1,375	217,864		231,388
\$ 403,082	\$ 396,905	\$ 368,703	\$ 427	7,049 \$	408,112	\$	463,916
. 14.500	A 6070	A 2.755		7. C 4 7 . O	7 000	•	0.040
\$ 14,699	\$ 6,972	\$ 7,755		7,647 \$	7,909	\$	9,040
2,176	1,876	2,484		1,954	1,932		3,016
14,853	11,854	17,005	17	7,620	16,967		16,758
536	54	563		434	468		568
127	89	87		102	134		164
1,083	1,228	1,909	1	1,664	2,714		696
1,473	8,565	1,350		1,160	1,314		1,736
-	39	-		-	-		-
41	702	213		738	105		1,187
-	-	-		-	-		-
4,872	8,945	9,252	ç	9,205	6,938		7,620
39,860	40,324	40,618	40),524	38,481		40,785
150,322	150,717	147,253	143	2,739	138,541		142,197
60,242	65,129	69,019),543	75,799		78,105
2,369	1,062	951		1,175	1,069		1,169
-	6,753	7,033		7,255	7,476		7,642
	100						4
143	100 785	493		-	-		4
-	-	-		-	-		-
3,322	2,396	3,352	1	1,749	4,197		4,011
1,080	1,456	1,436		970	839		1,128
217,478	228,398	229,537	224	1,431	227,921		234,256
\$ 257,338	\$ 268,722	\$ 270,155	\$ 264	1,955 \$	266,402	\$	275,041

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (Continued)

Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

Business-type activities (10,590) 3,281 7,665 8,616 TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	Fiscal Year	2015	2016	2017	2018
Business-type activities	NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE				
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE S (109,545) \$ (117,337) \$ (121,672) \$ (121,656) GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER CHANGES IN NET POSITION Governmental activities Taxes Property S 34,849 \$ 33,355 \$ 34,129 \$ 16,008 Real estate transfer 3,537 \$ 5,221 \$ 5,506 \$ 4,665 Food and beverage 2,835 \$ 4,955 \$ 3,907 \$ 5,335 Hotelymotel** Butter and the second of the	Governmental activities	\$ (98,955) \$	(121,018) \$	(129,337) \$	(130,272)
STATEST STAT	Business-type activities	 (10,590)	3,281	7,665	8,616
STATEST STAT	TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT				
CHANGES IN NET POSITION Taxes Ta		\$ (109,545) \$	(117,737) \$	(121,672) \$	(121,656)
Taxes	GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER				
Taxes 34,849 \$ 33,855 \$ 34,129 \$ 34,495 Property \$ 34,819 \$ 15,137 \$ 15,399 \$ 16,008 Real estate transfer \$ 3,537 \$ 5,221 \$ 5,506 4,665 Food and beverage \$ 2,835 \$ 4,955 \$ 3,907 \$ 5,335 Hotel/motel** \$ 2,835 \$ 4,955 \$ 3,907 \$ 5,335 Hotel/motel** \$ 2,835 \$ 4,955 \$ 3,907 \$ 5,335 Hotel/motel** \$ 2,162 \$ 3,230 \$ 3,423 \$ 3,097 Other** \$ 3,448 \$ 4,313 \$ 6,049 \$ 4,442 Franchise fees \$ 2,162 \$ 3,230 \$ 3,423 \$ 3,097 Intergovernmental - unrestricted \$ 2,162 \$ 3,230 \$ 3,423 \$ 3,097 Intergovernmental - unrestricted \$ 2,189 \$ 44,355 \$ 46,082 \$ 49,249 Income taxes \$ 9,925 \$ 13,809 \$ 13,012 \$ 13,617 Replacement taxes **** \$ 2 \$ 2 \$ 2 \$ 2 \$ 2 \$ 2 \$ 2	CHANGES IN NET POSITION				
Property	Governmental activities				
Utility 10,108 15,137 15,399 16,008 Real estate transfer 3,337 5,221 5,506 4,605 Food and beverage 2,835 4,955 3,907 5,335 Hotel/motel** - - - - - - Gas** -	Taxes				
Real estate transfer 3,537 5,221 5,506 4,665 Food and beverage 2,835 4,955 3,907 5,335 Gas** - - - - - Other** 3,448 4,313 6,049 4,442 Franchise fees 2,162 3,230 3,423 3,097 Intergovernmental - unrestricted 3,216 3,230 3,423 3,097 Intergovernmental - unrestricted 2,162 3,230 3,423 3,097 Intergovernmental - unrestricted 2,189 44,355 46,082 49,249 Income taxes 9,925 13,809 13,029 13,619 Replacement taxes*** - - - - - American Rescue Plan Act grant -	Property	\$ 34,849 \$	33,355 \$	34,129 \$	34,495
Real estate transfer 3,537 5,221 5,506 4,665 Food and beverage 2,835 4,955 3,907 5,335 Gas** - - - - - Other** 3,448 4,313 6,049 4,442 Franchise fees 2,162 3,230 3,423 3,097 Intergovernmental - unrestricted 3,216 3,230 3,423 3,097 Intergovernmental - unrestricted 2,162 3,230 3,423 3,097 Intergovernmental - unrestricted 2,189 44,355 46,082 49,249 Income taxes 9,925 13,809 13,029 13,619 Replacement taxes*** - - - - - American Rescue Plan Act grant -	* *	10,108	15,137	15,399	16,008
Hotel/motel**	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3,537	5,221	5,506	4,665
Hotel/motel**	Food and beverage	2.835	4.955	3.907	5,335
Gas** . <td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td> <td>· ·</td> <td>*</td> <td></td> <td></td>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· ·	*		
Other** 3,448 4,313 6,049 4,442 Franchise fees 2,162 3,230 3,423 3,097 Intergovernmental - unrestricted 2,162 3,230 3,423 3,097 Sales taxes 25,189 44,355 46,082 49,249 Income taxes 9,925 13,809 13,029 13,617 Replacement taxes*** - </td <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td>		_	_	_	_
Franchise fees 2,162 3,230 3,423 3,097 Intergovernmental - unrestricted 325,189 44,355 46,082 49,249 Sales taxes 25,189 44,355 46,082 49,249 Income taxes 9,925 13,809 13,029 13,617 Replacement taxes*** -		3.448	4.313	6.049	4.442
Intergovernmental - unrestricted Sales taxes 25,189 44,355 46,082 49,249 10,000 10,000 13,009 13,019 13,017 13,017 13,009 13,029 13,017 13,017 13,009 13,029 13,017 13,017 13,009 13,029 13,017 13,017 13,009 13,029 13,017 13,017 13,009 13,029 13,017 13,017 13,009 13,029 13,017 13,019 13,029					,
Sales taxes 25,189 44,355 46,082 49,249 Income taxes 9,925 13,809 13,029 13,617 Replacement taxes**** - <td></td> <td>-,</td> <td>-,</td> <td>-,</td> <td>-,</td>		-,	-,	-,	-,
Income taxes	<u> </u>	25 189	44 355	46.082	49 249
Replacement taxes*** -		- ,		- ,	
American Rescue Plan Act grant - <th< td=""><td></td><td>*</td><td>,</td><td>,</td><td>,</td></th<>		*	,	,	,
Net investment income (loss) 198 (109) 355 636 Miscellaneous 609 597 756 652 Transfers - - - - - Total governmental activities 92,860 124,863 128,635 132,196 Business-type activities 137 310 580 546 Miscellaneous revenues 1,189 2,057 2,351 1,885 Transfers - - - - - Total business-type activities 1,326 2,367 2,931 2,431 TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT 94,186 127,230 131,566 134,627 CHANGE IN NET POSITION Governmental activities (6,095) 3,845 (702) 1,924 Business-type activities 9,264 5,648 10,596 11,047 TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	•		_	_	_
Miscellaneous 609 597 756 652 Transfers - - - - - Total governmental activities 92,860 124,863 128,635 132,196 Business-type activities 137 310 580 546 Miscellaneous revenues 1,189 2,057 2,351 1,885 Transfers - - - - - - Total business-type activities 1,326 2,367 2,931 2,431 TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT \$ 94,186 \$ 127,230 \$ 131,566 \$ 134,627 CHANGE IN NET POSITION S (6,095) \$ 3,845 (702) \$ 1,924 Business-type activities \$ (6,095) \$ 3,845 \$ (702) \$ 1,924 TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT (9,264) 5,648 10,596 11,047	<u>o</u>				
Transfers -	` '		` /		
Total governmental activities 92,860 124,863 128,635 132,196					
Business-type activities Net investment income (loss) Miscellaneous revenues 1,189 2,057 2,351 1,885 Transfers 1,326 2,367 2,931 2,431 TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT Sovernmental activities 4,6,095 8,3,845 8,702 8,13,264 1,0,596 11,047 TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	Transicis	 	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Net investment income (loss) 137 310 580 546 Miscellaneous revenues 1,189 2,057 2,351 1,885 Transfers - <td>Total governmental activities</td> <td> 92,860</td> <td>124,863</td> <td>128,635</td> <td>132,196</td>	Total governmental activities	 92,860	124,863	128,635	132,196
Miscellaneous revenues 1,189 2,057 2,351 1,885 Transfers -<	Business-type activities				
Transfers -	Net investment income (loss)	137	310	580	546
Total business-type activities 1,326 2,367 2,931 2,431 TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT \$ 94,186 \$ 127,230 \$ 131,566 \$ 134,627 CHANGE IN NET POSITION Governmental activities \$ (6,095) \$ 3,845 \$ (702) \$ 1,924 Business-type activities (9,264) 5,648 10,596 11,047 TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	Miscellaneous revenues	1,189	2,057	2,351	1,885
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT \$ 94,186 \$ 127,230 \$ 131,566 \$ 134,627 CHANGE IN NET POSITION Governmental activities \$ (6,095) \$ 3,845 \$ (702) \$ 1,924 Business-type activities \$ (9,264) 5,648 10,596 11,047 TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	Transfers	 -	-	-	-
CHANGE IN NET POSITION Governmental activities \$ (6,095) \$ 3,845 \$ (702) \$ 1,924 Business-type activities (9,264) 5,648 10,596 11,047 TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	Total business-type activities	 1,326	2,367	2,931	2,431
Sovernmental activities \$ (6,095) \$ 3,845 \$ (702) \$ 1,924	TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 94,186 \$	127,230 \$	131,566 \$	134,627
Sovernmental activities \$ (6,095) \$ 3,845 \$ (702) \$ 1,924	CHANGE IN NET POSITION				
Business-type activities (9,264) 5,648 10,596 11,047 TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT		\$ (6,095) \$	3,845 \$	(702) \$	1.924
CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ (15,359) \$ 9,493 \$ 9,894 \$ 12,971	TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT				
	CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ (15,359) \$	9,493 \$	9,894 \$	12,971

^{*}The City moved the Solid Waste Fund from governmental activities to business-type activities as of December 31, 2020.

Data Source

Audited Financial Statements

^{**}The City began presenting hotel/motel taxes and gas taxes separately from other taxes during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021.

^{***}The City began presenting replacement taxes separately from other taxes during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024.

 2019	2020*	2021	2022	2023	2024
\$ (130,272) \$ 8,616	(142,682) \$ (3,062)	(111,863) \$ 13,315	(152,150) \$ (9,944)	(151,767) \$ 10,057	(191,743) 2,868
\$ (121,656) \$	(145,744) \$	(98,548) \$	(162,094) \$	(141,710) \$	(188,875)
\$ 36,555 \$ 15,775 4,845 5,480 4,867 3,119	38,312 \$ 14,764 4,265 3,812 3,385 2,909	40,828 \$ 14,930 7,425 5,692 1,567 2,290 999 2,962	41,483 \$ 16,208 6,638 6,557 1,597 2,392 2,136 2,860	41,745 \$ 15,185 4,027 7,128 1,922 2,401 1,408 2,655	43,374 14,241 4,814 7,321 1,789 2,405 427 2,522
54,348 15,694	52,044 16,023	66,900 19,493 -	69,549 24,367 -	72,050 23,884 - 13,309	74,981 25,395 596
3,390 831	3,941 450	(1,909) 972 -	(7,397) 1,032	6,979 957 -	6,200 908 (400)
 144,904	139,905	162,149	167,422	193,650	184,573
2,810 1,896	3,366 1,550	(958) 2,162	(5,647) 1,764	3,059 2,165	2,227 2,544 400
4,706	4,916	1,204	(3,883)	5,224	5,171
\$ 149,610 \$	144,821 \$	163,353 \$	163,539 \$	198,874 \$	189,744
\$ 14,632 \$ 13,322	(2,777) \$ 1,854	50,286 \$ 14,519	15,272 \$ (13,827)	41,883 \$ 15,281	(7,170) 8,039
\$ 27,954 \$	(923) \$	64,805 \$	1,445 \$	57,164 \$	869

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year		2015	2016	2017		2018	
GENERAL FUND							
Nonspendable	\$	13	\$ 32	\$	529	\$	522
Restricted		-	-		-		-
Assigned		-	-		-		-
Unassigned		28,358	26,826		27,884		27,754
TOTAL GENERAL FUND	\$	28,371	\$ 26,858	\$	28,413	\$	28,276
ALL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS							
Nonspendable	\$	38	\$ 35	\$	-	\$	-
Restricted		8,772	15,723		19,906		22,057
Committed		1,268	638		858		893
Assigned		5,780	12,076		12,455		18,502
Unassigned (deficit)		(763)	(576)		(543)		(474)
TOTAL ALL OTHER							
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$	15,095	\$ 27,896	\$	32,676	\$	40,978

Data Source

Audited Financial Statements

	2019		2020		2021		2022	2023	2024
	2017		2020		2021		2022	2020	2021
\$	521	\$	521	\$	446	\$	360	\$ 512	\$ 421
·	-	·	-	·	-	·	62	217	488
	-		-		-		-	-	-
	33,666		37,482		51,542		66,497	79,047	84,565
\$	34,187	\$	38,003	\$	51,988	\$	66,919	\$ 79,776	\$ 85,474
\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
	19,684		22,532		25,029		31,141	35,653	37,193
	891		1,097		1,430		1,852	2,478	2,994
	25,410		36,177		36,693		32,449	40,255	26,121
	(803)		(989)		(770)		(678)	(512)	(420)
\$	45,182	\$	58,817	\$	62,382	\$	64,764	\$ 77,874	\$ 65,888

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year	2015	2016	2017	2018
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 54,777 \$	63,391 \$	64,990 \$	64,944
Intergovernmental	40,368	64,221	64,462	68,323
Charges for services	9,138	18,741	21,290	24,539
Licenses and permits	1,421	2,685	3,006	2,763
Fines and forfeitures	1,162	1,659	1,473	1,276
Franchise fees	2,173	3,247	3,423	3,097
Contributions	280	413	556	1,239
Investment income	201	(125)	338	615
Miscellaneous	 609	597	756	652
Total revenues	 110,129	154,829	160,294	167,448
EXPENDITURES				
General government	7,737	12,091	12,482	12,064
Physical environment	5,655	8,269	8,247	8,591
Public safety	50,462	72,028	73,845	78,263
Culture and recreation	4,422	6,652	7,302	7,145
Transportation	17,879	28,115	26,443	27,198
Capital outlay	24,743	21,896	19,060	19,306
Debt service				
Principal	9,448	6,920	10,654	10,613
Interest	4,027	3,811	3,306	3,274
Other charges	 -	-	-	-
Total expenditures	 124,373	159,782	161,339	166,454
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	 (14,244)	(4,953)	(1,045)	994
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	8,950	5,089	4,594	2,331
Transfers (out)	(8,950)	(5,089)	(4,594)	(2,331)
Note issuance	-	-	-	-
Lease issuance	-	-	-	-
SBITA issuance	-	-	-	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	(35,679)	-	-
Bonds issued, at par	-	14,334	6,980	4,640
Refunding bonds issued	-	33,900	-	-
Premium on bonds issued	-	2,919	179	261
Sale of capital assets	 -	769	221	2,270
Total other financing sources (uses)	 -	16,243	7,380	7,171
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (14,244) \$	11,290 \$	6,335 \$	8,165
DEBT SERVICE AS A PERCENTAGE OF NONCAPITAL EXPENDITURES	13.67%	7.85%	9.21%	9.05%
OI HOROM HIME EM EMPHUNES	 13.01/0	1.03/0	7.21/0	7.03/0

Data Source

Audited Financial Statements.

 2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
\$ 67,521 \$	64,538 \$	73,734 \$	77,015 \$	73,817 \$	74,371
77,192	86,904	98,201	105,670	118,074	111,525
27,890	18,041	23,818	24,135	23,990	25,146
2,970	2,006	3,060	2,503	2,326	3,116
1,385	1,012	1,286	1,301	1,324	1,285
3,119	2,909	2,962	2,860	2,655	2,522
464	427	645	831	2,010	387
3,352	3,868	(1,840)	(7,397)	6,979	6,200
 832	450	972	1,032	957	908
184,725	180,155	202,838	207,950	232,132	225,460
12,510	13,713	15,184	15,905	20,506	21,714
8,110	8,422	9,688	9,604	9,703	10,035
81,088	90,104	91,485	93,806	96,533	105,467
7,360	7,456	7,441	8,112	8,447	9,912
28,759	21,762	23,632	23,546	25,312	26,001
23,263	24,241	25,020	27,547	39,000	48,962
10,485	10,233	9,943	9,550	11,951	10,488
3,019	3,042	2,893	2,545	2,263	2,107
 -	-	-	-	-	-
174,594	178,973	185,286	190,615	213,715	234,686
10,131	1,182	17,552	17,335	18,417	(9,226)
6,911	4,886	3,667	4,502	4,468	4,693
(6,911)	(4,886)	(3,667)	(4,502)	(4,468)	(5,093)
-	-	-	-	2,894	-
-	-	-	-	-	148
-	-	-	-	4,655	3,176
-	(4,777)	-	-	-	-
-	15,225	-	-	-	-
-	4,465	-	-	-	-
-	1,338	-	-	-	14
 -	_	-	-	-	-
 -	16,251	-	-	7,549	2,938
\$ 10,131 \$	17,433 \$	17,552 \$	17,335 \$	25,966 \$	(6,288)
	·	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
8.19%	7.75%	7.77%	7.04%	7.70%	6.29%
 //		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		0,0	

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TAX REVENUE BY SOURCE

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Amounts expressed in thousands)

	In	tergovernmental	Taxes		_				
Fiscal Year	Sales and Use Tax	State Income Tax	Total Intergovernmental Taxes	Property Tax	Utility Tax	Other Tax			Total
2015	\$ 25,189	\$ 9,925	\$ 35,114	\$ 34,849	\$ 10,108	\$ 9,820	\$ 54,777	\$	89,891
2016	44,355	13,809	58,164	33,355	15,137	14,489	62,981		121,145
2017	46,082	13,029	59,111	34,129	15,399	15,462	64,990		124,101
2018	49,249	13,617	62,866	34,495	16,008	14,442	64,945		127,811
2019	54,348	15,694	70,042	36,555	15,775	15,192	67,522		137,564
2020	52,044	16,023	68,067	38,312	14,764	11,462	64,538		132,605
2021	66,900	19,493	86,393	40,828	14,930	14,116	69,874		156,267
2022	69,549	24,367	93,916	41,483	16,208	15,331	73,022		166,938
2023	72,050	23,884	95,934	41,745	15,185	12,563	69,493		165,427
2024	74,981	25,395	100,376	43,374	14,241	12,562	70,177		170,553

Data Source

Audited Financial Statements

ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

Last Ten Levy Years

Levy Year	Residential Property	Farm Property	Commercial and Industrial Property	Railroad Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Percent of Assessed Value
2014	\$ 4,917,955,140	\$ 215,985	\$ 1,071,651,247	\$ 2,731,565	\$ 5,992,553,937	\$ 0.8082	\$ 17,977,661,811	33.333%
2015	5,056,340,567	190,521	1,219,286,607	2,838,480	6,278,656,175	0.7392	18,835,968,525	33.333%
2016	5,384,396,867	130,047	1,279,947,209	3,194,886	6,667,669,009	0.7004	20,003,007,027	33.333%
2017	5,615,923,169	233,148	1,332,878,028	3,535,883	6,952,570,228	0.6815	20,857,710,684	33.333%
2018	5,951,453,369	359,566	1,263,550,068	4,322,495	7,219,685,498	0.6870	21,659,056,494	33.333%
2019	6,024,168,661	454,951	1,421,814,242	5,015,287	7,451,453,141	0.6937	22,354,359,423	33.333%
2020	6,320,681,261	348,611	1,452,597,887	6,014,713	7,779,642,472	0.6949	23,338,927,416	33.333%
2021	6,450,203,140	239,651	1,465,176,271	7,133,537	7,922,752,599	0.6887	23,768,257,797	33.333%
2022	6,813,223,558	254,185	1,506,874,967	8,353,467	8,328,706,177	0.6647	24,986,118,531	33.333%
2023	7,245,606,398	102,091	1,409,987,561	8,763,417	8,664,459,467	0.6454	25,993,378,401	33.333%

Note: Property in the City is reassessed each year. Property is assessed at 33% of actual value.

Data Source

PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS

Last Ten Levy Years

		-04-	•04.5		•040	•040				
Levy Year	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
CITY DIRECT RATES										
General Corporate	0.0803	0.1060	0.0789	0.0188	0.0439	0.0739	0.0850	0.0852	0.0841	0.0905
Naperville Public Library	0.2481	0.2288	0.2119	0.2119	0.2055	0.2025	0.1939	0.1935	0.1919	0.1856
Police Pension	0.0845	0.0938	0.0917	0.0961	0.0911	0.0913	0.0949	0.0950	0.0953	0.0913
Firefighters' Pension	0.0846	0.0945	0.1023	0.1218	0.1177	0.1241	0.1266	0.1269	0.1203	0.1168
Bond and Interest - General										
Obligation Bond	0.2153	0.1249	0.1297	0.1538	0.1591	0.1283	0.1224	0.1107	0.0984	0.0947
Illinois Municipal Retirement	0.0460	0.0441	0.0415	0.0369	0.0305	0.0356	0.0357	0.0280	0.0247	0.0224
Naper Settlement	0.0494	0.0471	0.0444	0.0422	0.0392	0.0380	0.0364	0.0494	0.0500	0.0441
Total direct rates	0.8082	0.7392	0.7004	0.6815	0.6870	0.6937	0.6949	0.6887	0.6647	0.6454
OVERLAPPING RATES										
Naperville Park District	0.3397	0.3317	0.3195	0.3162	0.3149	0.3060	0.2931	0.3013	0.3002	0.2967
Unit School #203	5.4756	5.3549	5.0547	5.0062	4.9259	4.9672	4.8841	4.9142	4.9580	4.9989
Unit School #204	6.0149	5.8505	5.6004	5.4967	5.4589	5.3600	5.2956	5.1346	5.3308	5.1967
College of DuPage #502	0.2975	0.2786	0.2626	0.2431	0.2317	0.2112	0.2114	0.2034	0.1946	0.1907
DuPage Forest Preserve	0.1691	0.1622	0.1514	0.1306	0.1278	0.1242	0.1205	0.1177	0.1130	0.1076
DuPage Airport Authority	0.0196	0.0188	0.0176	0.0166	0.0146	0.0141	0.0148	0.0144	0.1390	0.0132
DuPage County	0.2057	0.1971	0.1848	0.1749	0.1673	0.1655	0.1609	0.1587	0.1428	0.1473
Will County	0.6210	0.6408	0.6182	0.5986	0.5927	0.5842	0.5788	0.5761	0.5620	0.5481
Lisle Township	0.0561	0.0553	0.0528	0.0512	0.0496	0.0428	0.0393	0.0407	0.0411	0.0411
Naperville Township	0.0413	0.0452	0.0435	0.0426	0.0424	0.0419	0.0414	0.0417	0.0412	0.0562
Wheatland Township	0.0378	0.0336	0.0737	0.0738	0.0738	0.0725	0.0727	0.0725	0.0725	0.0219

Data Source

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	202	3 Tax Levy		2	014 Tax Levy		
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Valuation	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Valuation	
Tuapuyei	, uiuc	Tunn	, municipal	, uiuc	- Tunin	, minition	
FPA WC Fiftern 98 LLC	\$ 27,441,720	1	0.32%				
Heritage Woods Towers LLC	22,560,120	2	0.26%				
Ryan Pts	21,411,190	3	0.25%				
Friedkin Property Group	21,165,610	4	0.24%				
CF Railyway Muiltfamliy	20,154,800	5	0.23%				
Agellan Warrenville LP	20,041,340	6	0.23%				
BMO Bank NA	18,313,440	7	0.21%				
Inland Private Capital	17,754,330	8	0.20%				
TGM McDowell Place LLC	17,333,160	9	0.20%				
Moran Canyon Owner LLC	16,563,150	10	0.19%				
NS-MPG Inc.				\$ 32,997,130	1	0.55%	
BP-Amoco Oil Company				16,163,620	2	0.27%	
Tellabs Inc.				14,647,500	3	0.24%	
Wells Real Estate Funds				14,227,090	4	0.24%	
Ondeo Nalco Center				13,934,700	5	0.23%	
Agellan Warrenville LP				13,278,140	6	0.22%	
UBS Realty Investors LLC				13,009,000	7	0.22%	
Nicor Gas				11,312,560	8	0.19%	
Amli Residential				11,271,820	9	0.19%	
Banner Property Management	 			10,539,260	10	0.18%	
	\$ 202,738,860		2.33%	\$ 151,380,820		2.53%	

Note: Every effort has been made to seek out and report the largest taxpayers. However, many of the tax payers contain multiple parcels, and it is possible that some parcels and their valuations have been overlooked.

Data Source

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Levy Years

		Collected v Fiscal Year		Collections		Total Collecti	ions to Date
Levy Year		Amount	Percentage of Levy	in Subsequer Years		Amount	Percentage of Levy
2014	\$ 48,431,821	\$ 48,159,391	99.44%	\$ 29,969	\$	48,189,360	99.50%
2015	46,260,521	45,964,584	99.36%	43,167	,	46,007,751	99.45%
2016	48,062,829	47,802,851	99.46%	-		47,802,851	99.46%
2017	47,381,766	47,231,092	99.68%	-		47,231,092	99.68%
2018	49,572,297	49,411,057	99.67%	-		49,411,057	99.67%
2019	51,653,948	51,361,583	99.43%	106,357	•	51,467,940	99.64%
2020	54,060,715	53,734,031	99.40%	100,517	,	53,834,548	99.58%
2021	54,548,152	54,512,380	99.93%	-		54,512,380	99.93%
2022	57,758,836	57,643,130	99.80%	-		57,643,130	99.80%
2023	59,563,052	59,766,005	100.34%	-		59,766,005	100.34%

Note: Property in the City is reassessed each year. Property is assessed at 33% of actual value. Amounts levied and collected include Library Fund and do not include Road and Bridge Fund.

Data Source

SALES TAXES BY CATEGORY

Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
General merchandise	\$ 1,973,827	\$ 1,734,850	\$ 1,682,829	\$ 1,727,680	\$ 1,703,036	\$ 1,614,668	\$ 1,786,154	\$ 1,892,063	\$ 2,083,721	\$ 2,502,399
Food	3,537,170	4,030,651	4,277,657	4,126,200	4,119,877	4,502,795	4,370,417	4,536,041	4,643,368	4,966,795
Drinking and eating places	3,433,778	3,843,978	4,047,681	4,115,550	4,310,007	3,306,793	4,437,113	5,000,516	5,378,268	5,469,503
Apparel	1,152,420	1,210,325	1,203,706	1,174,380	1,155,698	734,756	1,227,069	1,343,490	1,390,685	1,401,589
Furniture, H.H., and radio	2,231,986	1,959,765	1,898,165	1,869,238	1,927,766	1,837,713	2,237,779	1,980,303	1,897,471	1,976,174
Lumber, building hardware	1,709,368	1,667,454	1,694,172	1,739,712	1,747,880	1,920,452	2,407,099	2,490,932	2,138,431	2,018,872
Automobile and filling stations	12,870,415	12,566,087	12,688,204	13,091,973	13,846,632	12,714,540	16,934,243	17,570,813	18,542,451	16,809,292
Drugs and miscellaneous retail	3,205,869	3,904,515	3,904,594	3,561,337	3,753,949	3,717,717	6,827,819	6,195,666	7,190,861	9,817,107
Agriculture and all others	2,576,081	1,866,766	1,997,162	2,220,590	2,223,796	1,917,751	2,282,461	2,753,803	3,455,409	3,641,249
Manufacturers	561,411	534,413	478,725	639,803	710,328	652,495	602,943	841,674	823,679	955,337
TOTAL	\$ 33,252,325	\$ 33,318,804	\$ 33,872,895	\$ 34,266,463	\$ 35,498,969	\$ 32,919,680	\$ 43,113,097	\$ 44,605,301	\$ 47,544,344	\$ 49,558,317
City's direct sales tax rate	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%

Data Source

Illinois Department of Revenue

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING SALES TAX RATES

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	City Direct Rate	City Home Rule Rate	State Rate	Regional Transportation Authority Rate	County Rate
2015	1.00%	0.00%	5.00%	0.75%	0.25%
2016	1.00%	0.50%	5.00%	0.75%	0.25%
2017	1.00%	0.50%	5.00%	0.75%	0.25%
2018	1.00%	0.75%	5.00%	0.75%	0.25%
2019	1.00%	0.75%	5.00%	0.75%	0.25%
2020	1.00%	0.75%	5.00%	0.75%	0.25%
2021	1.00%	0.75%	5.00%	0.75%	0.25%
2022	1.00%	0.75%	5.00%	0.75%	0.25%
2023	1.00%	0.75%	5.00%	0.75%	0.25%
2024	1.00%	0.75%	5.00%	0.75%	0.25%

Data Source

Illinois Department of Revenue

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Governmental

		Activities			Business-Typ	e Activities				
Fiscal	General			General				Total	Percentage	
Year	Obligation	Leases	SBITAs	Obligation	SBITAs	Revenue	IEPA	Primary	of Personal	Per
Ended	Bonds	Payable	Payable	Bonds	Payable	Bonds	Loan	Government	Income*	Capita*
2015	\$ 98,808,280	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 55,863,868	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 154,672,148	2.27%	\$ 1,058.47
2016	109,264,633	-	-	52,899,322	-	-	-	162,163,955	2.38%	1,117.92
2017	105,347,527	-	-	48,126,452	-	-	-	153,473,979	2.19%	1,052.71
2018	99,204,495	-	-	42,862,352	-	-	-	142,066,847	1.92%	963.50
2019	88,275,178	-	-	37,680,584	-	-	-	125,955,762	1.60%	848.48
2020	93,849,312	-	-	33,185,561	-	-	-	127,034,873	1.55%	855.75
2021	83,399,716	97,521	-	28,687,658	-	-	-	112,184,895	1.36%	750.20
2022	73,411,141	74,769	2,240,363	31,373,521	-	-	-	107,099,794	1.16%	718.29
2023	63,170,166	2,637,855	5,056,380	26,104,409	1,295,810	-	-	98,264,620	0.97%	655.38
2024	54,786,341	2,488,090	5,963,895	41,895,358	945,756	-	-	106,079,440	0.99%	706.04

^{*}See the schedule of Demographic and Economic Information for personal income and population data.

Note: Details of the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to financial statements.

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		General Obli	Less: Amounts gation Bonds Available			Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable					
Fiscal Year	Governmental Business-Type		Ser	In Debt Service Funds** Total			Value of Property*		Per Capita		
2015	\$	98,808,280	\$	55,863,868	\$	4,997,000	\$	149,675,148	0.83%	\$	1,024.27
2016		109,264,633		52,899,322		3,169,205		158,994,750	0.84%		1,096.08
2017		105,347,527		48,126,452		3,866,197		149,607,782	0.75%		1,026.19
2018		99,204,495		42,862,352		5,027,970		137,038,877	0.66%		929.40
2019		88,275,178		37,680,584		6,568,618		119,387,144	0.55%		804.23
2020		93,849,312		33,185,561		7,971,512		119,063,361	0.53%		802.05
2021		83,399,716		28,687,658		8,207,346		103,880,028	0.45%		694.66
2022		73,411,141		31,373,521		8,637,934		96,146,728	0.40%		644.83
2023		63,170,166		26,104,409		10,150,295		79,124,280	0.32%		527.72
2024		54,786,341		41,895,358		12,413,829		84,267,870	0.32%		560.87

^{*}See the schedule of Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property on page 147 for property value data.

Note: Details of the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to financial statements.

^{**}Including restricted fund balances of Debt Service Fund, SSA 23, and Downtown Parking Funds, which were set up for paying G.O. Debt.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

December 31, 2024

Governmental Unit	Gross Debt	Percentage Debt Applicable to the City of Naperville (1)	1	City of Naperville's Share of Debt
City of Naperville	\$ 63,238,326	100.00%	\$	63,238,326
School District #200 School District #202 School District #203 School District #204 School District #365 Community College District (COD) #502 Community College District #525 Lisle Park District Naperville Park District Wheaton Park District Will County Will County Forest Preserve DuPage County DuPage County Forest Preserve	85,850,000 68,770,000 3,020,000 74,570,000 149,903,634 87,140,000 89,285,000 3,400,000 18,895,000 8,873,575 325,370,000 89,555,000 73,330,000 50,340,000	0.63% 1.34% 78.89% 60.01% 0.00% 16.51% 0.23% 0.47% 97.53% 0.24% 10.80% 10.80% 12.16%		540,855 921,518 2,382,478 44,749,457 - 14,386,814 205,356 15,980 18,428,294 21,297 35,139,960 9,671,940 8,916,928 6,121,344
	 1,128,302,209	<u>-</u>		141,502,221
	\$ 1,191,540,535	: ;	\$	204,740,547

⁽¹⁾ Determined by ratio of assessed valuation of property subject to taxation in the City of Naperville to valuation of property subject to taxation in overlapping unit.

Data Sources

DuPage County Clerk, Will County Clerk, or Local Government Entity

SCHEDULE OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN

December 31, 2024

Under the 1970 Illinois Constitution, there is no legal limit for home rule municipalities except as set by the General Assembly.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population	Personal Income (amounts expressed in thousands)	Per Capita Personal Income	Median Age	Education Level Bachelor's Degree or Higher (% person 25+)	School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate
2015	146,128	\$ 6,809,272,544	\$ 46,59	8 38.2	65.5%	45,020	4.6
2016	145,058	6,803,945,000	46,90	5 38.6	66.0%	45,071	4.6
2017	145,789	7,018,136,671	48,13	9 38.5	69.6%	44,524	4.0
2018	147,449	7,385,278,063	50,08	7 35.0	67.8%	44,513	3.6
2019	148,449	7,876,852,389	53,06	1 38.7	68.2%	43,952	3.5
2020	148,449	8,198,392,923	55,22	7 40.5	69.9%	42,675	8.7
2021	149,540	8,258,645,580	55,22	7 35.0	69.9%	45,234	3.9
2022	149,104	9,244,597,104	62,00	1 39.1	70.7%	41,696	2.1
2023	149,936	10,151,566,816	67,70	6 39.5	70.9%	41,488	4.2
2024	150,245	10,669,047,695	71,01	1 42.7	71.6%	44,497	4.8

Data Sources

Population:

Per capita income:

Median age:

U.S. Bureau of Census Estimate

School enrollment: Illinois Report Card

Unemployment rate: Illinois Department of Employment Security

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

2024 2015

Employer	Employees	Rank	% of Total City Population	Employer	Employees	Rank	% of Total City Population
							_
Edward Hospital & Health Services	4,940	1	3.29%	Edward Hospital & Health Services	4,700	1	3.22%
Indian Prairie School District 204	3,130	2	2.08%	Alcatel-Lucent	3,400	2	2.33%
Naperville School District 203	2,531	3	1.68%	Indian Prairie School District 204	3,022	3	2.07%
Nicor	2,140	4	1.42%	Naperville School District 203	2,350	4	1.61%
Nalco	1,300	5	0.87%	Nicor Gas	2,140	5	1.46%
BMO Harris	1,250	6	0.83%	BP America	1,800	6	1.23%
Nokia	1,000	7	0.67%	Nalco Co.	1,200	7	0.82%
City of Naperville	965	8	0.64%	BMO Harris	1,000	8	0.68%
KeHE Distribution	673	9	0.45%	City of Naperville	965	9	0.66%
North Central College	625	10	0.42%	Sikich	625	10	0.43%
TOTAL	18,554		12.35%		21,202		14.51%

Data Source

Naperville Development Partnership and Naperville Convention & Visitors Bureau

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Mayor and Council	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Legal	14.00	13.50	13.50	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	10.00	10.00
City Manager's Office	11.12	11.12	10.13	11.63	12.63	13.63	13.63	15.63	15.63	15.63
City Clerk	6.50	8.00	7.25	6.00	6.00	6.00	7.00	8.00	8.00	8.00
Special Events and Cultural	0.62	0.62	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Community Development Block Grant	0.67	0.67	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Information Technology	27.00	27.00	26.00	26.00	30.00	35.00	36.00	38.00	36.00	38.00
Finance	35.63	35.63	33.63	33.13	35.13	35.14	46.13	47.14	49.14	51.14
Human Resources	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	10.00	10.00	12.00
Board of Fire and Police	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-	-
TED Business Group	66.66	68.66	64.00	63.00	63.00	63.00	63.20	64.10	66.30	69.30
Riverwalk Commission	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
Public Works	108.88	109.39	103.63	103.63	100.63	100.63	99.63	99.63	101.13	104.13
Police	275.54	274.90	271.88	268.10	269.12	273.12	265.13	267.13	272.13	278.63
Fire	202.00	202.00	202.00	201.00	201.00	201.00	201.00	201.00	207.00	207.00
Electric Utility	112.00	112.00	106.00	106.00	106.00	103.00	103.00	103.00	103.00	103.00
Water Utility	83.56	83.79	84.50	82.50	83.00	84.00	83.50	85.50	85.50	85.50
TOTAL	965.68	968.78	946.02	933.49	939.01	947.02	950.72	961.63	977.33	995.83

Data Source

City Budget

OPERATING INDICATORS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
PUBLIC SAFETY										
Police (1)										
Physical arrests (DUI)	369	312	266	272	295	240	227	224	183	258
Parking violations	13,582	18,206	17,246	15,488	15,918	5,784	9,004	8,987	9,033	16,226
Traffic violations	12,532	15,831	15,743	15,544	17,763	9,143	11,428	11,081	9,585	19,743
Fire	12,332	13,631	15,745	15,544	17,703	9,143	11,420	11,001	9,363	19,743
	12.070	13,677	14 621	14 502	15 540	14 170	15 029	16.950	17 225	10 100
Emergency responses	12,979	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	14,631	14,583	15,549	14,170	15,938	16,859	17,335	18,198
Fires extinguished	87	106	158	192	199	34	25	20	34	40
PUBLIC WORKS										
Total curbside refuse collected (tons)	36,272	37,405	37,539	36,982	41,227	42,881	40,557	39,195	37,841	38,677
Total curbside recycling collected (tons)	15,872	15,655	15,650	15,503	15,116	14,117	13,368	13,625	13,702	14,268
Snow and ice control events	24	29	17	19	25	17	22	16	13	10
Tons of salt used	11,692	10,908	6,525	9,700	6,344	5,177	12,800	6,243	4,943	6,651
WATER/WASTEWATER (1)										
New connections	342	300	733	290	203	209	159	213	181	233
Water main breaks	68	80	81	84	106	90	119	103	98	100
Average daily consumption	14.10	14.46	41.90	14.65	13.45	14.42	14.85	15.56	14.92	13.50
Peak daily consumption	24.26	25.21	26.20	26.14	26.13	28.83	26.86	26.49	27.16	25.26
Average daily wastewater treated (million gal)	18.16	19.47	26.25	19.74	19.55	20.22	17.28	18.31	17.42	20.00
ELECTRIC (1)	10.10	15.47	20.23	17.74	17.55	20.22	17.20	10.51	17.42	20.00
	328,597	352,640	330,946	343,568	341,992	325,810	340,721	340,744	362,963	347,082
Peak monthly demand	*	*	•			*	,			•
Peak month energy use (million)	143.40	154.60	144.60	145.60	150.70	148.90	146.80	134.34	130.73	129.61

⁽¹⁾ Records for Police, Water/Wastewater, and Electric are maintained on a calendar year basis. The statistics for April 30, 2015 are based on actual from January 1, 2015 to April 30, 2015 and extrapolated for the remainder of the year.

Data Source

Various city departments

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
PUBLIC SAFETY										
Police										
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Area patrols	10	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Patrol units	85	89	89	89	89	95	93	101	104	107
Fire	1.0	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Fire stations	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Front line apparatus (engines and ambulance)	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	20	20
TRANSPORTATION										
Arterial streets (centerline miles)	138	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	102*
Traffic signals	164	165	165	167	168	168	169	169	169	169
PUBLIC WORKS										
Streetlights	11,705	12,080	12,154	12,254	12,665	12,806	12,820	12,919	13,054	13,001
Storm sewers (miles)	895	987	852	855	639	745	745	983	1,086	989
WATER										
Water mains (miles)	714.5	723.2	732.7	735.6	741.0	742.8	747.5	748.2	695.4	699.7
Fire hydrants	9,236	9,378	9,451	9,480	9,522	9,559	9,625	9,641	9,698	9,724
Storage capacity (million gallons)	43.90	43.90	43.90	43.90	43.90	43.90	44.00	43.90	43.90	43.90
Sanitary sewers (miles)	543.28	551.40	553.26	562.31	564.52	565.94	566.00	566.50	569.40	569.26
Treatment capacity (million gallons per day)	26.25	26.25	26.25	26.25	26.25	26.25	26.25	26.25	26.25	26.25
ELECTRIC										
Number of distribution stations	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
Transmission and distribution line mileage										
(excluding secondary distribution)	999.49	1,007.90	1,017.77	1,017.77	1,028.50	1,028.47	1,030.76	1,031.56	1,041.93	1,280.00

^{*}The City performed a data/software clean up of the public works system, which resulted on a revised number of arterial streets.

Data Source

Various city departments.